

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

COUNTY COUNCIL

Steven D. Murdaugh, Chairman Evon Robinson, Sr. Phillip M. Taylor Sr. Gene Whetsell Joseph F. Flowers, MD

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

J. Kevin Griffin

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Dennis E. Averkin

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Colleton County, South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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December 10, 2015

To The Honorable Chairman & Honorable Members of County Council and the Citizens of Colleton County, South Carolina:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Colleton County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework, that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Colleton County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Maudlin & Jenkins, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement presentation; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Colleton County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Colleton County was founded in 1682 through a land grant to Sir John Colleton by King Charles II, of England and was one of the original proprietary counties in the present-day Carolinas. It is located in the Lowcountry region of South Carolina, midway between Charleston, South Carolina and Savannah, Georgia on the I-95 corridor. The County currently occupies a land area of approximately 1,100 square miles and has a population of roughly 38,892 (2014 estimate). The County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The County operates under the Council-Administrator form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of five members. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested with the Council along with passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the County Administrator and County Attorney. The government's Administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the County, and for appointing the heads of various departments. The five Council members are each elected to four-year staggered terms, with three council members elected every two years, and two elected every two years. County elections occur in the spring of even-numbered years.

The County provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, assessment and taxation, corrections, roads and bridges maintenance, recreation, recreational activities, animal and environmental control, cultural events, court services, planning and development services, and economic development.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All departments of Colleton County are required to submit requests for appropriations to the manager on or before the last day in March each year. The County Administrator uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The County Administrator then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review prior to May 15th of each year. The Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 30th, the close of the County's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. Budgetary control (that is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained by the Administrator at the fund level and may be amended as necessary during the fiscal year. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 54 as part of the required supplementary information for governmental funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy

The County's fiscal year 2015 assessable property tax base is \$163,341,500. As reported by the US Census Bureau, per capita income for the County in 2012 was \$18,221 for Colleton County as a whole and \$23,906 for South Carolina. Median household income in the County was \$31,289 compared to \$44,623 for South Carolina.

The U.S. Census Bureau estimated the 2015 population for the Colleton County to be 37,771. For 2015, the U.S. Census Bureau estimates that the overall County population has declined by 3% since 2010. To date, there are approximately 12,500 single family housing units and 7,100 multi-family housing units in Colleton County. Historically, Colleton County has had fairly static growth in population since 1940, but the County has experienced some job growth and has seen significant

new investment over the past two years. The County population base is primarily located within the Walterboro City Census Division (CCD), which had 20,542 persons in 2000, nearly 54% of the total county population. The Hendersonville and Cottageville CCDs totaled 5,996 and 5,365 respectively or almost 30% of the county population in 2000.

Colleton County has 5 interchanges along Interstate 95 with Exits 42, 53, 57, 62, and 68. Two major arterials, US Highway 17 (running north/south) and SC Highway 17A (running north/south) accommodate a majority of the traffic in Colleton County that transits to Charleston, Beaufort, Savannah and Summerville respectively. The County seat, the City of Walterboro, is the economic center of the county and is located midway between exits 53 and 57.

Colleton County has been proactive in attracting new industry to its three industrial parks, the Colleton County Commerce Center, the Airport Industrial Park and the Colleton Venture Park. In the past two years, four new manufacturing industries have re-located to Colleton County creating over 299 jobs and over \$65 million dollars in new investment, thanks in part to a skilled workforce, attractively-priced industrial space and excellent road and airport connectivity. This past year alone, the county has attracted two new industries with a combined investment of over \$6.37 million with 129 jobs. Additionally, the newly-constructed Career Skills Center has been open for business in the Airport Industrial Park that allows employers to train their workforces using incentives provided by "Workforce Training with ReadySC™". Courses taught at this facility include welding, CNC machine operation, and industrial management. The Lowcountry Regional Airport located near Walterboro has a 6,002 ft runway with ILS, GPS, ADS-B Tower and RCO with parallel taxiway. Prospects for industrial development with a heavy focus on exporting are encouraging, due to numerous available Level IV certified Foreign Trade Zone sites combined with interstate, rail or airport access connections. Colleton County is attractively situated approximately 45 miles from the Port of Charleston, South Carolina and 68 miles from the Port of Savannah, Georgia. Economic development remains the chief driver of the County's efforts at improving the quality of life for residents. A major cornerstone of this effort is recent completion of the County's Commerce Center Speculative Building II located at Exit 62 off Interstate 95 which was completed in November, 2014.

Civic uses have also increased in recent years. The County has recently completed construction of one of the most modern multi-field baseball recreation complexes in the state of South Carolina, the ACE Basin Sports Complex, which hosts baseball and softball tournaments that include participants from throughout the Southeast. The County has also purchased and rehabilitated the existing Dogwood Hills Golf Course, which opened for business in July, 2015. The nationally acclaimed, award-winning Colleton Museum and Farmer's market has been a major success in drawing tourists and locals alike to the County also saw the opening of the new Colleton Commercial Kitchen, which provides the physical kitchen infrastructure and training opportunities needed to support, incubate, and educate present and future local food business entrepreneurs in order to assist in the creation of farm-to-table food service business ventures, restaurant start-ups, and commercial food preparation, presentation, and production job opportunities. Located within County limits, The University of South Carolina - Salkehatchie ("USC-Salk") has a four-year university campus established in 1965 as a regional center of the University of South Carolina with over 900 students enrolled. USC-Salkehatchie offers bachelor degrees in Elementary Education, Nursing, Liberal Studies and Organizational Leadership. The 131 bed, acute-care Colleton Medical Center Hospital facility is regionally affiliated with 6-member HCA South Atlantic network and has provided services for over 50 years. Colleton County has significant tourism that includes Edisto Beach and the Ashepoo, Combahee, and Edisto River Basins also known as the ACE Basin. Tourism is vibrant within these areas of the County with abundant recreational and eco-tourism opportunities.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The County closed FY15 with a strong financial position as noted with Moody's rating on Colleton County Government debt which was re-affirmed in September, 2015 at Aa3. Additionally, Standard & Poor's rating on County Debt was also re-affirmed in September, 2015 to AA-. Total fund balance and unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2015 in the General Fund was \$7,013,800 compared to \$7,054,019 in 2014. These figures represent 26% and 24% of total expenditures, respectively. County budget ordinance requires the general fund balance to be 20.3% of total expenditures. As a reference point, 15% is the minimum level of general fund unassigned fund balance recommended by the GFOA in its 2002 and 2009 "Best Practice" bulletins.

Pension Plans

Eligible employees of the County are participants in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and the South Carolina Police Retirement System (PORS), both of which are cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Benefit Association (PEBA). SCRS and PORS provide retirement and disability benefits, cost of living adjustments on an ad-hoc basis, life insurance benefits and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plans' provisions are established under Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A comprehensive annual financial report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System and the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System are issued and publicly available by writing to PEBA, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960. The County adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions which required a restatement of the beginning net position in governmental activities.

Economic Development Goals & Strategies

The County actively promotes quality land use development, provides exceptional educational opportunities to the existing work force, facilitates the expansion of existing businesses, and actively assists/promotes with the location of new industries in Colleton County. The County continues to improve educational and training opportunities to help Colleton County residents improve their job skills and train for new careers. Lastly, the County actively encourages expansion of existing facilities and the location of new industries to help diversify the existing opportunities for employment in Colleton County by working with the 7-member board of the Colleton County Development Board whose mission is to "promote the economic growth of Colleton County through new and expanding manufacturing, distribution, aviation, and healthcare investments which will create quality jobs, improve per-capita income, and broaden the tax base".

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omission, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The County, along with other counties in the state, is insured under the Insurance Reserve Fund. The Insurance Reserve Fund functions as a governmental insurance operation with the mission to provide insurance specifically designed to meet the needs of governmental entities at the lowest possible cost. The Insurance Reserve Fund operates like an insurance company, by issuing policies, collecting premiums (based on actuarially calculated rates), and by paying claims from the accumulated premiums in accordance with the terms and conditions of the insurance policies it has issued. The Insurance Reserve Fund uses Towers Watson, as its consulting actuaries in determining rates, IBNR reserves, adequacy of loss reserves, and adequacy of policyholders' equity in making management recommendations to the Budget and Control Board regarding the financial management of the Fund.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. In 2014, the County was awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report will conform to certificate of achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report would not have been possible without the assistance of the Finance Department staff, as well as the staff of the County Treasurer, County Auditor, County Assessor, Fire-Rescue Commission, and the Planning & Development department. The hard work and dedication of these individuals significantly contributed to the completion of this document. Moreover, the support and leadership of the County Council have been instrumental in the development of this project.

Sincerely,

Dennis E. Averkin Chief Financial Officer J. Kevin Griffin County Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

Colleton County South Carolina

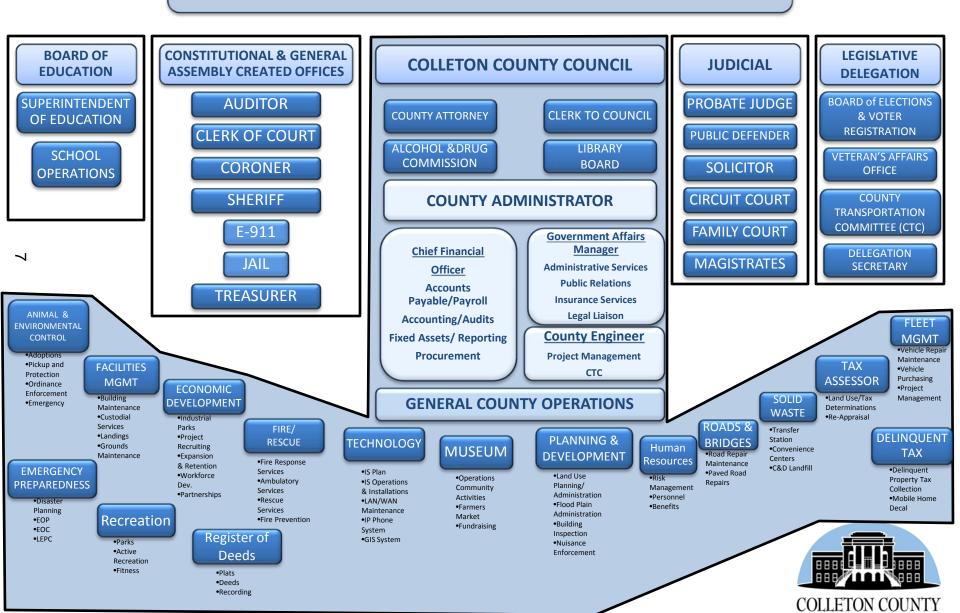
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

COLLETON COUNTY VOTERS

COLLETON COUNTY GOVERNMENT



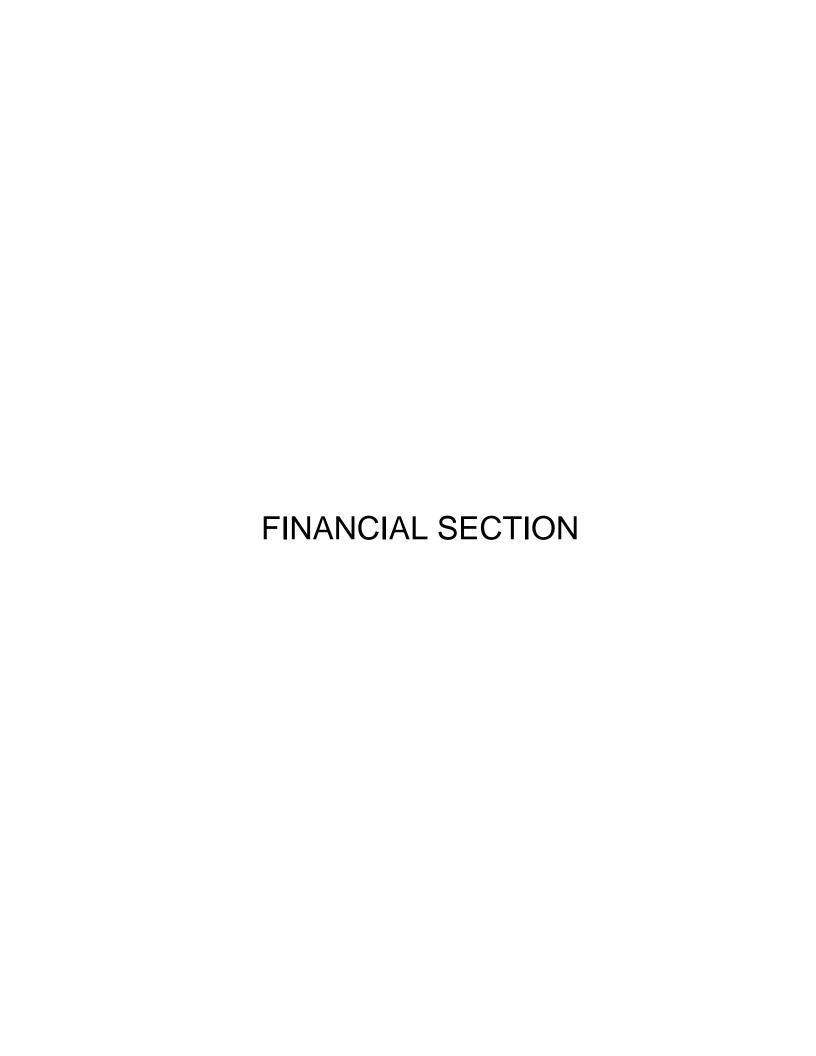
COLLETON COUNTY SOUTH CAROLINA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2015

NAME

TITLE

Chairman Steven D. Murdaugh Council Member...... Evon Robinson, Sr. Council Member......Phillip M. Taylor Sr. Council Member......Joseph F. Flowers, M.D. AuditorJames O. Hiott, Jr. (until 6/30/15) AuditorJeff Slocum (effective 7/1/15) TreasurerBecky S. Hill Coroner...... Richard M. Harvey Probate JudgeAshley H. Amundson Chief Magistrate...... Kenneth A. Campbell, Jr.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Council
of Colleton County
Walterboro, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Colleton County**, **South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Colleton County, South Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, which represents 2% of the assets, 10% of the net position and 7% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colleton County, South Carolina as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 8, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as well as Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, as of July 1, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 12 through 21), the Budgetary Comparison Schedule of the General Fund (on page 62), the Schedule of Funding Progress (on page 63), the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on pages 64 through 66), and the Schedules of Contributions (on pages 67 through 69) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Colleton County, South Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the individual financial statements and schedules of the County's discretely presented component units, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of South Carolina, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the individual financial statements and schedules of the County's discretely presented component units, the summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the individual financial statements and schedules of the County's discretely presented component units, the summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2015, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Macon, Georgia December 10, 2015 Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Colleton County, South Carolina, (the "County") we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this information in conjunction with the detail statements and notes to the financial statements in order to achieve a better understanding of the County's financial performance for the fiscal year.

Financial Highlights

- The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which required a restatement of the beginning net position in governmental activities of \$22,101,740 for the County and \$7,750,921 for the component units and an end of year balance of \$22,318,419 for the County and \$7,751,472 for the component units net pension liability.
- The assets of the County exceed its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$34,832,946 (net position). The County's net position increased by \$1,168,121.
- At the close of the current fiscal year the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$52,907,669, an increase of \$28,601,579.
- FY 2015 general fund revenues were \$25,268,920 and general fund expenditures were \$26,621,371 with other financing sources of \$1,312,232. The County's general fund decreased \$40,219 from \$7,054,019 at the beginning of FY 2014 to \$7,013,800 at the end of FY 2015.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Colleton County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the financial position of the County and are similar to financial statements issued in the private sector. They include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements appear on pages 22 and 23 of this report.

Component Units, which are other governmental units over which the County can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented as a separate column in the government-wide statements and as combining statements of activities in the fund financial statements. The focus of the statements is clearly on the primary government and the presentation allows the reader to address the relative relationship with the component units to the primary government. The non-major component units to the primary government are the Colleton County Memorial Library, the Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission, and the Alcohol and Drug Commission.

The statement of net position shows the County's assets and deferred outflows less its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2015. The difference between these is reported as net position. Changes in net position over time may be helpful in indicating an improving or deteriorating financial position.

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The statement of activities follows the statement of net position and presents information showing how the net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Some included items, such as accounts payable or earned but unused vacation leave, will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period. This report includes all major and non-major funds of the County.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of Colleton County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County has no business-type activities. Governmental activities reported in the statements include general government, judicial, public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, recreation and culture, health and human services, intergovernmental, and economic development.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, Colleton County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of Colleton County can be divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds, presented on pages 24 and 26, essentially account for the same functions as those reported under the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities. However, this set of financial statements focuses on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of available resources as well as on the balance available at the end of the fiscal year and is a narrower focus than the government-wide financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements and available resources.

By comparing functions between the two sets of statements for governmental funds and governmental activities, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Governmental funds individually presented in the County's statements include two major funds, the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Colleton County's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are presented on pages 29 to 61 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budget on page 62. Also included is the schedule of funding progress for the OPEB health plan on page 63. Historical pension information is located on pages 64 through 69 for the County and its components units.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and other budgetary schedules. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 70 – 92 of this report.

Component unit financial statements are presented for the memorial library and the fire and rescue commission on pages 93 - 103 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The government-wide statements encompass all the funds of the county, not just the general operational fund. The County's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$34,832,946 at June 30, 2015, as compared to \$55,766,565 at June 30, 2014.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities
	2015	2014
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 57,733,711	\$ 32,144,094
Capital assets	46,791,710	42,742,405
Total assets	104,525,421	74,886,499
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,103,460	
Liabilities		
Long-term liabilities	67,072,385	13,564,330
Other liabilities	2,652,833	5,555,604
Total liabilities	69,725,218	19,119,934
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,070,717	
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	33,464,047	31,257,962
Restricted	9,738,050	10,305,751
Unrestricted	(8,369,151)	14,202,852
Total net position	\$ 34,832,946	\$ 55,766,565

By far the largest portion of the County net position \$33,464,047 (96%) represents its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment) for governmental activities, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding at June 30, 2015, as compared to \$31,257,962 (56%) at June 30, 2014. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities. At June 30, 2015, the County had a net position restricted for debt service in the amount of \$536,614, as compared to \$1,092,993 restricted at June 30, 2014.

The restricted portion of net position of \$9,738,050 (28%) represents the balances of net position that have restricted resources and are not available to fund other commitments. The restricted net position relate to solid waste, debt service accounts, economic development, emergency and law enforcement services, and other revenue sources that are earmarked for specific County functions.

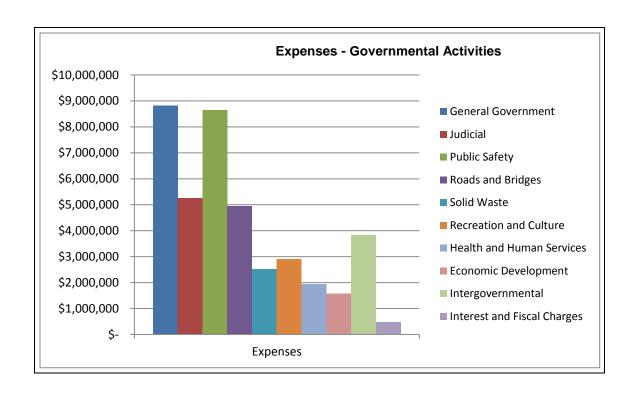
The remaining net position represents a deficit balance of \$(8,369,151) (-24%) in unrestricted net position which is a decrease of \$22,572,003 from the prior year. This deficit occurred because of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which required a restatement of net position in the amount of \$22,101,740.

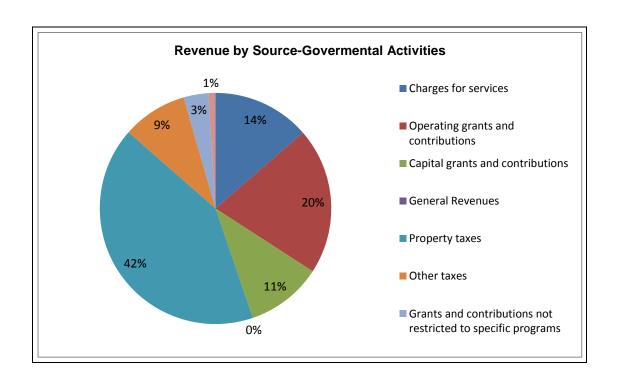
Governmental Activities. The County's total net position increased \$1,168,121 in 2015 compared to a decrease of \$277,705 in 2014. Key elements of this change in net position are as shown in the following table.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities
	2015	2014
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 5,725,309	\$ 7,240,684
Operating grants and contributions	8,629,703	9,860,851
Capital grants and contributions	4,473,000	-
General Revenues		
Property taxes	17,524,749	17,168,109
Other taxes	3,818,954	3,861,250
Grants and contributions not		
restricted to specific programs	1,445,663	1,436,657
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	90,713
Miscellaneous income	428,830	438,004
Total Revenues	42,046,208	40,096,268
Expenses:		
Governmental Activities:		
General government	8,811,200	10,740,147
Judicial	5,255,325	4,957,014
Public safety	8,642,672	8,589,140
Roads and bridges	4,949,171	4,182,236
Solid waste	2,509,851	2,568,610
Recreation and culture	2,906,984	1,743,106
Health and human services	1,928,313	1,925,374
Economic development	1,568,862	1,569,363
Intergovernmental	3,836,524	3,661,372
Interest and fiscal charges	469,185_	437,611
Total Expenses	40,878,087	40,373,973
Change in Net Position	1,168,121	(277,705)
Net Position, beginning of year	55,766,565	49,182,945
Prior period adjustment	(22,101,740)	6,861,325
Net Position, end of year	\$ 34,832,946	\$ 55,766,565

During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$1,168,121 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$34,832,946. The prior period adjustment of \$22,101,740 represents the restatement of beginning net position for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, that is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. See the notes to financial statements for more information on the restatement. Overall revenues were up \$1,949,940 while expenses were up \$504,114.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County, itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the County Council.

At June 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$52,907,669, an increase of \$28,601,579 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 11% of this amount \$5,746,897 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, with is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$2,932,772), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$6,815,812), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$34,893,931), 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$2,518,257).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2015, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,746,897. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 22% of total general expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 26%. County ordinance requires that unassigned fund balance be maintained at 25% of total general fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the County's general fund decreased by \$40,219. This decrease is less than .1% of the County's overall operating budget.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the County's capital projects fund increased by \$29,802,940. This increase is attributable to the capital sales tax bond that was received near the end of the year and was on hand to fund projects approve by the referendum.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund - The County's actual amounts reported for revenues of \$25,268,920 were \$1,668,073 less than the final budgeted amount of \$26,936,993. The majority of this decrease (\$1,072,715) related to taxes. Overall expenditures of \$26,621,371 were under the final budgeted amount of \$27,938,630 by \$1,317,259. Other financing sources (uses) reported an actual amount of \$1,312,232 were \$310,595 better than the budgeted amount of \$1,001,637 which closed the gap between the revenues and expenditures budget variances.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – the County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$46,791,710 (net of accumulated depreciation) as compared to \$42,742,405 at June 30, 2014. This investment in capital assets, both purchased and donated, includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, bridges, and easements.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal 2015 include some of the following:

- Land \$1,151,618 includes property for the golf course, law enforcement building, 13 acres Tuskegee Airmen, 46 acres Mable T. Willis Blvd., Hampton Street Auditorium
- Buildings \$4,158,000 for the Hampton Street Auditorium and the golf course building
- Improvements other than buildings \$34,868 for a metal roof at the Alcohol & Drug Abuse Commission and HVAC at the jail.
- Equipment and vehicles \$584,527 for various equipment and vehicles throughout the County
- Infrastructure \$1,587,151 for infrastructure at the commerce park and Venture Park Roadway
- Construction in progress \$52,874 for law enforcement building

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 5 on page 40 in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities					
	2015	2014				
Land and land infrastructure	\$ 7,391,229	\$ 6,239,611				
Construction in progress	52,874	1,625,866				
Buildings and improvements	19,615,544	16,543,811				
Improvements other than buildings	7,932,570	8,442,844				
Equipment and vehicles	5,325,239	6,086,125				
Infrastructure	6,474,254	3,804,148				
Total	\$ 46,791,710	\$ 42,742,405				

Debt Administration - On June 30, 2015, Colleton County had long term obligations of \$67,072,385 compared to outstanding debt at June 30, 2014 totaling \$13,564,330, which represents an increase from the prior fiscal year of \$53,508,055. During the fiscal year, a new capital sales tax bond was issued in the amount of \$30,272,628, two capital leases for \$2,209,724, and a note payable of \$1.2 million was received. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.* As a result of this implementation, the County is reporting a \$22,318,419 net pension liability. Payments on debt were made in accordance with the scheduled debt payments.

	Governmental Activities					
	2015	2014				
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 35,012,627	\$ 6,110,000				
Special Revenue Bonds	3,710,000	4,090,000				
Capital Leases	2,535,947	932,153				
Net OPEB obligation	1,333,440	1,102,365				
Note payable	1,059,759	352,290				
Landfill closure and post closure costs	462,289	452,134				
Compensated absences	639,904	525,388				
Net pension liability*	22,318,419	-				
Total	\$ 67,072,385	\$ 13,564,330				

*GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, was implemented in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The net position was restated for the net pension liability as of July 1, 2014.

Additional information on the County's long-term obligations can be found in note 6 on page 43 in the notes to the financial statements.

In accordance with State Law, the amount of General Obligation Bonds (GOB) a government entity may issue (without referendum) is equal to eight percent of its total assessed value. The current General Obligation Bond debt limitation for Colleton County based on information received from the County Auditor related to the 2014 tax assessments is \$13,067,320 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Debt Rating - On September 14, 2015, Moody's Investor Services reaffirmed their rating on Colleton County debt at Aa3. Additionally, on September 17, 2015 Standard and Poor's reaffirmed its rating on County debt at AA-/Stable. In its analysis, S&P noted the following positive attributes of Colleton County and its management:

- Very strong financial position, projected to continue.
- Strong property tax base.
- Debt profile is conservative, with very low debt burden and minimal plans for additional debt.
- Financial performance has remained strong in recent years despite some downward pressure due to decreasing sales taxes.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The County passed budget ordinance no. 15-O-06 to provide for the levy of taxes in Colleton County, South Carolina with third and final reading on June 19, 2015 to be effective July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016. The following budgets and millages were approved by this ordinance:

	Amount	Millage
General Fund	\$ 24,426,899	114.81
Debt Service Fund	2,062,143	10.24
Fire Rescue Commission	7,942,871	33.56
Fire Rescue Commission Debt Service	2,027,378	22.66
Capital Projects Sales Tax	29,385,317	-
Special Revenue Fund SRO	1,064,942	-
State Aid to Library	75,000	-
Memorial Library Fund	547,493	-
IV-D Sheriff Unit Costs	13,981	-
IV-D Clerk of Court Unit Costs	138,188	-
IV-D Clerk of Court Fund Incentives	56,265	-
Victim Witness Services	53,150	-
Animal Care & Control	20,000	-
Solicitor Special Revenue	3,413,439	-
Non-GOB Related Debt Service	943,468	-
Emergency Telephone Fund	439,171	-
Infrastructure/Industiral Development Fund	24,000	-
County Hospitality Tax Fund	549,854	-
County Accommodations Tax Fund	559,730	-
Recreation Fund	1,257,141	-
Road & Bridges Fund	1,987,421	-
Solid Waste Fund	2,233,334_	
Total	\$ 79,221,185	181.27

Requests for Information - This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's Finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or request for information may be addressed to Colleton County Chief Financial Officer, P.O. Box 157, Walterboro, SC 29488.



COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

					Cor	mponent Units			
	Governmental		N	/lemorial		e and Rescue	Alcohol & Drug		
		Activities		Library	Commission		Commission		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,053,145	\$	56,838	\$	262,157	\$	121,699	
Investments		3,765,388		-		-		156,294	
Receivables, net of allowances		5,744,199		1,348		2,388,245		63,334	
Prepaids and deposits		248,741		9,184		138,094		-	
Assets held for resale		2,922,238		-		-		-	
Capital assets									
Nondepreciable		7,444,103		-		542,803		-	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		39,347,607		286,101		12,152,120		-	
Total assets		104,525,421		353,471		15,483,419		341,327	
Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred outflows for net pension liability		2,103,460		52,228		808,754		-	
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,103,460		52,228		808,754		-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	106,628,881	\$	405,699	\$	16,292,173	\$	341,327	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	1,450,129	\$	9,299	\$	86,928	\$	58,541	
Payroll liabilities		732,042		19,166		286,091		17,528	
Accrued liabilites		198,110		, -		109,760		-	
Unearned revenues		272,552		9,603		3,531		-	
Noncurrent liabilities		,		,		·			
Due within one year		2,777,907		3,334		1,649,124		_	
Due in more than one year		64,294,478		765,238		15,814,505		_	
Total liabilities		69,725,218		806,640		17,949,939		76,069	
Deferred inflows of resources	· <u> </u>						·		
Deferred inflows for net pension liability		2,070,717		50,847		812,792		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,070,717		50,847		812,792		-	
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets		33,464,047		286,101		2,901,288		-	
Restricted									
Emergency services		433,692		-		-		-	
Courts administration		129,256		-		-		-	
Law enforcement		314,059		-		-		-	
Solid waste		363,272		-		-		-	
Economic development									
Expendable		4,954,705		-		-		-	
Nonexpendable		2,922,238		-		-		-	
Debt service		536,614		-		246,539		-	
Other purposes		84,214		-		-		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(8,369,151)		(737,889)		(5,618,385)		265,258	
Total net position		34,832,946		(451,788)		(2,470,558)		265,258	
				405,699	\$	16,292,173			

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position														
				Program Revenues					Prim	ary Government		Component Units					
								Operating		Capital		_			Fire and		Alcohol
				Charges for		Grants and	(Grants and	(Governmental		Memorial	Rescue		& Drug		
		Expenses Services		Services		Contributions	Contribtutions			Activities		Library	Commission		Commission		
Primary Government																	
Governmental activities																	
General government	\$	8,811,200	\$	531,064	\$	45,867	\$	_	\$	(8,234,269)	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_		
Judicial	•	5,255,325	•	1,117,461	•	2,809,753	Ψ	_	•	(1,328,111)	•	_	_	•	_		
Public safety		8,642,672		342,051		1,947,909		_		(6,352,712)		_	-		_		
Roads and Bridges		4,949,171		895,833		2,162,585		_		(1,890,753)		_	-		_		
Solid Waste		2,509,851		1,802,512		31,798		_		(675,541)		_	-		_		
Recreation and culture		2,906,984		326,236		928,178		4,473,000		2,820,430		_	-		_		
Health and human services		1,928,313		33,107		672,518		-		(1,222,688)		_	_		_		
Economic development		1,568,862		677,045		31,095		_		(860,722)		_	_		_		
Intergovernmental		3,836,524		-		-		_		(3,836,524)		_	_		_		
Interest and fiscal charges		469,185		_		_		_		(469,185)		_	_		_		
merest and notal sharges	-	400,100								(400,100)							
Total governmental activities		40,878,087		5,725,309		8,629,703		4,473,000		(22,050,075)							
23																	
Component Units																	
Memorial Library		737,464		31,681		662,170		-				(43,613)	-		-		
Fire and Rescue Commission		10,151,883		1,764,406		3,307,697		-				-	(5,079,780)		-		
Alcohol & Drug Commission		846,734		173,631		537,048		4,486					-		(131,569)		
Total component units	\$	11,736,081	\$	1,969,718	\$	4,506,915	\$	4,486				(43,613)	(5,079,780)		(131,569)		
					Gene	eral Revenues											
						operty taxes				17,524,749		-	4,612,747		-		
						cohol excise tax				-		-	-		59,071		
					Lo	ocal option sales ta	ax			2,821,318		-	-		-		
					Lo	cal accommodation	ons tax			458,331		-	-		-		
					Н	ospitality tax				483,209		-	-		-		
					Fr	anchise fees				56,096		-	-		-		
					Gı	rants and contribu	tions not										
						restricted to specif				1,445,663		-	-		-		
					Mi	iscellaneous				428,830		40,220	122,360		-		
						Total general rev	enues			23,218,196		40,220	4,735,107		59,071		
					Chan	nge in net position				1,168,121		(3,393)	(344,673)		(72,498)		
					Net p	osition - beginnin	g of year			55,766,565		146,221	5,855,349		337,756		
					Prior	period adjustment	t			(22,101,740)	_	(594,616)	(7,981,234)	_			
					Net p	osition - end of ye	ear		\$	34,832,946	\$	(451,788)	\$ (2,470,558)	\$	265,258		

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

				Capital		Nonmajor	Total		
				Projects	Go	overnmental	G	overnmental	
	General		•			Funds	Ŭ	Funds	
ASSETS	Ochicial			T dild		Tundo		1 unus	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,209,210	\$	35,279,072	\$	3,564,863	\$	45,053,145	
Investments		365,388		3,400,000		-		3,765,388	
Receivables, net of allowances		4,029,647		758,381		956,171		5,744,199	
Prepaid items		10,534		_		-		10,534	
Assets held for resale		-		2,922,238		-		2,922,238	
Total assets	\$	10,614,779	\$	42,359,691	\$	4,521,034	\$	57,495,504	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	949,114	\$	301,201	\$	199,814	\$	1,450,129	
Accrued payroll and benefits		533,764		-		198,278		732,042	
Unearned revenue		105,768		119,000		47,784		272,552	
Total liabilities		1,588,646		420,201		445,876		2,454,723	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		1,741,865		_		120,779		1,862,644	
Unavailable revenue-spec assessments		270,468		_		-		270,468	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,012,333		-		120,779		2,133,112	
FUND BALANCES								_	
Nonspendable									
Assets held for resale		_		2,922,238		_		2,922,238	
Prepaid items		10,534		-,,		_		10,534	
Restricted								,	
Emergency services		=		_		433,692		433,692	
Courts administration		=		-		129,256		129,256	
Law enforcement		=		_		314,059		314,059	
Solid waste		363,272		-		· -		363,272	
Economic development		, -		4,954,705		=		4,954,705	
Debt service		-		-	536,614			536,614	
Other purposes		=		-	84,214			84,214	
Committed						•			
General government		=		1,864,464		=		1,864,464	
Economic development		=		9,594,022		=		9,594,022	
Public Safety				5,046,743		=		5,046,743	
Solid waste				1,835,180		=		1,835,180	
Recreation and culture		=		4,833,941		831,384		5,665,325	
Intergovernmental		=		10,888,197		, -		10,888,197	
Assigned									
Solid waste		419,322		_		-		419,322	
Road and bridges		443,013		_		-		443,013	
Recreation and culture		30,762		-		=		30,762	
Law enforcement		, -		_		1,498,199		1,498,199	
Health and welfare		=		-		126,961		126,961	
Unassigned		5,746,897		_		, -		5,746,897	
Total fund balances		7,013,800		41,939,490		3,954,379		52,907,669	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	10,614,779	\$	42,359,691	\$	4,521,034	\$	57,495,504	

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	52,907,669
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental			
funds.			
Land and land infrastructure	\$ 7,391,2	29	
Construction in progress	52,8	74	
Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation of \$10,587,231	19,615,5	44	
Improvements other than buildings, net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,177,339	7,932,5	70	
Equipment and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation of \$15,211,411	5,325,2		
Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,543,711	6,474,2		
		_	46,791,710
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period			
expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable revenue in the funds:			
Property taxes and other special assessments			2,133,112
			_,,,,,,,
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represents amounts applicable to			
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,103,4	60	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(2,070,7		
Total deferred outflows and inflows of resources	() /	<u>, </u>	32,743
Disbursements for insurance coverage reflected in the funds cover			
periods extending beyond year-end.			238,207
Long-term liabilites, including bonds payable and compensated			
absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	(35,012,6	27)	
Notes payable	(1,059,7	59)	
Special source revenue bonds	(3,710,0	00)	
Capital leases	(2,535,9	47)	
Compensated absences	(639,9	04)	
Landfill closure and post closure cost	(462,2	89)	
Accrued interest	(198,1	10)	
Net pension liability	(22,318,4		
OPEB obligation	(1,333,4		
-			(67,270,495)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	34,832,946
			,=,- 10

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenue Taxes	\$ 19,10	7,608	\$	-	\$	2,191,576	\$	21,299,184
Intergovernmental revenues Fines and fees Other income	4,41	6,468 3,903 0,941		2,307,130 575,274 191,970		6,121,768 822,163 9,724		10,075,366 5,811,340 302,635
Total revenue	25,26	8,920		3,074,374		9,145,231		37,488,525
Expenditures Current								
General government	8,35	5,958		=		1,807		8,357,765
Judicial	-	32,325		-		3,525,924		4,658,249
Public safety	-	52,739		-		1,005,737		7,668,476
Roads and bridges		8,827		2,454,994		3,261		4,257,082
Solid waste	•	8,389		=		-		2,208,389
Recreation and culture		9,662		-		1,463,037		2,462,699
Health and human services		9,000		-		1,128,883		1,797,883
Economic development)1,994)8,719		818,367		227 905		1,110,361
Intergovernmental Capital Outlay	3,50	10,719		-		327,805		3,836,524
General government	24	3,924		26,217		_		270,141
Judicial	2-	-		-		18,864		18,864
Public safety		15		513,294		138,919		652,228
Streets and highways		-		33,763		-		33,763
Sanitation		6,782		-		_		6,782
Recreation and culture	74	3,037		4,257,072		-		5,000,109
Economic development		-		1,543,929		43,221		1,587,150
Debt Service								
Principal retirement		-		-		2,528,493		2,528,493
Interest payments		-				393,567		393,567
Total expenditures	26,62	1,371		9,647,636		10,579,518		46,848,525
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	(1,35	52,451)		(6,573,262)		(1,434,287)		(9,360,000)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		-		21,124		25,454		46,578
Proceeds from debt	45	50,000		32,912,384		-		33,362,384
Donation of capital assets		-		4,473,000		-		4,473,000
Legal Settlement		-		-		7,411		7,411
Insurance proceeds	4	6,712		25,213		281		72,206
Transfers in		1,042		151,675		1,292,439		4,255,156
Transfers out	(1,99	5,522)		(1,207,194)		(1,052,440)		(4,255,156)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,31	2,232		36,376,202		273,145		37,961,579
Not change in fund belongs	1.1	0.210\		20 802 040		(1 161 140)		29 604 570
Net change in fund balance Fund balances, beginning of year	•	0,219) 54,019		29,802,940 12,136,550		(1,161,142)		28,601,579 24,306,090
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,800	\$	41,939,490	\$	5,115,521	\$	52,907,669
i unu balances, enu di yeal	φ 7,01	3,000	φ	+1,333,430	φ	3,954,379	φ	32,307,009

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	28,601,579
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This		
·		
is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay	\$ 7,569,037	
Depreciation expense	(3,519,732)	
Depression expense	(0,010,102)	4,049,305
		4,040,000
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after		
the County's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues		
in the governmental funds. Amounts not meeting current year availability criteria,		
not recognized in governmental funds in the current year:		
Property taxes and other special assessments		(41,512)
		(,)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in the governmental funds. The details of net changes in such accruals are as		
follows:		
Compensated absences	(114,516)	
Landfill closure and postclosure cost	(10,155)	
OPEB obligation	(231,075)	
Accrued interest	(75,618)	
Pension expenses	(183,935)	
		(615,299)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these		
differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items		
is as follows:	/	
General obligation bonds	(28,902,628)	
Note payable	(707,469)	
Special source revenue bonds	380,000	
Capital leases	(1,603,794)	
		(30,833,891)
Disbursements for insurance policies that cover periods extending beyond		
year-end are expenditures in the governmental funds but are		
amortized over the policy period in the statement of net position.		7,939
amonized over the policy period in the statement of het position.	_	7,939
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,168,121

COLLETON COUTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 10,355,007
Investments	10,000,000
Total assets	\$ 20,355,007
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 972
Assets held for others	20,354,035
Total liabilities	\$ 20,355,007

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. The *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Reporting Entity

Colleton County, South Carolina (the County), is governed by a five-member County Council (the Council) under the Council-Administrator form of government, pursuant to the South Carolina Home Rule Act. Members of the Council are elected from resident districts. The County Council acts as the governing body of the County with power to pass ordinances and adopt resolutions. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The nine members of the Colleton County Memorial Library's (the Library) governing board are appointed by the Council. The Library is fiscally dependent upon the government because the Council approves the Library's budgets, and can significantly influence the decisions of the Library. The Library does not issue separate financial statements.

The five members of the Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission (the Fire and Rescue Commission) are selected by the Council from ten members presented by the Fire Control Board, an advisory board comprised of a member from each of the participating fire departments. The Fire and Rescue Commission is fiscally dependent upon the government because the Council approves the Fire and Rescue Commission's budgets, levies taxes and must approve any debt issuances. The Fire and Rescue Commission does not issue separate financial statements.

The nine members of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse's (the Alcohol and Drug Commission) governing board are appointed by the Council. The Alcohol and Drug Commission is fiscally dependent upon the government because the County Council approves the Alcohol and Drug Commission's budgets and can significantly influence the decisions of the Alcohol and Drug Commission. Separately issued financial statements may be obtained at 1439 Thunderbolt Drive, Walterboro, South Carolina, 29488.

Blended Component Units

The Colleton County Development Board, an entity legally separate from the County, is governed by a seven-member board appointed by Colleton County Council. For financial reporting purposes, the Commission is reported as if it is part of the County's operations because all fiscal and hiring matters are subject to the authority of the Council, as represented by the County Administrator.

The Colleton County Advisory/Planning Commission does not have separate corporate powers from the County and thus is included in the County's operations.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has three discretely presented component units. While the Alcohol & Drug Commission is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the transactions of the acquisition of capital assets and construction of major capital projects.

In addition, the County reports the following non-major fund types:

The *special revenue funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects) such as grants, fire and other special purpose fees, and economic development.

The *debt service funds* account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest. The County's Debt Service Fund was established and is maintained in accordance with acts passed by the General Assembly of South Carolina authorizing the sale of general obligation bonds of the County. The SSRB Cannady's Debt Service Fund accounts for debt payments made from Fee-in-Lieu Agreement revenues and the Non-GOB Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of funds and payment of various capital leases and notes payable.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types.

The *fiduciary funds* are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the presentation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within the first 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for grant reimbursements for which the availability period is 120 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 120 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, the fire and rescue fund, and the memorial library fund. All other special revenue funds and debt service funds (excludes the Sheriffs Discretionary Fund, Public Defender Fund, and State Accommodations Fund) that have appropriated budgets also conform to generally accepted accounting principles but tend to follow the revenue source generated by those funds (i.e., grant awards and projects funds). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's departmental heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the County Administrator. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The Council may make supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for good and services (i.e., purchase order, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executor contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and cash equivalents and deposits

The "deposits" classification is used only in the notes, not on the face of the statement of net position. Deposits include cash on hand, pooled money market funds and certificates of deposit.

The County considers cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes to be currency on hand, demand deposits with banks, amounts included in pooled cash and investment accounts, and liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

NOTE1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Investments

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00.

The County and its component units have a number of financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Debt securities are reported at cost or amortized cost.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors for services that will benefit period beyond June 30, 2015 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording the asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year which the services are consumed. Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by an equal amount with a reserve of fund balance to indicate that they are not available for general appropriation.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items,) are reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets other than infrastructure are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets is \$50,000 for individual items and networks. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction of governmental-type activities is not capitalized.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

All reported capital assets except land and certain infrastructure assets are depreciated. Useful lives for infrastructure are estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years								
		Component Units							
		Library and							
		Fire and	Alcohol and						
	County	Rescue	Drug						
Buildings and improvements									
Buildings	45	45	n/a						
Building improvements	10	10	n/a						
Improvements other than buildings									
Improvements other than buildings	10	10	n/a						
Radio and fire towers	10	10	n/a						
Library materials	n/a	5	n/a						
Machinery and equipment									
Furniture and office equipment	5	5	3 – 20						
Fire and medical equipment	5	5	n/a						
Heavy vehicles and equipment	10	10	n/a						
Vehicles									
Airplanes	6	n/a	n/a						
Law enforcement vehicles	3	n/a	n/a						
Other vehicles	5	5	3 – 20						
Infrastructure	20	n/a	n/a						

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County reports deferred outflows related to its net pension liability in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has unavailable revenues from property taxes and special assessments that arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category and is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The statement of net position reports deferred inflows related to its net pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the administrator to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of July 1st. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed on July 1st) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes; the second billing (mailed on January 1st) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due 30 days after the respective tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Compensated absences

<u>Vacation</u> - The County's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable and is paid from the general fund for the most part with a small portion related to other nonmajor governmental funds.

<u>Sick Leave</u> - Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employment of the County and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government, Fire and Rescue Commission, and Library

As of June 30, 2015, the County reported investments of \$365,388 in the general fund, \$3,400,000 in the capital projects fund, and \$10,000,000 in the agency fund with the following investment maturities:

		Investment Maturities
		(in years)
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1
Certificates of deposits	\$ 13,765,388	\$ 13,765,388
Total fair value	\$ 13,765,388	\$ 13,765,388

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. In accordance with South Carolina state statutes, the County's investment decisions are at the discretion of the elected County Treasurer, subject to the statutes that authorize the County and its component units to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- 2. Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies;
- 3. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- 4. Savings and loan association deposits to the extent insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
- Certificates of Deposit and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements so secured, including interest; and

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits and Investments - Continued

6. No-load open and closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company, savings and loan association, or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit.

In addition, South Carolina state statutes authorize the County to invest in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool (SCLGIP). The SCLGIP is an investment trust fund created by state legislation, in which public monies under the custody of any political subdivision in excess of current needs may be deposited. The SCLGIP is permitted to purchase obligations of the United States if such obligations bear any of the three highest rankings of at least two nationally recognized rating services. The SCLGIP is a 2a7-like pool, which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer. The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. See below for additional information regarding investment credit risk and concentration of credit risk. All funds of the Fire and Rescue Commission and the Library are included in the funds administered by the County Treasurer. The only exception to this is that the funds of the Alcohol and Drug Commission are not included in the funds administered by the County Treasurer.

	Fair Value at	Percentage	
	June 30, 2015	of Portfolio	Credit Rating
Repurchase agreements	\$ 48,266,751	69%	Unrated
Certificates of deposit	13,765,388	20%	N/A
Savings accounts	1,965,275	3%	N/A
Checking accounts	5,495,121	8%	N/A
Deposits and investments held by			
County Treasurer	\$ 69,492,535	100%	

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits of the County are subject to South Carolina state statutes for custodial credit risk. The statutes provide that banks accepting deposits of funds from local government units must furnish an indemnity bond or pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, South Carolina, political subdivisions of South Carolina, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Driven by the aforementioned statute, the County's informal policy requires deposits to be secured by collateral valued at market or par whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. Deposited funds may be invested in demand or time deposits, continuously and fully secured with direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America having a market value not less than the amount of such monies. Custodial credit risk for deposits is not formally addressed by bond indentures. Indentures require that restricted deposits be maintained by the trustee bank, as custodian, specified in the indenture.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2015, the County's bank balance of \$70,082,879 was fully collateralized by pledging financial institutions trust departments in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

In the case of investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal investment policy regarding custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2015, \$48,266,751 of investments were in repurchase agreements held by either the counterparty, its trust department, or agent for the County.

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate and component units, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Primary Government						Component Units					
	General	Capital Projects Fund		•		Governmental		Fire and Rescue Library			Library		lcohol & Drug mmission
Receivables													
Taxes	\$ 4,950,234	\$	-	\$	353,834	\$	1,667,370	\$	-	\$	-		
Accounts	1,099,984		-		-		7,313,630		-		-		
Other	1,452,111		758,381		808,392		285		1,348		63,334		
Gross receivables	7,502,329		758,381		1,162,226		8,981,285		1,348		63,334		
Allowance for uncollectibles													
Taxes	2,817,864		-		206,055		961,545		-		-		
Accounts	654,818		-		=		5,631,495		-		-		
Total allowance	3,472,682		-		206,055		6,593,040		-		-		
Net total receivables	\$ 4,029,647	\$	758,381	\$	956,171	\$	2,388,245	\$	1,348	\$	63,334		

NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	T	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Major governmental funds				
General	\$	2,811,042	\$	1,995,522
Capital Projects Fund		151,675		1,207,194
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,292,439		1,052,440
Total interfund balances	\$	4,255,156	\$	4,255,156

Transfers are used (1) to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the fund with expenditure authorization, and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	June 30, 201	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,732,093	\$ 1,151,618	\$ -	\$ 2,883,711
Land - infrastructure	4,507,518	-	=	4,507,518
Construction in progress	1,625,866	1,640,024	3,213,016	52,874
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,865,477	2,791,642	3,213,016	7,444,103
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	26,044,775	4,158,000	-	30,202,775
Improvements other than buildings	11,075,041	34,868	-	11,109,909
Equipment and vehicles	20,169,183	584,527	217,060	20,536,650
Infrastructure	8,804,949	3,213,016		12,017,965
Total capital assets, being depreciated	66,093,948	7,990,411	217,060	73,867,299
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	9,500,965	1,086,266	=	10,587,231
Improvements other than buildings	2,633,197	544,142	=	3,177,339
Equipment and vehicles	14,083,057	1,345,414	217,060	15,211,411
Infrastructure	4,999,801	543,910		5,543,711
Total accumulated depreciation	31,217,020	3,519,732	217,060	34,519,692
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,876,928	4,470,679		39,347,607
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 42,742,405	\$ 7,262,321	\$ 3,213,016	\$ 46,791,710

The decrease of \$3,213,016 in construction in progress represents the capital assets that were put into service and shown as increases in infrastructure during the year.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Government Activities	
General government	\$ 328,833
Judicial	454,374
Public safety	828,754
Roads and bridges	664,149
Solid waste	272,670
Recreation and culture	426,421
Health and human service	95,404
Economic development	449,127
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,519,732

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Fire and Rescue Commission	•		June 30, 2014 as restated Increas		Decreases		June 30, 201	
Capital assets not being depreciated						_		<u>.</u>
Land	\$	339,517	\$	114,657	\$	-	\$	454,174
Construction in progress		686,996		804,028		1,402,395		88,629
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,026,513		918,685	_	1,402,395		542,803
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		5,449,132		1,459,859		-		6,908,991
Improvements other than buildings		133,839		13,693		-		147,532
Equipment and vehicles		18,760,481		75,585		-		18,836,066
Total capital assets, being depreciated		24,343,452		1,549,137		-		25,892,589
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		1,387,871		176,562				1,564,433
Improvements other than buildings		95,416		6,804				102,220
Equipment and vehicles		10,855,254		1,218,562				12,073,816
Total accumulated depreciation		12,338,541		1,401,928		-		13,740,469
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		12,004,911		147,209		-		12,152,120
Fire and Rescue Commission capital assets, net	\$	13,031,424	\$	1,065,894	\$	1,402,395	\$	12,694,923

The decrease of \$1,402,395 in construction in progress represents capital assets put into service in building and improvements during the year.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Library	Jur	ne 30, 2014	In	Increases		creases	June 30, 20		
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements	\$	119,026	\$	-	\$	-	\$	119,026	
Library materials		1,875,522		92,036		49,978		1,917,580	
Equipment and vehicles		211,658		_		-		211,658	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,206,206		92,036		49,978		2,248,264	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		119,026		-		-		119,026	
Library materials		1,609,600		75,196		49,978		1,634,818	
Equipment and vehicles		208,042		277		-		208,319	
Total accumulated depreciation		1,936,668		75,473		49,978		1,962,163	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		269,538		16,563		-		286,101	
Library capital assets, net	\$	269,538	\$	16,563	\$	-	\$	286,101	
Alcohol and Drug Commission	Jur	ne 30, 2014	In	creases	De	creases	Ju	ne 30, 2015	
Capital assets being depreciated	Φ.	44.040	Φ.		•		•	44.040	
Vehicles	_\$	41,016	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$	41,016	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		41,016						41,016	
Less accumulated depreciation for:		44.040						44.040	
Vehicles		41,016						41,016	
Total accumulated depreciation		41,016				-		41,016	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		-							
Alcohol and Drug Commission capital assets, net	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Depreciation expense incurred by the component units during the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Component Units	_
Fire and rescue	\$ 1,401,928
Library	75,473
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,477,401

Assets held for sale

As of June 30, 2015, the County owns several parcels of land in the Colleton County Commerce Center for speculative purposes and is in the process of constructing a building for sale. The cost of this asset is \$2,922,238. The asset is considered held for sale. Assets held for sale are separated from capital assets on the Statement of Net Position and no depreciation will be taken on the asset since it is held for sale. As of June 30, 2015, the property has not been sold and is still being actively marketed.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2014	 Additions		Disposals		Disposals Ju		Disposals		Balance June 30, 2015		one year
Primary Government													
Governmental activities													
Bonds													
General obligation	\$	6,110,000	\$ 29,700,000	\$	1,370,000	\$	34,440,000	\$	1,425,000				
Bond premiums		-	572,627		-		572,627		-				
Special source revenue		4,090,000	-		380,000		3,710,000		395,000				
Capital leases		932,153	2,209,724		605,930		2,535,947		682,194				
Net OPEB obligation		1,102,365	231,075		=		1,333,440		=				
Note payable		352,290	880,032		172,563		1,059,759		179,727				
Landfill closure and													
postclosure costs		452,134	10,155		-		462,289		-				
Net pension liability*		23,498,440	2,287,395		3,467,416		22,318,419		-				
Compensated absences		525,388	 409,518		295,002		639,904		95,986				
Total long-term liabilities	\$	37,062,770	\$ 36,300,526	\$	6,290,911	\$	67,072,385	\$	2,777,907				
						-							
Component Units													
Fire and Rescue Commission													
General obligation bonds	\$	8,285,000	\$ -	\$	1,255,000	\$	7,030,000	\$	1,330,000				
Capital Lease		3,036,957	-		273,322		2,763,635		279,663				
Net OPEB obligation		225,664	32,901		-		258,565		-				
Net pension liability*		7,721,645	804,845		1,378,132		7,148,358		-				
Compensated absences		238,704	200,771		176,404		263,071		39,461				
Total Fire and Rescue	\$	19,507,970	\$ 1,038,517	\$	3,082,858	\$	17,463,629	\$	1,649,124				
						_		_					
<u>Library</u>													
Compensated absences	\$	22,372	\$ 16,360	\$	16,505	\$	22,227	\$	3,334				
Net pension liability*		628,328	59,345		84,559		603,114		=				
Net OPEB obligation		110,807	32,424				143,231		-				
Total Library	\$	761,507	\$ 108,129	\$	101,064	\$	768,572	\$	3,334				
						_							

^{*}Beginning net position was restated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Primary Government

Bonds Payable

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. Management believes the County is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The South Carolina constitution permits the County to incur general obligation (general purpose) bonded indebtedness not to exceed 8% of the assessed value of taxable property in the County. At June 30, 2015, the County was in compliance with this requirement.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of each long-term bond obligation of the governmental activities of the County at June 30, 2015:

General Obligation Bonds	Balance
\$6,500,000 General Obligation, Series 2005, with interest of 3.5% to 6.5%, semi-annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2007, matures 2016, for the purpose of courthouse renovations.	\$ 1,250,000
\$4,000,000 General Obligation, Series 2012, with interest of 2.0% to 3.0%, semi-annual principal and interest payments beginning 2013, matures 2032, for the purpose of economic development at the business park.	3,490,000
\$29,700,000 General Obligation Bond Series 2015, 1.82% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2016, matures 2024, for the purpose of county-wide projects approved by voters.	29,700,000
	\$34,440,000

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,425,000	\$	481,957	\$ 1,906,957
2017	3,200,000		620,072	3,820,072
2018	3,770,000		566,960	4,336,960
2019	3,820,000		509,098	4,329,098
2020	3,895,000		441,110	4,336,110
2021-2025	16,700,000		998,785	17,698,785
2026-2030	1,125,000		168,700	1,293,700
2031-2032	505,000		22,800	527,800
	\$ 34,440,000	\$	3,809,482	\$ 37,721,682
Special Source Revenue Bonds \$4,720,000 Special Source Revenue Bond Sannual principal and interest payments begin	Balance			
purpose of economic development.	ming in 2015, matar	03 20	JZO, IOI TIIC	\$ 3,710,000
				\$ 3,710,000

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 395,000	\$ 162,127	\$ 557,127
2017	415,000	144,866	559,866
2018	435,000	126,730	561,730
2019	455,000	107,721	562,721
2020	475,000	87,837	562,837
2021-2023	1,535,000	136,126	1,671,126
	\$ 3,710,000	\$ 765,407	\$ 4,475,407

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Capital Leases Payable	B	Balance
Lease #1 - The County has entered into a capital lease agreement, secured by a civic center, bearing interest at 4.87% with annual payments of \$119,515, maturing August 2017.	\$	326,223
Lease #2- The County has entered into a capital lease agreement, secured by 221.11 acres of land being entitled "Dogwood Hills Golf Club," bearing interest at 2.53% with annual principal payments of \$90,000 plus interest, maturing 2021.		450,000
Lease #3 - The County has entered into a capital lease agreement, secured by vehicles & equipment, bearing interest at 1.37% with annual payments of \$602,742, maturing 2018.		4 750 704
+, ·, ··, ··		1,759,724
	\$_	2,535,947

Equipment Under Capitalized Leases

The County has entered into the above lease agreements for leasing vehicles, equipment, golf course, and the civic center. The cost of these assets is \$4,038,273 with accumulated amortization of \$1,107,669 for a net \$2,930,604 value. Depreciation expense was \$270,816 for the current year. The lease on the vehicles and equipment is payable from the general fund while the civic center and golf course leases are payable from the County's debt service fund.

The remaining lease payments as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 682,194	\$ 50,088	\$ 732,282
2017	785,233	37,708	822,941
2018	798,520	22,113	820,633
2019	90,000	6,067	96,067
2020	90,000	3,767	93,767
2021	90,000	1,450	91,450
	\$ 2,535,947	\$ 121,193	\$ 2,657,140

The interest paid on the capital lease obligations for the year ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$27,953.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Notes Payable	Balance			
\$1,511,903 Enterprise financing agreement for VA nursing home, 4.15% semi-annual interest, semi-annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2007,	•			
matures 2016.	\$	179,727		
\$1,200,000 loan from the South Carolina Public Service Authority for economic development with annual interest payments only at a rate of 2% changing to				
market rate after year three with principal and interest due, matures in 2025.		880,032		
	\$	1,059,759		

Future debt service requirements for notes payable at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 179,727	\$ 31,456	\$ 211,183
-	24,000	24,000
-	24,000	24,000
171,429	20,571	192,000
171,429	56,937	228,366
537,174	57,696	594,870
\$ 1,059,759	\$ 214,660	\$ 1,274,419
	\$ 179,727 - - 171,429 171,429 537,174	\$ 179,727 \$ 31,456 - 24,000 - 24,000 171,429 20,571 171,429 56,937 537,174 57,696

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when each site stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for twenty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The \$462,289 reported as an accrual for landfill closure and postclosure care costs at June 30, 2015 includes the cumulative amount reported less amounts paid to date for the open site based on the following information.

		Es	Estimated Total Costs							
Estimated Remaining Landfill Life	Percentage Balance of Capacity Used	Closure	Postclosure	Total	Remaining To Be Recognized					
33 years	44.80%	\$ 670,680	\$ 116,568	\$ 787,248	\$ 324,959					

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2015. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Council has designated cash of \$363,272 for payment of closure and postclosure care costs.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Discretely Presented Component Units

Fire and rescue general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

General Obligation Bonds	Balance
\$2,400,000 Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, 3.5% to 4.0% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2007, matures 2016.	\$ 450,000
\$4,000,000 Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008, 3.39% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2008, matures 2018.	1,425,000
\$6,445,000 Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012, 0.4% to 2.6% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2013,	
matures 2026.	 5,155,000
	\$ 7,030,000

Future debt service requirements for fire and rescue general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,330,000	\$ 169,59	90 \$ 1,499,590
2017	910,000	130,66	1,040,660
2018	940,000	20 1,049,120	
2019	450,000	85,57	70 535,570
2020	455,000	76,57	70 531,570
2021-2025	2,425,000	237,25	53 2,662,253
2026	520,000	13,52	20 533,520
	\$ 7,030,000	\$ 822,28	\$ 7,852,283

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Capital Lease Payable

\$3,036,957 lease payable for radios at an interest rate of 2.32% with annual payments of \$343,779 beginning in fiscal year 2015.

\$ 2,763,635

\$ 2,763,635

Equipment Under Capitalized Leases

The fire and rescue has entered into the above lease agreement for Motorola radios. The cost of these assets is \$3,422,784 with accumulated amortization of \$318,834 with a net value of \$3,103,950. Depreciation expense was \$171,139 for the year. The lease on the radios is payable from the fire and rescue debt service fund. The remaining lease payments as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2016	\$ 279,663	\$	64,116	\$ 343,779
2017	286,151		57,628	343,779
2018	292,790	292,790 50,9		343,779
2019	299,582		44,197	343,779
2020	306,533		37,246	343,779
2021-2024	1,298,916		76,201	1,375,117
	\$ 2,763,635	\$	330,377	\$ 3,094,012

Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description:

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The Plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the County's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the County Council. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Funding Policy:

Contribution requirements are established annually by the County Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Medical coverage levels and premiums for retirees and their families are the same as coverage provided to active County employees under the State Health Insurance Plan. Subject to an annual appropriation, the County pays 50% of individual coverage for individuals who:

- are at least 62 years of age,
- were employed by the County at the time of their retirement,
- had twenty years of qualifying full-time employment with the County,
- were covered by the County's health/dental insurance program, and
- retired under the South Carolina Retirement System or the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System.

The above individuals pay the remaining 50% of the premium for individual coverage and 100% of any premium for family coverage. Any person who retires from County employment meeting all requirements except age will qualify for the funded percentage of assistance upon reaching the age of 62, provided he or she has participated in the County's plan, paying 100% of the individual or family coverage in the interim.

The state health insurance plan prohibits its participants from rating retirees and active employees separately. The County, therefore, pays an equal blended rate premium for both groups. Although both groups are charged the same rate, GASB 45 requires the actuarial figures to be calculated using age adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separately from active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the addition of an implicit rate subsidy into the actuarial accrued liability.

For the fiscal year 2015, the County contributed \$28,881 to the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of not to exceed thirty years.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan, which have been allocated between the primary government and component units based on current payroll:

			Component Units				
	F	Primary	F	ire and			
	Go	vernment		Rescue	Library		Total
Annual required contribution	\$	246,264	\$	35,003	\$	34,539	\$ 315,806
Interest on net OPEB obligation		49,606		10,155		4,987	64,748
ARC adjustment		(42,218)		(9,105)		(3,950)	 (55,273)
Annual OPEB cost		253,652		36,053		35,576	325,281
Contributions made		(22,577)		(3,152)		(3,152)	 (28,881)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		231,075		32,901		32,424	296,400
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		1,102,365		225,664		110,807	 1,438,836
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	1,333,440	\$	258,565	\$	143,231	\$ 1,735,236

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2015 and the two succeeding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Anı	nual OPEB Cost	P	mployer Amount ntributed	Percentage Annual Cost Contributed	let OPEB Obligation
Primary Government						
6/30/2015	\$	253,652	\$	22,577	8.90%	\$ 1,333,440
6/30/2014		249,209		37,117	14.89%	1,102,365
6/30/2013		258,360		17,925	6.94%	890,273
Fire and Rescue						
6/30/2015	\$	36,053	\$	3,152	8.74%	\$ 258,565
6/30/2014		35,640		2,594	7.41%	225,664
6/30/2013		36,834		2,556	6.94%	192,618
Library						
6/30/2015	\$	35,576	\$	3,152	8.86%	\$ 143,231
6/30/2014		34,799		2,594	7.51%	110,807
6/30/2013		36,834		2,556	6.94%	78,602

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,608,908, and the actuarial value of the assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,608,908. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$15,326,465 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 17.0%.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following information is provided using the assumption that the County will continue its current pay-as-you-go funding policy for the foreseeable future. In that scenario the annual employer contributions each year are equal to the benefits that are paid on behalf of the retirees. Under this funding policy, GASB 45 requires the use of a discount rate consistent with the expected investment returns on the County's general assets. The June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation assumed a 4.5% discount rate. The projected unit credit cost method was used to calculate the ARC for the June 30, 2013 valuation, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6% initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 4.5% after ten years, which includes a 3% inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of active member payrolls over an open period of 30 years.

	Actuarial Valuation Date	ation Assets Credit Cost		bility (AAL) Unit	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
-	6/30/2015		\$	2,608,908	\$ 2.608.908	0.0%		17.0%	
	6/30/2014	-	*	2,608,908	2,608,908	0.0%	14,020,788	18.6%	
	6/30/2013	-		2,625,858	2,625,858	0.0%	15,973,784	16.4%	

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Pension Plan

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board, which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the Systems and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review. PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available on the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- PORS To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

• SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirements that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

• PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9% of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5% for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; and, this increase is not limited to one- half of one percent per year. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the County and its component units for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

SCRS Contributions Primary Government Fire and Rescue	\$ 949,415 26,581 35,138
Library Total SCRS	\$ 1,011,134
SCPORS Contributions	
Primary Government Fire and Rescue	\$ 531,574 590,662

Required employee contribution rates for fiscal year 2014-2015 are as follows:

SCRS

Employee Class Two	8.00% of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three	8.00% of earnable compensation

PORS

Employee Class One \$21 per month
Employee Class Two 8.41% of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three 8.41% of earnable compensation

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Required employer contributions for fiscal year 2014-2015 are as follows:

Employer Class Two	10.75% of earnable compensation
Employer Class Three	10.75% of earnable compensation
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15% of earnable compensation
PORS	
Employer Class One	7.80% of earnable compensation
Employer Class Two	13.01% of earnable compensation
Employer Class Three	13.01% of earnable compensation
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20% of earnable compensation
Employer Accidental Death Program	0.20% of earnable compensation

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2015, the County and its component units reported a combined liability of \$30,069,891 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The most recent annual actuarial valuation reports adopted by the PEBA Board and Budget and Control Board are as of July 1, 2013. The net pension liability of each defined benefit pension plan was therefore determined based on the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuations, using membership data as of July 1, 2013, projected forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2014, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position.

System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	County & Component Units Net Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
SCRS	\$ 42,955,205,796	\$ 25,738,521,026	\$ 17,355,106	59.9%	
PORS	\$ 5,899,529,434	\$ 3,985,101,996	\$ 12,714,785	67.5%	

Net Pension Liability SCRS SCPORS Total \$ 6.022.663 **Primary Government** \$ 16,295,756 \$ 22.318.419 Memorial Library 603,114 603,114 Fire and Rescue Commission 456,236 6,692,122 7,148,358 Total net pension liability \$ 17,355,106 \$ 12,714,785 \$ 30,069,891

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and its component units recognized pension expense of \$2,328,783.

	Pension Expense			
	SCRS	SCPORS	Total	
Primary Government	\$ 1,142,148	\$ 526,909	\$ 1,669,057	
Memorial Library	31,977	585,478	617,455	
Fire and Rescue Commission	42,271	<u> </u>	42,271	
Total pension expense	\$ 1,216,396	\$ 1,112,387	\$ 2,328,783	

At June 30, 2015, the County and its component units reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred outflows of desources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	831,072	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		2,934,356
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,133,370		-
Total	\$	2,964,442	\$	2,934,356

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources are allocated between the County and its component units as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Primary Government	\$ 2,103,460	\$ 2,070,717	
Memorial Library	52,228	50,847	
Fire and Rescue Commission	808,754	812,792	
	\$ 2,964,442	\$ 2,934,356	

The contributions applied to the pension liability of \$2,133,370 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. The following schedule reflects the amortization of remaining deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources at June 30, 2014. Average remaining services lives of all employees provided with pension through the pension plans at June 30, 2014 was 4.233 years for SCRS and 4.856 years for PORS.

Measurement Period Ending June 30,	SCRS	PORS
2015	\$ (213,681)	\$ (279,805)
2016	(213,681)	(279,805)
2017	(213,681)	(279,805)
2018	 (330,349)	 (292,477)
Net Balance of Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	\$ (971,391)	\$ (1,131,893)

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined during the valuation process are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed on data through June 30, 2010, and the next experience study is scheduled to be conducted after the June 30, 2015 annual valuation is complete. The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2013, valuations for SCRS and PORS.

	<u>SCRS</u>	<u>PORS</u>
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases	Levels off at 3.5%	Levels off at 4.0%
Includes inflation at	2.75%	2.75%
Benefits adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500	Lesser of 1% or \$500

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. This assumption includes base rates which are automatically adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000.

Former Job Class	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
Educators and Judges	RP-2000 Males (with	RP-2000 Females (with
	White Collar adjustment)	White Collar adjustment)
	multiplied by 110%	multiplied by 95%
General Employees and Members of the	RP-2000 Males	RP-2000 Females
General Assembly	multiplied by 100%	multiplied by 90%
Public Safety, Firefighters and Member of	RP-2000 Males (with	RP-2000 Females (with
the South Carolina National Guard	Blue Collar adjustment)	Blue Collar adjustment)
	multiplied by 115%	multiplied by 115%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 30 year capital market outlook at the end of the third guarter 2012. The actuarial longterm expected rates of return represent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class and were developed in coordination with the investment consultant for the Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC) using a building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economic forecasts. The actuarial long-term assumptions for other asset classes are based on historical results, current market characteristics and professional judgment.

The RSIC has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. As cofiduciary of the Systems, statutory provisions and governance policies allow the RSIC to operate in a manner consistent with a long-term investment time horizon. The expected real rates of investment return, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted annually by the RSIC. For actuarial purposes, the long-term expected rate of return is calculated by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and then adding the actuarial expected inflation which is summarized in the table on the following page. For actuarial purposes, the 7.50% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75% real rate of return and a 2.75% inflation component.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Short Term	5.0%	0.09	0.03
Domestic Fixed Income	13.0%	7.40	0.26
Global Fixed Income	9.0%	4.90	0.27
Global Public Equity	31.0%	7.80	2.42
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	10.0%	5.10	0.51
Alternatives	32.0%	35.40	2.39
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		5.88
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.75
Total Expected Nominal Return			8.63

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The following table presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

1.0 System		% Decrease (6.5%)	Dis	scount Rate (7.5%)	1.0	1.0% Increase (8.5%)		
SCRS	\$	22,458,582	\$	17,355,107	\$	13,097,345		
PORS	\$	17 768 688	\$	12 714 784	\$	8 533 239		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.retirement.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the County reported payables of \$273,860 that represents the amount due for the month of June.

NOTE 7 OTHER INFORMATION

Deferred Compensation Plans

Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan: The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, offered through the State of South Carolina, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all regular full-time employees, permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employee or his beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death, disability, or an approved hardship.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are held in trust for the contributing employee and are not subject to claims of the County's general creditors. The plan is administered by the State of South Carolina.

Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) Plan: The County also offers its participation in a deferred compensation plan, offered through the State of South Carolina, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The 401(k) plan has the same eligibility requirements as the 457 plan, although the withdrawal provisions are more lenient under the 401(k) plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are held in trust for the contributing employee and are not subject to claims of the County's general creditors. The funds are administered by the State of South Carolina.

Risk Management

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters, for which the County carries commercial insurance, and policies with the South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The County and its component units are covered under the same risk management umbrella and pay a pro-rata share of an annual premium for general insurance coverage. The County pays annual premiums to the State Insurance Reserve Fund for certain general insurance coverage. The State Insurance Reserve Fund is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for certain claims.

Contingent Liabilities

Grants: Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies in previous years are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation: The County is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These lawsuits involve environmental issues, alleged failure to appropriate proper budgets, employment matters, and certain claims under contractual agreements. In the opinion of County management, based on the advice of legal counsel with respect to litigation, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position. Additionally, the County would be allowed to appropriate any required funds in a subsequent year.

NOTE 7 OTHER INFORMATION – CONTINUED

Commitments

Construction Commitments: At June 30, 2015, the County has commitments under contracts for various architectural and engineering projects not completed of approximately \$1,768,237 that relate to the capital penny sales tax project approved by voter referendum.

Operating Leases: The County participates in certain leases accounted for as operating leases.

The County is obligated under agreements with various parties for the rental of facilities and equipment. Rental expense associated with the leases for the year ended June 30, 2015 is \$73,607.

Future minimum rental payments required over the next five years under the non-cancellable operating leases having a remaining term in excess of one year at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2016	\$ 59,518
2017	41,432
2018	29,809
2019	21,475
2020	 3,602
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 155,836

Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the net position date but before the financial statements were issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the net position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management has evaluated the activities of the County through December 10, 2015.

A general obligation bond in the amount of \$5,395,000 was issued in September 2015 as a refunding of the special source revenue bond of 2012. This bond will be paid out of the County's debt service fund and will mature in the year 2032.

NOTE 8 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

The County has determined that a restatement of beginning net position of the fire and rescue component unit is required to reflect a correction of an error in the June 30, 2014 financial report that did not properly record and report depreciation expense from the years 2012 to 2014 on several capital assets. The result of the correction is a decrease in the net position of the fire and rescue in the amount of \$824,929.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for fiscal year 2015, the County made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which require the restatement of the June 30, 2014 net position of the governmental activities of the County and its component units. The result is a decrease in net position at June 30, 2014 of \$22,101,740 in the County's governmental activities, \$594,616 in the memorial library, and \$7,156,305 in the fire and rescue commission.

	County	Compone	ent Units
	Governmental	Memorial	Fire and
	Activities	Library	Rescue
Net Position June 30, 2014, as Previously Reported	\$ 55,766,565	\$ 146,221	\$ 5,855,349
Pension Liability, Net	(22,101,740)	(594,616)	(7,156,305)
Depreciation, Net			(824,929)
Net Position, June 30, 2014, as restated	\$ 33,664,825	\$ (448,395)	\$ (2,125,885)

NOTE 9 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following summarizes the amounts included in the calculation for the net investment in capital assets. The County received the proceeds of \$30,272,627 million bond in May 2015 and spent \$1,281,957 out of those proceeds before the end of June 2015. The list of projects include asset acquisitions as well as assistance to other entities within the County. The net investment in capital assets is summarized below:

	County		Compo	nent	Units	
	Governmental	N	Memorial		Fire and	
	Activities		Library	Rescue		
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 46,791,710	\$	286,101	\$	12,694,923	
Long-term obligations	(67,072,385)		(768,572)		(17,463,629)	
Net pension liability	22,318,419		603,114		7,148,358	
Compensated absences	639,904		22,227		263,071	
OPEB liaiblity	1,333,440		143,231		258,565	
Landfill closure	462,289		-		-	
Bond proceeds on hand	28,990,670		_			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 33,464,047	\$	286,101	\$	2,901,288	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with final budget - positive		
	Original			Final		Actual	(negative)		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	20,180,323	\$	20,180,323	\$	19,107,608	\$	(1,072,715)	
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ	1,783,741	Ψ	1,866,951	Ψ	1,646,468	Ψ	(220,483)	
Fines and fees		4,307,299		4,307,299		4,413,903		106,604	
Other income				582,420					
Total revenues		534,325 26,805,688		26,936,993		100,941 25,268,920		(481,479)	
Total revenues		20,000,000		20,930,993		25,266,920		(1,668,073)	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government		9,844,620		9,310,984		8,355,958		955,026	
Judicial		1,145,761		1,145,761		1,132,325		13,436	
Public safety		6,629,243		6,630,380		6,662,739		(32,359)	
Roads and bridges		2,044,125		2,044,784		1,798,827		245,957	
Solid waste		2,243,308		2,306,169		2,208,389		97,780	
Recreation and culture		880,039		1,079,189		999,662		79,527	
Health and human services		654,944		639,515		669,000		(29,485)	
Economic development		265,820		265,820		291,994		(26,174)	
Intergovernmental		2,868,719		3,508,719		3,508,719		-	
Capital Outlay									
General government		302,394		253,718		243,924		9,794	
Public safety		-		-		15		(15)	
Sanitation		-		6,791		6,782		9	
Recreation and culture		-		746,800		743,037		3,763	
Total expenditures		26,878,973		27,938,630		26,621,371		1,317,259	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(73,285)		(1,001,637)		(1,352,451)		(350,814)	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Debt proceeds				450,000		450,000			
Insurance proceeds		-		42,803		450,000		3,909	
Transfers in		2 270 525		· ·				•	
		2,270,535		2,706,485		2,811,042		104,557	
Transfers out		(2,197,250)		(2,197,651)		(1,995,522)		202,129	
Total other financing sources (uses)		73,285		1,001,637		1,312,232		310,595	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(40,219)		(40,219)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	7,054,019		7,054,019		7,054,019			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,054,019	\$	7,054,019	\$	7,013,800	\$	(40,219)	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE:

The basis of budgeting is the same as generally accepted accounting principles. The County adopts annual budgets using the modified accrual basis. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

			Actuarial Accrued					UAAL as a
	Actuarial		Liability (AAL)	U	nfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of		Projected AAL		AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets		Unit Credit		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(b/a)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
6/30/2015	\$	-	\$ 2,608,908	\$	2,608,908	0.0%	\$ 15,326,465	17.0%
6/30/2014		-	2,608,908		2,608,908	0.0%	14,020,788	18.6%
6/30/2013		-	2,625,858		2,625,858	0.0%	15,973,784	16.4%

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE PENSION PLAN - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

SCRS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	0.094651%								
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	\$ 16,295,756								
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	\$ 8,710,229								
Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered- Employee Payroll	N/A	187.09%								
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	N/A	59.90%								

PORS

Fiscal Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	0.314595%								
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension										
Liability	N/A	\$ 6,022,663								
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	\$ 3,964,012								
Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered- Employee Payroll	N/A	151.93%								
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	N/A	67.50%								

N/A - Not Available

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE PENSION PLAN - COMPONENT UNITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FIRE & RESCUE

SCRS

Fiscal Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	0.002650%								
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	\$ 456,236								
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	\$ 243,862								
Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered- Employee Payroll	N/A	187.09%								
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	N/A	59.90%								

PORS

Fiscal Year

•										
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	0.349565%								
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	\$ 6,692,122								
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	\$ 4,404,638								
Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered- Employee Payroll	N/A	151.93%								
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	N/A	67.50%								

N/A - Not Available

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE PENSION PLAN - COMPONENT UNITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LIBRARY

SCRS

Fiscal Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	N/A	0.003503%								
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A N/A	\$ 603,114 \$ 322,367								
Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered- Employee Payroll	N/A	187.09%								
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	N/A	59.90%								

0

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS STATE PENSION PLAN - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

SCRS

Fiscal Year

Contractually Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
Covered-Employee Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of

Covered-Employee Payroll

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
N/A	\$ 949,415								
N/A	949,415								
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
N/A	\$ 8,710,229								
N/A	10.90%								

PORS

Fiscal Year

Contractually Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
Covered-Employee Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
N/A	\$ 531,574								
N/A	531,574								
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
N/A	\$ 3,964,012								
N/A	13.41%								

N/A - Not Available

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS STATE PENSION PLAN - COMPONENT UNITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FIRE & RESCUE

SCRS

Fiscal Year

Contractually Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
Covered-Employee Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
N/A	\$ 26,581								
N/A	26,581								
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
N/A	\$ 243,862								
N/A	10.90%								

PORS

Fiscal Year

Contractually Required Contribution
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
Covered-Employee Payroll
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll

	i ioui iou												
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 590,662				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	590,662				
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 4,404,638				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13.41%				

N/A - Not Available

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS STATE PENSION PLAN - COMPONENT UNITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LIBRARY

SCRS

Fiscal Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	N/A	\$ 35,138								
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	N/A	35,138								
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	\$ 322,367								
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	10.90%								

9

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Sheriff's Discretionary Funds – to account for the program and activities associated with the sheriff department.

Sheriff's Title IV D Fund - to account for federal child enforcement funds received and disbursed by the Sheriff.

Clerk of Court IV Incentives Fund - to account for federal child enforcement incentives received and disbursed by the Clerk of Court.

Clerk of Court IV Unit Costs Fund – to account for federal child enforcement funds received and disbursed by the Clerk of Court.

Victim Witness Services Fund - to account for victims funds for the County.

14th Circuit Court Solicitor Fund – to account for the activities of the 14th Circuit Court Solicitor mandated by State Statute to prosecute within 14th Circuit Court System that Colleton County acts as Host County.

Public Defender Corporation Fund – to account for the activities of the Public Defender that is mandated to defend in the State court system all persons within Colleton County who are required by Statute, State or Federal Constitution to be provided with a legal counsel at public expense.

Special Revenue Fund - to account for all grants and contributions awarded to the County.

Animal Care Control Donations Fund - to account for projects and activities for animal control.

Emergency Telephone Fund – to account for operations of the County's Emergency 911 communication system.

County Hospitality Tax Fund – to account for local hospitality tax collected by the County.

County Accommodations Tax Fund – to account for local accommodations tax collected by the County.

State Accommodations Tax Fund – to account for state accommodations tax collected by the State.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund – used for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on County general obligation debt.

SSRB Cannady's Debt Service Fund – used to account for activities of the special source financing arrangements for the Cannady's debt service for payment of principal and interest debt.

Debt Service Non-GOB – used to set aside funds to pay interest and principal on County non-general obligation debt.

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Sheriff's Discretionary Funds		Sheriff's Title IV D		Clerk of Court IV Incentives			k of Court Jnit Costs
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	182,628	\$	5,050	\$	104,415	\$	19,863
Receivables, net of allowances		-				1,037		13,027
Total assets	\$	182,628	\$	5,050	\$	105,452	\$	32,890
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,301	\$	3,878
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		-		-		3,907
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		1,301		7,785
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues-property taxes		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _				-
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund Balances								
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-
Restricted		182,628		5,050		104,151		25,105
Total fund balances		182,628		5,050		104,151		25,105
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	182,628	\$	5,050	\$	105,452	\$	32,890

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Victim	1	4th Circuit		Public			
	Witness			Court	D	efender			
		Services		Solicitor	Corporation				
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,261	\$	1,274,611	\$	40,946			
Receivables, net of allowances		3,010		322,089					
Total assets	\$	129,271	\$	1,596,700	\$	40,946			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	1,302	\$	26,678	\$	-			
Accrued payroll and benefits		1,588		112,769		-			
Unearned revenues		-		-		-			
Total liabilities		2,890		139,447		-			
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenues-property taxes		-		-		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-			
Fund Balances									
Assigned		-		1,457,253		40,946			
Committed		-		-		-			
Restricted		126,381		-		-			
Total fund balances		126,381		1,457,253		40,946			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	129,271	\$	1,596,700	\$	40,946			

			Ar	nimal Care			
	Special			Control	Emergency		
	F	Revenue		Oonations	Telephone		
				_			
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,490	\$	127,526	\$	388,496	
Receivables, net of allowances		329,869				51,928	
Total assets	\$	348,359	\$	127,526	\$	440,424	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,							
and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	158,230	\$	565	\$	2,792	
Accrued payroll and benefits		63,189		-		3,940	
Unearned revenues		47,784		-		-	
Total liabilities		269,203		565		6,732	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenues-property taxes		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-			
Fund Balances							
Assigned		-		126,961		-	
Committed		-		-		-	
Restricted		79,156				433,692	
Total fund balances		79,156		126,961		433,692	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,							
and fund balances	\$	348,359	\$	127,526	\$	440,424	

		Special	Revenue Funds		
	County ospitality	Acco	County mmodations	State Accommodations Tax	
	 Tax		Tax		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,143	\$	733,903	\$	5,058
Receivables, net of allowances	19,811		67,480		-
Total assets	\$ 47,954	\$	801,383	\$	5,058
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,761	\$	1,307	\$	-
Accrued payroll and benefits	-		12,885		-
Unearned revenues	 		<u> </u>		-
Total liabilities	 3,761		14,192		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenues-property taxes	-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		-		
Fund Balances					
Assigned	-		-		-
Committed	44,193		787,191		-
Restricted	 -				5,058
Total fund balances	 44,193		787,191		5,058
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,					
and fund balances	\$ 47,954	\$	801,383	\$	5,058

			SS	RB			Tot	al Nonmajor	
			Cann	ady's	Debt Service		Governmental		
	De	ebt Service	Debt S	Debt Service		Non-GOB		Funds	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	384,832	\$	-	\$	124,641	\$	3,564,863	
Receivables, net of allowances		147,920		-				956,171	
Total assets	\$	532,752	\$	-	\$	124,641	\$	4,521,034	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	199,814	
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		-		-		198,278	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		47,784	
Total liabilities		-		-		-		445,876	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenues-property taxes		120,779		-		-		120,779	
Total deferred inflows of resources		120,779		-		-		120,779	
Fund Balances									
Assigned		-		-		-		1,625,160	
Committed		-		-		-		831,384	
Restricted		411,973		-		124,641		1,497,835	
Total fund balances		411,973		-		124,641		3,954,379	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	532,752	\$	-	\$	124,641	\$	4,521,034	

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Sheriff's								
	Discretionary	Sheriff's	Clerk of Court	Clerk of Court					
	Funds	Title IV D	IV Incentives	IV Unit Costs					
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental revenues	283,542	11,171	42,538	139,406					
Fines and fees	27,957	-	-	-					
Other income	511	1	123	28					
Total revenues	312,010	11,172	42,661	139,434					
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Judicial	_	-	5,000	131,980					
Public safety	168,205	6,223	, -	, -					
Roads and Bridges	, <u>-</u>	-	_	_					
Recreation and culture	_	_	_	_					
Health and human services	-	_	_	-					
Intergovernmental	-	_	_	_					
Capital outlay									
Judicial	-	_	_	18,864					
Public safety	89,538	_	_	-					
Economic development	-	_	_	_					
Debt service									
Principal retirement	-	_	_	_					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	_	_	-					
Total expenditures	257,743	6,223	5,000	150,844					
- (1.5:) (
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	54,267	4,949	37,661	(11,410)					
Other financing sources (uses)									
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	24,747	-	-	-					
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-					
Legal Settlement	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	-	-	-	18,885					
Transfers out	(4,824)		(38,066)	(21,989)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,923		(38,066)	(3,104)					
Net change in fund balances	74,190	4,949	(405)	(14,514)					
Fund balances, beginning of year	108,438	101	104,556	39,619					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 182,628	\$ 5,050	\$ 104,151	\$ 25,105					

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Victim		14th Circuit	F	Public			
	Witnes	S	Court	De	efender			
	Service	s	Solicitor	Co	rporation			
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$	-			
Intergovernmental revenues	6	5,409	2,449,989		-			
Fines and fees		-	395,982		-			
Other income		150	1,465		53			
Total revenues	6	5,559	2,847,436		53			
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		-	-		-			
Judicial		-	3,289,848		-			
Public safety	4	6,724	-		-			
Roads and Bridges		-	-		-			
Recreation and culture		-	-		-			
Health and human services		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental		-	-		-			
Capital outlay								
Judicial		-	-		-			
Public safety		-	-		-			
Economic development		-	-		-			
Debt service								
Principal retirement		-	-		-			
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-			
Total expenditures	4	6,724	3,289,848		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	1	8,835	(442,412)		53			
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		707	-		-			
Insurance proceeds		-	281		-			
Legal Settlement		-	-		-			
Transfers in		-	229,512		-			
Transfers out		-	(9,913)		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		707	219,880		-			
Net change in fund balances	1	9,542	(222,532)		53			
Fund balances, beginning of year	10	6,839	1,679,785		40,893			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 12	6,381 \$	1,457,253	\$	40,946			

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Animal Care						
	Special	Control	Emergency					
	Revenue	Donations	Telephone					
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental revenues	2,147,446	4,861	62,610					
Fines and fees	385	20,175	273,202					
Other income	-	4,173	504					
Total revenues	2,147,831	29,209	336,316					
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	-	-	-					
Judicial	99,096	-	-					
Public safety	451,773	31,518	301,294					
Roads and Bridges	-	-	-					
Recreation and culture	13,782	-	-					
Health and human services	1,128,883	-	-					
Intergovernmental	327,805	-	-					
Capital outlay								
Judicial	-	-	-					
Public safety	49,381	-	-					
Economic development	43,221	-	-					
Debt service								
Principal retirement	-	-	-					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-					
Total expenditures	2,113,941	31,518	301,294					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	33,890	(2,309)	35,022					
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-	-	-					
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-					
Legal Settlement	-	-	-					
Transfers in	34,045	-	-					
Transfers out	(160,000)	<u></u> _	<u>-</u>					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(125,955)	-						
Net change in fund balances	(92,065)	(2,309)	35,022					
Fund balances, beginning of year	171,221	129,270	398,670					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 79,156	\$ 126,961	\$ 433,692					

	Special Revenue Funds								
	County	County	State						
	Hospitality	Accommodations	Accommodations						
	Tax	Tax	Tax						
Revenues	<u> </u>								
Taxes	\$ 483,209	\$ 458,331	\$ -						
Intergovernmental revenues	914,796	=	-						
Fines and fees	-	-	-						
Other income	649	875	6						
Total revenues	1,398,654	459,206	6						
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	1,807	-	-						
Judicial	-	-	-						
Public safety	-	-	-						
Roads and Bridges	-	3,261	-						
Recreation and culture	1,130,277	318,978	-						
Health and human services	-	=	-						
Intergovernmental	-	=	-						
Capital outlay									
Judicial	-	=	-						
Public safety	-	-	-						
Economic development	-	=	-						
Debt service									
Principal retirement	-	-	-						
Interest and fiscal charges	-	=	-						
Total expenditures	1,132,084	322,239	-						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	266,570	136,967	6						
Other financing sources (uses)									
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-	-	-						
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-						
Legal Settlement	-	7,411	-						
Transfers in	-	=	-						
Transfers out	(817,648)	=	-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(817,648)	7,411							
Net change in fund balances	(551,078)	144,378	6						
Fund balances, beginning of year	595,271	642,813	5,052						
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 44,193	\$ 787,191	\$ 5,058						

				SSRB			Tot	al Nonmajor
			C	annady's	Debt	Service	Go	vernmental
	De	ebt Service	De	bt Service	No	n-GOB		Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,250,036	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,191,576
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		6,121,768
Fines and fees		2,691		101,771		-		822,163
Other income		1,025		-		161		9,724
Total revenues		1,253,752		101,771		161		9,145,231
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		-		-		-		1,807
Judicial		-		-		-		3,525,924
Public safety		-		-		-		1,005,737
Roads and Bridges		-		-		-		3,261
Recreation and culture		-		-		-		1,463,037
Health and human services		-		-		-		1,128,883
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		327,805
Capital outlay								
Judicial		-		-		-		18,864
Public safety		-		-		-		138,919
Economic development		-		-		-		43,221
Debt service								
Principal retirement		1,877,116		380,000		271,377		2,528,493
Interest and fiscal charges		179,512		178,733		35,322		393,567
Total expenditures		2,056,628		558,733		306,699		10,579,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(802,876)		(456,962)		(306,538)		(1,434,287)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		-		-		-		25,454
Insurance proceeds		-		-		-		281
Legal Settlement		-		-		-		7,411
Transfers in		295,374		407,925		306,698		1,292,439
Transfers out		-		-		-		(1,052,440)
Total other financing sources (uses)		295,374		407,925		306,698		273,145
Net change in fund balances		(507,502)		(49,037)		160		(1,161,142)
Fund balances, beginning of year		919,475		49,037		124,481		5,115,521
Fund balances, end of year	\$	411,973	\$	-	\$	124,641	\$	3,954,379

Sheriff's Title IV D

	Budgeted Amounts							ce with final et - positive	
	Original			Final		Actual		(negative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	13,981	\$	13,981	\$	11,171	\$	(2,810)	
Other income		-		-		1		1	
Total revenues		13,981		13,981		11,172		(2,809)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public safety		13,981		13,981		6,223		7,758	
Total expenditures		13,981		13,981		6,223		7,758	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		4,949		4,949	
Fund balance, beginning of year		101		101		101		-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	101	\$	101	\$	5,050	\$	4,949	

Clerk of Court IV Incentives

	Budgeted Amounts							ce with final et - positive
		Original		Final	Actual		(ne	egative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	36,975	\$	36,975	\$	42,538	\$	5,563
Other income		6,091		6,091		123		(5,968)
Total revenues		43,066		43,066		42,661		(405)
Expenditures								
Current								
Judicial		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Total expenditures		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		38,066		38,066		37,661		(405)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(38,066)		(38,066)		(38,066)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(38,066)		(38,066)		(38,066)		-
Net change in fund balances		_		_		(405)		(405)
Fund balance, beginning of year		104,556		104,556		104,556		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	104,556	\$	104,556	\$	104,151	\$	(405)

Clerk of Court IV Unit Costs

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final						Variance with final budget - positive	
		Original		Final	Actual		(r	egative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	116,610	\$	116,610	\$	139,406	\$	22,796
Other income		-		39,619		28		(39,591)
Total revenues		116,610		156,229		139,434		(16,795)
Expenditures Current								
Judicial		135,495		134,261		131,980		2,281
Capital Outlay		100,400		104,201		101,000		2,201
Judicial		-		18,864		18,864		_
Total expenditures		135,495		153,125		150,844		2,281
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(18,885)		3,104		(11,410)		(14,514)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		18,885		18,885		18,885		-
Transfers out		-		(21,989)		(21,989)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		18,885		(3,104)		(3,104)		-
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(14,514)		(14,514)
Fund balance, beginning of year		39,619		39,619		39,619		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	39,619	\$	39,619	\$	25,105	\$	(14,514)

Victim Witness

	Budgeted	l Amour	nts	Actual		Variance with final budget - positive (negative)	
	Original		Final				
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 52,560	\$	52,560	\$	65,409	\$	12,849
Other income	-		-		150		150
Total revenues	52,560		52,560		65,559		12,999
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety	52,560		52,560		46,724		5,836
Total expenditures	52,560		52,560		46,724		5,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures			-		18,835		18,835
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-		-		707		(707)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-		707		(707)
Net change in fund balances	-		-		19,542		18,128
Fund balance, beginning of year	106,839		106,839		106,839		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 106,839	\$	106,839	\$	126,381	\$	18,128

14th Circuit Court Solicitor

	Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Variance with final budget - positive	
	Original		Final	 Actual	(1	negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$	2,741,293	\$ 2,449,989	\$	(291,304)
Fines and fees	-		456,832	395,982		(60,850)
Other income	-		2,053	1,465		(588)
Total revenues	-		3,200,178	2,847,436		(352,742)
Expenditures						
Current						
Judicial	-		3,475,186	3,289,848		185,338
Total expenditures	 -		3,475,186	3,289,848		185,338
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 		(275,008)	 (442,412)		(167,404)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Insurance proceeds	-		-	281		281
Transfers in	-		280,971	229,512		(51,459)
Transfers out	-		(5,963)	(9,913)		(3,950)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		275,008	219,880		(55,128)
Net change in fund balances	-		-	(222,532)		(222,532)
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,679,785		1,679,785	1,679,785		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,679,785	\$	1,679,785	\$ 1,457,253	\$	(222,532)

Special Revenue

	Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with final budget - positive	
	Original	Final		Actual		(negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 3,902,356	\$	2,737,711	\$	2,147,446	\$	(590,265)
Fines and fees	-		-		385		385
Other income	202,523		169,269		-		(169,269)
Total revenues	4,104,879		2,906,980		2,147,831		(759,149)
Expenditures							
Current							
Judicial	2,841,218		125,593		99,096		26,497
Public safety	324,951		567,036		451,773		115,263
Recreation and culture	-		38,695		13,782		24,913
Health and human services	755,094		1,607,104		1,128,883		478,221
Intergovernmental	-		290,639		327,805		(37,166)
Capital Outlay							
Public safety	-		56,999		49,381		7,618
Economic development	 -		86,499		43,221		43,278
Total expenditures	3,921,263		2,772,565		2,113,941		658,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 183,616		134,415		33,890		(100,525)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	18,907		25,585		34,045		8,460
Transfers out	(202,523)		(160,000)		(160,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(183,616)		(134,415)		(125,955)		8,460
Net change in fund balances	-		-		(92,065)		(92,065)
Fund balance, beginning of year	171,221		171,221		171,221		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 171,221	\$	171,221	\$	79,156	\$	(92,065)
	 						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Animal Care Co	ontrol E	onations
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		Budgeted	l Amour	nts				ce with final et - positive
	(Original		Final		Actual	(negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,861	\$	4,861
Fines and fees		18,900		18,900		20,175		1,275
Other income		100		14,100		4,173		(9,927)
Total revenues		19,000		33,000		29,209		(3,791)
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		19,000		33,000		31,518		1,482
Total expenditures		19,000		33,000		31,518		1,482
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(2,309)		(2,309)
Fund balance, beginning of year		129,270		129,270		129,270		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	129,270	\$	129,270	\$	126,961	\$	(2,309)

Emergency Telephone

	Liner geney i	Cicpiio					
	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with final budget - positive	
	Original		Final		Actual	(r	negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 75,980	\$	75,980	\$	62,610	\$	(13,370)
Fines and fees	314,220		314,220		273,202		(41,018)
Other income	91,160		91,160		504		(90,656)
Total revenues	481,360		481,360		336,316		(145,044)
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety	481,360		481,360		301,294		180,066
Total expenditures	481,360		481,360		301,294		180,066
Net change in fund balances	-		-		35,022		35,022
Fund balance, beginning of year	398,670		398,670		398,670		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 398,670	\$	398,670	\$	433,692	\$	35,022

County	Hosp	oitality	Tax
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	Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with final budget - positive	
	Original	Final		Actual		(negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 505,310	\$	505,310	\$	483,209	\$	(22,101)
Intergovernmental revenues	-		914,796		914,796		-
Other income	165		529,627		649		(528,978)
Total revenues	505,475		1,949,733		1,398,654		(551,079)
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	58,117		5,000		1,807		3,193
Recreation and culture	65,660		1,127,085		1,130,277		(3,192)
Total expenditures	123,777		1,132,085		1,132,084		1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	381,698		817,648		266,570		(551,078)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out	(381,698)		(817,648)		(817,648)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(381,698)		(817,648)		(817,648)		-
Net change in fund balances	-		-		(551,078)		(551,078)
Fund balance, beginning of year	595,271		595,271		595,271		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 595,271	\$	595,271	\$	44,193	\$	(551,078)

County Accommodations Tax

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with final budget - positive	
		Original		Final	Actual		(negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	325,085	\$	325,085	\$	458,331	\$	133,246
Other income		500		500		875		375
Total revenues		325,585		325,585		459,206		133,621
Expenditures								
Current								
Roads and Bridges		-		3,261		3,261		-
Recreation and culture		325,585		322,324		318,978		3,346
Total expenditures		325,585		325,585		322,239		3,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures				-		136,967		136,967
Other financing sources (uses)								
Legal settlement		-		-		7,411		7,411
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				7,411		7,411
Net change in fund balances		-		-		144,378		144,378
Fund balance, beginning of year		642,813		642,813		642,813		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	642,813	\$	642,813	\$	787,191	\$	144,378

	Se	

		Debt Ser	vice			Varia	nce with final
		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		budg	et - positive
	-	Original		Final	 Actual	1)	negative)
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	1,281,216	\$	1,281,216	\$ 1,250,036	\$	(31,180)
Fines and fees		33,225		33,225	2,691		(30,534)
Other income		227,819		742,187	1,025		(741,162)
Total revenues		1,542,260		2,056,628	 1,253,752		(802,876)
Expenditures							
Debt Service							
Principal retirement		1,370,000		1,877,116	1,877,116		-
Interest and fiscal charges		172,260		179,512	179,512		-
Total expenditures		1,542,260		2,056,628	2,056,628		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		-		-	 (802,876)		(802,876)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-		-	295,374		295,374
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	295,374		295,374
Net change in fund balances		-		_	(507,502)		(507,502)
Fund balance, beginning of year		919,475		919,475	919,475		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	919,475	\$	919,475	\$ 411,973	\$	(507,502)
		Budgeted	l Amou	nts			nce with final jet - positive
		Original		Final	 Actual	1)	negative)
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	320,626	\$	320,626	\$ -	\$	(320,626)
Fines and fees		1,012,592		1,012,592	101,771		(910,821)
Other income		1,000		1,000	 -		(1,000)
Total revenues		1,334,218		1,334,218	 101,771		(1,232,447)
Expenditures							
Debt Service							
Principal retirement		380,000		380,000	380,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		178,733		178,733	 178,733		-
Total expenditures	-	558,733		558,733	 558,733		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		775,485		775,485	(456,962)		(1,232,447)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		<u>-</u>		-	407,925		407,925
Transfers out		(775,485)		(775,485)	 -		775,485
Total other financing sources (uses)		(775,485)		(775,485)	 407,925		1,183,410
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(49,037)		(49,037)
Net change in fund balances Fund balance, beginning of year	\$	49,037 49,037	\$	49,037 49,037	\$ (49,037) 49,037	\$	(49,037) -

Debt Service Non-GOB

	Budge	ted Amounts		Variance with final budget - positive (negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues					
Other income	\$	- \$ -	\$ 161	\$ 161	
Total revenues		<u> </u>	161	161	
Expenditures					
Debt Service					
Principal retirement	271,37	7 271,377	271,377	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	35,32 ⁻	35,321	35,322	(1)	
Total expenditures	306,698	306,698	306,699	(1)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(306,698	(306,698)	(306,538)	160	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	306,698	306,698	306,698	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	306,698	306,698	306,698	-	
Net change in fund balances			160	160	
Fund balance, beginning of year	124,48	124,481	124,481	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 124,48		\$ 124,641	\$ 160	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE:

The basis of budgeting is the same as generally accepted accounting principles. The County adopts annual budgets using the modified accrual basis. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL PROJECTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with fina budget - positive		
	0	Original Final			Actual	(negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	_	\$	595,418	\$	2,307,130	\$	1,711,712
Fines and fees	*	446,172	*	446,172	•	575,274	•	129,102
Other income		599,267		1,893,738		191,970		(1,701,768)
Total revenues		1,045,439		2,935,328		3,074,374		139,046
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		_		686,654		-		686,654
Roads and bridges		_		-		2,454,994		(2,454,994)
Recreation and culture		-		276,609		-		276,609
Economic development		310,325		14,245,891		818,367		13,427,524
Capital Outlay								
General government		200,918		252,667		26,217		226,450
Public safety		1,511,414		5,303,518		513,294		4,790,224
Roads and bridges		315,000		315,563		33,763		281,800
Solid waste		162,000		215,900		-		215,900
Recreation and culture		26,884		4,654,220		4,257,072		397,148
Economic development		1,283,181		9,934,839		1,543,929		8,390,910
Debt Service								
Interest and fiscal charges		24,000		24,000		-		24,000
Total expenditures		3,833,722		35,909,861		9,647,636		26,262,225
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(2,788,283)		(32,974,533)		(6,573,262)		26,401,271
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		-		-		21,124		21,124
Debt proceeds		2,037,798		33,232,352		32,912,384		(319,968)
Insurance proceeds		-		22,215		25,213		2,998
Transfers in		775,485		927,160		151,675		(775,485)
Transfers out		(25,000)		(1,207,194)		(1,207,194)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,788,283		32,974,533		31,903,202		(1,071,331)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		25,329,940		25,329,940
Fund balance, beginning of year	1	2,136,550		12,136,550		12,136,550		-
Fund balance, end of year		2,136,550	\$	12,136,550	\$	37,466,490	\$	25,329,940

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE:

The basis of budgeting is the same as generally accepted accounting principles. The County adopts annual budgets using the modified accrual basis. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Sheriff's Seizure Fund - to account for the fund the sheriff derives from search and seizure.

Willow Swamp Water Shed Fund - to account for the resources used for the Willow Swamp water shed.

Law Officer's Memorial Fund – to account for contributions on behalf of law enforcement officials.

Treasurer Fund – to account for receipts and disbursements by the Treasurer that will be disbursed to other entities.

14th **Circuit Court Solicitor Fund** – to account for receipts and disbursements by the 14th Circuit Solicitor that will be disbursed to other entities.

CTC Fund – to account for program activities used by the transportation committee that were moved to a special revenue fund of the County.

Delinquent Tax Fund – to account for delinquent taxes collected.

Clerk of Court Fund – to account for child support payments, bonds, restitution, and fines collected by the clerk of court and held in trust for others.

Magistrates Fund – to account for fines collected that have not been disposed of by the court.

Probate Judge Fund – to account for receipts and disbursements held in trust of the probate judge.

Firemen's Fund – represents the receipts and disbursements by the treasurer that will be disbursed to the various fire departments within the county.

Colleton County School Fund – used to account for receipts and disbursements by the treasurer of assets earmarked for the school district.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2014		Additions		Deductions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2015
Assets				то	TAL			
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$	9,281,160	\$	112,701,174 10,000,000	\$	111,627,327	\$	10,355,007 10,000,000
Total assets	\$	9,281,160	\$	122,701,174	\$	111,627,327	\$	20,355,007
Liabilities	_		_					
Accounts payable Assets held for others	\$	913	\$	58,906	\$	58,847	\$	972 20,354,035
Total liabilities	\$	9,280,247 9,281,160	\$	94,275,666 94,334,572	\$	83,201,878 83,260,725	\$	20,354,035
rotal habilities	<u> </u>	3,201,100	Ψ	34,334,372	Ψ	03,200,723	Ψ	20,000,007
Assets				SHERIFF'S S	EIZUR	E FUND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	274,087	\$	62,590	\$	98,190	\$	238,487
Total assets	\$	274,087	\$	62,590	\$	98,190	\$	238,487
Liabilities	•	074.007	_	00.500		00.400		202 127
Assets held for others Total liabilities	\$	274,087	\$	62,590	\$	98,190	\$	238,487
rotal liabilities	\$	274,087	\$	62,590	\$	98,190	\$	238,487
Assets			WII	LLOW SWAMP	NATER	R SHED FUND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	15,068	\$	8,342	\$	4,163	\$	19,247
Total assets	\$	15,068	\$	8,342	\$	4,163	\$	19,247
Liabilities								
Assets held for others	\$	15,068	\$	4,179	\$	-	\$	19,247
Total liabilities	\$	15,068	\$	4,179	\$	-	\$	19,247
Assets				AW OFFICER'S	MEMC	DIAL FLIND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	848	\$	1	\$	270	\$	579
Total assets	\$	848	\$	1	\$	270	\$	579
Liabilities								
Assets held for others	\$	848	\$	1	\$	270	\$	579
Total liabilities	\$	848	\$	1	\$	270	\$	579
Assets				TREASUI	RFR FI	IND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	311,074	\$	2,399,329	\$	2,372,830	\$	337,573
Total assets	\$	311,074	\$	2,399,329	\$	2,372,830	\$	337,573
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	7	\$	7	\$	6	\$	8
Assets held for others	_	311,067	_	10,633,967		10,607,469	_	337,565
Total liabilities	\$	311,074	\$	10,633,974	\$	10,607,475	\$	337,573
Assets			14TI	H CIRCUIT COU	RT SO	LICITOR FUND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,474	\$	569,821	\$	545,326	\$	25,969
Total assets	\$	1,474	\$	569,821	\$	545,326	\$	25,969
Liabilities								
Assets held for others	\$	1,474	\$	548,502	\$	524,007	\$	25,969
Total liabilities	\$	1,474	\$	548,502	\$	524,007	\$	25,969

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2014	Additions Deductions			Balance June 30, 201		
Assets				DELINQUEN	IT TAX	FUND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,093,955	\$	21,503,347	\$	20,919,833	\$	1,677,469
Total assets	\$	1,093,955	\$	21,503,347	\$	20,919,833	\$	1,677,469
Liabilities								
Assets held for others	\$	1,093,955	\$	9,601,954	\$	9,018,440	\$	1,677,469
Total liabilities	\$	1,093,955	\$	9,601,954	\$	9,018,440	\$	1,677,469
Assets				CLERK OF C	COURT	FUND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	239,136	\$	73,067	\$	270	\$	311,933
Total assets	\$	239,136	\$	73,067	\$	270	\$	311,933
Liabilities	Ě		Ť		<u> </u>		Ť	
Assets held for others	\$	239,136	\$	73,067	\$	270	\$	311,933
Total liabilities	\$	239,136	\$	73,067	\$	270	\$	311,933
Assets				MAGISTR	ΔTF FI	IND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	72,326	\$	36,745	\$	31,723	\$	77,348
Total assets	\$	72,326	\$	36,745	\$	31,723	\$	77,348
Liabilities	<u> </u>	72,020		00,7 10		01,720	<u> </u>	77,010
Assets held for others	\$	72,326	\$	36,745	\$	31,723	\$	77,348
Total liabilities	\$	72,326	\$	36,745	\$	31,723	\$	77,348
	Ě	,	Ť	33,113	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,
Assets				PROBATE J	UDGE	FUND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	9,133	\$	1	\$	1,911	\$	7,223
Total assets	\$	9,133	\$	1	\$	1,911	\$	7,223
Liabilities								
Assets held for others	\$	9,133	\$	1	\$	1,911	\$	7,223
Total liabilities	\$	9,133	\$	1	\$	1,911	\$	7,223
Assets				FIREME	NS FUI	ND		
Cash and equivalents	\$	68,201	\$	135,486	\$	119,299	\$	84,388
Total assets	\$	68,201	\$	135,486	\$	119,299	\$	84,388
Liabilities	<u> </u>			·	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Accounts payable	\$	906	\$	58,899	\$	58,841	\$	964
Assets held for others		67,295		136,051		119,922		83,424
Total liabilities	\$	68,201	\$	194,950	\$	178,763	\$	84,388
Acceta	' <u></u>			N I ETON COUN	TV CC	HOOL ELIND		
Assets Cash and equivalents	\$	7,195,858	\$	NLLETON COUN 87,912,445	\$	87,533,512	\$	7,574,791
Investments	φ	7,195,656	φ	10,000,000	φ	67,555,512	φ	10,000,000
Total assets	\$	7,195,858	\$	97,912,445	\$	87,533,512	\$	17,574,791
Liabilities	Ψ	7,100,000	Ψ	37,312,773	Ψ	01,000,012	Ψ	17,577,791
Assets held for others	\$	7,195,858	\$	73,178,609	\$	62,799,676	\$	17,574,791
Total liabilities	\$	7,195,858	\$	73,178,609	\$	62,799,676	\$	17,574,791

COMPONENT UNITS

Major Component Units

Component Units are used to account for organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the governmental unit and for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

Fire and Rescue Commission – used to account for programs and activities of the fire and rescue department.

Memorial Library Fund – used to account for programs and activities for the memorial library.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	General		Capital Projects		De	bt Service	Total	
Assets								
Cash and equivalents	\$	59,720	\$	6,163	\$	196,274	\$	262,157
Receivables, net of allowances		2,128,814		-		259,431		2,388,245
Total assets	\$	2,188,534	\$	6,163	\$	455,705	\$	2,650,402
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	86,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$	86,928
Accrued payroll liabilities		286,091		-		-		286,091
Unearned revenues		3,531		-		-		3,531
Total liabilities		376,550				-		376,550
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		351,459		-		209,166		560,625
Unavailable revenue-fees		1,534,271		-		-		1,534,271
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,885,730		-		209,166		2,094,896
Fund Balances								
Committed		-		6,163		-		6,163
Restricted		-		-		246,539		246,539
Unassigned		(73,746)		-		-		(73,746)
Total fund balances		(73,746)		6,163		246,539		178,956
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,188,534	\$	6,163	\$	455,705	\$	2,650,402

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total fund balance - fire and rescue commission		\$	178,956
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental			
funds.			
Land	\$ 454,174		
Construction in progress	88,629		
Buildings & improvements, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,564,433	5,344,558		
Other improvements, net of accumulated depreciation of \$102,220	45,312		
Equipment & vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation of \$12,073,816	 6,762,250	_	
			12,694,923
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period			
expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Property taxes	560,625		
EMS fee receivables	1,534,271		
			2,094,896
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represents amounts applicable to			
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	808,754		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 (812,792)	_	
Total deferred outflows and inflows of resources		_	(4,038)
Disbursements for insurance coverage reflected in the funds cover			
periods extending beyond year-end.			138,094
Long-term liabilites, including bonds payable and compensated			
absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore,			
are not reported as liabilities in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	(7,030,000)		
Capital Lease	(2,763,635)		
Compensated absences	(263,071)		
Accrued interest	(109,760)		
Net pension liability	(7,148,358)		
OPEB obligation	 (258,565)	_	
	 		(17,573,389)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	(2,470,558)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General		Сар	Capital Projects		ebt Service	Total	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,039,985	\$	-	\$	1,606,827	\$	4,646,812
Intergovernmental revenues		3,307,697		-		-		3,307,697
Fees		1,367,105		-		-		1,367,105
Other income		-		418		773		1,191
Total revenues		7,714,787		418		1,607,600		9,322,805
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		8,417,886		43,033		-		8,460,919
Capital outlay								
Public Safety		192,044		873,382		-		1,065,426
Debt service								
Principal retirement		-		-		1,528,322		1,528,322
Interest payments		-		-		272,734		272,734
Total expenditures		8,609,930		916,415		1,801,056		11,327,401
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(895,143)		(915,997)		(193,456)		(2,004,596)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		117,427		-		-		117,427
Proceeds from insurance settlements		3,743		-		-		3,743
Transfers in		246,414		-		-		246,414
Transfers out		<u>-</u> _		-		(246,414)		(246,414)
Total other financing sources (uses)		367,584		-		(246,414)		121,170
Net change in fund balances		(527,559)		(915,997)		(439,870)		(1,883,426)
Fund balances, beginning of year		453,813		922,160		686,409		2,062,382
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(73,746)	\$	6,163	\$	246,539	\$	178,956

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILITATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balance - fire and rescue commission		\$	(1,883,426)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was less than depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay	\$ 1,065,427		
Depreciation expense	 (1,401,928)	-	(336,501)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Amounts not meeting current year availability criteria, not recognized in governmental funds in the current year:			
Property taxes and other special assessments EMS fees receivable	 (34,065) 397,301	_	363,236
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The details of net changes in such accruals are as follows:			
Compensated absences OPEB obligation Accrued interest Pension expenses	 (24,367) (32,901) 16,380 3,909	<u>-</u>	(36,979)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Principal payments on general obligation bonds and capital leases			1,528,322
Disbursements for insurance policies that cover periods extending beyond			1,020,022
year-end are expenditures in the governmental funds but are deferred and amortized over the policy period in the statement of net position.			20,675
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$	(344,673)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - FIRE AND RESCUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Variance with final		
		d Amounts	A street	budget - positive		
	Original Final		Actual	(negative)		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 5,118,672	\$ 4,868,672	\$ 4,646,812	\$ (221,860)		
Intergovernmental revenues	2,646,966	3,296,395	3,307,697	11,302		
Fees	1,521,242	1,529,377	1,367,105	(162,272)		
Other income	360,412	1,760,625	1,191	(1,759,434)		
Total revenues	9,647,292	11,455,069	9,322,805	(2,132,264)		
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety	8,146,234	8,499,874	8,460,919	38,955		
Capital outlay						
Public safety	-	1,065,115	1,065,426	(311)		
Debt Service						
Principal retirement	1,528,322	1,528,322	1,528,322	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	272,736	272,736	272,734	2		
Total expenditures	9,947,292	11,366,047	11,327,401	38,646		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(300,000)	89,022	(2,004,596)	(2,093,618)		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-	115,207	117,427	2,220		
Proceeds from insurance settlements	-	3,458	3,743	285		
Transfers in	300,000	246,414	246,414	-		
Transfers out		(454,101)	(246,414)	207,687		
Total other financing sources (uses)	300,000	(89,022)	121,170	210,192		
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(1,883,426)	(1,883,426)		
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,062,382	2,062,382	2,062,382			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,062,382	\$ 2,062,382	\$ 178,956	\$ (1,883,426)		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE:

The basis of budgeting is the same as generally accepted accounting principles. The County adopts annual budgets for the fire and rescue fund using the modified accrual basis. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - MEMORIAL LIBRARY BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	 General Fund	Special enue Fund	Total	
Assets				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 54,382	\$ 2,456	\$	56,838
Receivables, net of allowances	1,348	-		1,348
Total assets	\$ 55,730	\$ 2,456	\$	58,186
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,328	\$ 1,971	\$	9,299
Accrued payroll and benefits	19,166	-		19,166
Unearned revenues	9,603	-		9,603
Total liabilities	 36,097	1,971		38,068
Fund Balances				
Assigned	-	485		485
Unassigned	19,633	-		19,633
Total fund balances	19,633	485		20,118
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 55,730	\$ 2,456	\$	58,186

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MEMORIAL LIBRARY JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - Memorial Library	\$	20,118
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in		
governmental funds		
Library materials, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,634,818 \$ 282,762	,	
Equipment & vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation of \$208,319		
	_	286,101
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources represents amounts applicable to		200,101
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows related to pensions 52,228	3	
Deferred inflows related to pensions (50,847)		
Total deferred outflows and inflows of resources	/	1,381
Disbursements for insurance coverage reflected in the funds		
cover periods extending beyond year-end		9,184
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated		
absences, are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Compensated absences (22,227	')	
OPEB Obligation (143,231)	
Net pension liability (603,114)	
		(768,572)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$	(451,788)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - MEMORIAL LIBRARY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total		
Revenues		_			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 582,705	5 \$ 75,000	\$ 657,705		
Fines and	31,68	1 -	31,681		
Other income	44,670	18	44,688		
Total revenues	659,056	5 75,018	734,074		
Expenditures					
Current					
Recreation and culture	608,72	1 14,000	622,721		
Capital outlay					
Recreation and culture	31,036	61,000	92,036		
Total expenditures	639,75	7 75,000	714,757		
Net change in fund balances	19,299	9 18	19,317		
Fund balances, beginning of year	334	4 467	801		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 19,633	3 \$ 485	\$ 20,118		

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MEMORIAL LIBRARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Total net change in fund balance - Memorial Library	\$	19,317
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Captal outlay \$92,0	36	
Depreciation expense (75,4	73)	16,563
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The details of net changes in such accruals are as follows:	45	
Compensated absences 1 OPEB obligation (32,4 Pension expense (7,1	,	(39,396)
Disbursements for insurance policies that cover periods extending beyond year-end are expenditures in the governmental funds but are deferred and amortized over the policy period in the statement of net position.		123
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	(3,393)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - MEMORIAL LIBRARY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts							nce with final et - positive
		Original		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	628,719	\$	648,857	\$	657,705	\$	8,848
Fines, fees, and service charges		-		-		31,681		31,681
Other income		-		32,106		44,688		12,582
Total revenues		628,719		680,963	734,074			53,111
Expenditures Current Recreation and culture Capital outlay		546,437		598,074		622,721		(24,647)
Recreation and culture		82,282		82,889		92,036		(9,147)
Total expenditures		628,719		680,963		714,757		(33,794)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		19,317		19,317
Fund balances, beginning of year		801		801		801		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	801	\$	801	\$	20,118	\$	19,317

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE:

The basis of budgeting is the same as generally accepted accounting principles. The County adopts annual budgets for the fire and rescue fund using the modified accrual basis. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS, AND SURCHARGES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Court fines, surcharges, and assessments	
Collected	\$ 1,608,972
Remitted to State Treasurer	(781,298)
Retained by County	\$ 827,674
Fines, surcharges and assessments retained by County	
General fund	\$ 714,757
Other agencies	49,433
Victims' advocate services	63,485
Total surcharges and assessments	\$ 827,675
Funds allocated to victims' advocate service	
Carryover funds from prior year	\$ 106,840
Other income	707
Interest earned	149
Surcharges and assessments retained	65,409
Expenditures for victims advocate retained	(46,724)
Balance of victims funds at end of year	\$ 126,381



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Colleton County, South Carolina comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	106-109
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	110-112
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	113-118
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help comparisons over time and with other governments.	119-120
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	121-123

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 19,878,746	\$ 21,873,770	\$ 26,304,536	\$ 24,511,294	\$ 26,613,252	\$ 30,234,540	\$ 28,162,225	\$ 29,208,570	\$ 31,257,962	\$ 33,464,047
Restricted	6,809,212	3,782,860	4,323,292	7,104,250	8,210,458	8,509,085	10,192,511	8,976,701	10,305,751	9,738,050
Unrestricted	3,752,875	8,195,230	5,039,767	7,260,956	8,282,389	9,942,615	12,627,357	10,997,674	14,202,852	(8,369,151)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 30,440,833	\$ 33,851,860	\$ 35,667,595	\$ 38,876,500	\$ 43,106,099	\$ 48,686,240	\$ 50,982,093	\$ 49,182,945	\$ 55,766,565	\$ 34,832,946

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses				·			· ·			
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 5,832,259	\$ 6,172,453	\$ 6,581,507	\$ 6,646,119	\$ 6,593,093	\$ 7,228,887	\$ 8,000,488	\$ 8,178,472	\$ 10,740,147	\$ 8,811,200
Judicial	1,694,343	1,574,140	2,130,954	2,137,323	1,973,222	5,010,233	4,996,680	4,594,583	4,957,014	5,255,325
Public safety	8,897,438	9,377,244	10,114,552	10,634,142	10,232,152	8,244,482	8,202,681	8,410,210	8,589,140	8,642,672
Roads and bridges	2,157,486	2,266,132	2,250,684	2,302,900	1,774,066	2,313,953	2,320,046	2,496,358	4,182,236	4,949,171
Solid Waste	1,864,575	1,945,094	2,056,866	2,124,328	1,730,522	2,244,813	2,280,816	2,449,740	2,568,610	2,509,851
Recreation and culture	1,029,961	996,532	1,139,480	1,182,007	1,285,985	819,698	1,036,373	1,313,153	1,743,106	2,906,984
Health and human services	1,083,368	1,057,044	1,113,018	1,172,954	1,084,829	1,818,338	1,672,744	1,789,799	1,925,374	1,928,313
Economic development	420,369	353,263	402,344	637,276	259,688	380,812	2,027,728	3,373,628	1,569,363	1,568,862
Intergovernmental	2,909,748	320,196	638,346	262,917	250,113	3,485,734	3,130,391	3,360,676	3,661,372	3,836,524
Interest and fiscal charges	890,054	875,038	714,427	740,453	3,422,305	655,432	560,225	500,152	437,611	469,185
Total Expenses	26,779,601	24,937,136	27,142,178	27,840,419	28,605,975	32,202,382	34,228,172	36,466,771	40,373,973	40,878,087
Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services:										
General government	420,290	475,461	560,509	594,443	461,919	434,053	407,482	483,659	568,195	531,064
Judicial	585,178	526,510	531,060	354,456	845,808	3,052,629	2,852,878	2,769,668	1,159,451	1,117,461
Public safety	1,289,323	1,331,084	1,390,379	1,342,620	149,508	512,453	352,108	364,705	357,982	342,051
Streets and highways	-	-	-	762,092	979,340	913,889	964,525	1,015,102	911,965	895,833
Sanitation	452,989	467,428	508,640	399,346	1,106,419	1,443,781	1,150,138	1,636,460	1,737,436	1,802,512
Recreation and culture	44,060	85,368	130,601	3,570	-	160,145	175,987	210,835	330,566	326,236
Health and human services	-	-	497,112	-	139,036	708,738	725,761	627,354	633,729	33,107
Economic development	-	-	-	-	295,251	-	-	-	1,541,360	677,045
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,780,045	1,476,277	974,119	1,561,311	3,225,446	2,049,525	2,102,187	3,073,637	9,860,851	8,629,703
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,665,398	129,862	174,643	440,452	621,186	3,181,056	1,438,292	-	-	4,473,000
General Revenues										
Taxes	19,574,622	20,876,317	21,185,136	23,190,793	22,999,176	23,662,008	24,538,580	22,956,394	21,029,359	21,343,703
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific program	1,874,599	2,054,893	2,277,220	2,174,986	1,755,788	1,419,929	1,197,122	1,430,665	1,436,657	1,445,663
Interest and investment earnings	491,442	745,946	525,192	132,325	52,452	89,429	79,474	-	-	
Miscellaneous	57,399	8,807	157,455	47,202	108,356	24,912	311,507	271,784	438,004	428,830
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	89,815	-	45,847	45,728	95,889	129,976	227,984	66,667	-	-
Transfers in (out)	1,511,903	170,210						(52,796)	90,713	
Total Revenues	29,837,063	28,348,163	28,957,913	31,049,324	32,835,574	37,782,523	36,524,025	34,854,134	40,096,268	42,046,208
Change in net position	3,057,462	3,411,027	1,815,735	3,208,905	4,229,599	5,580,141	2,295,853	(1,612,637)	(277,705)	1,168,121
Net Position-Beginning	27,383,371	30,440,833	33,851,860	35,667,595	38,876,500	43,106,099	48,686,240	50,982,093	49,182,945	55,766,565
Prior Period Adjustment								(186,511)	6,861,325	(22,101,740)
Net Position-Ending	\$ 30,440,833	\$ 33,851,860	\$ 35,667,595	\$ 38,876,500	\$ 43,106,099	\$ 48,686,240	\$ 50,982,093	\$ 49,182,945	\$ 55,766,565	\$ 34,832,946

^{(1) -} Net position was restated at June 30, 2015 for GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
GENERAL FUND						_					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,442	\$ 6,718	\$ 6,076	\$ 14,004	\$ 10,534	
Restricted	591,131	12,190	4,512	7,092	2,592	-	204,307	2,101	362,911	363,272	
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	695,942	893,097	
Unassigned	5,680,983	6,836,588	7,031,667	8,947,550	7,433,900	8,735,361	8,975,864	7,921,046	5,981,162	5,746,897	
Total General Fund	\$ 6,272,114	\$ 6,848,778	\$ 7,036,179	\$ 8,954,642	\$ 7,436,492	\$ 8,737,803	\$ 9,186,889	\$ 7,929,223	\$ 7,054,019	\$ 7,013,800	
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND											
Nonspendable	\$ 2,898,254	\$ 2,237,674	\$ 4,123,586	\$ 2,737,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Economic Development Fund	\$ 2,898,254	\$ 2,237,674	\$ 4,123,586	\$ 2,737,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND											
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,700,933	\$ 2,922,238	
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,214,418	4,954,705	
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,221,199	34,062,547	
Total Economic Development Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,136,550	\$ 41,939,490	
2005 BOND FUND											
Nonspendable	\$ 3,910,517	\$ 1,066,216	\$ 135,200	\$ 1,061	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Economic Development Fund	\$ 3,910,517	\$ 1,066,216	\$ 135,200	\$ 1,061	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS											
Restricted	\$ 798,630	\$ 355,864	\$ 366,834	\$ 369,375	\$ 1,825,429	\$ 4,752,641	\$ 4,338,743	\$ 7,728,952	\$ 2,027,489	\$ 1,497,835	
Committed	420,844	270,844	320,844	348,042	356,323	722,624	1,873,050	3,136,266	1,238,084	831,384	
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	567,675	38,487	-	
Assigned	4,810,358	5,485,465	4,914,462	4,925,295	6,346,099	4,896,457	6,193,164	162,302	1,811,461	1,625,160	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 6,029,832	\$ 6,112,173	\$ 5,602,140	\$ 5,642,712	\$ 8,527,851	\$ 10,371,722	\$ 12,404,957	\$ 11,595,195	\$ 5,115,521	\$ 3,954,379	

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues	2000	2001	2000	2000	2010		2012	2010	2017	2010
Taxes	\$ 19.907.589	\$ 21,041,799	\$ 21,404,626	\$ 23.256.592	\$ 23.859.750	\$ 24.966.426	\$ 25.323.266	\$ 23.885.157	\$ 21.090.421	\$ 21,299,184
Licenses and permits	142,560	151,555	223,315	156,842	-		-	-	-	-
Fines and fees	2,358,776	2,384,057	2,506,477	2,839,939	2,223,421	2,474,493	2,021,074	7,107,783	7,212,428	10.075.366
Intergovernmental	3,606,935	3,607,297	3,832,211	3,985,122	4,684,025	6,748,815	6,266,017	4,504,302	11,297,508	5,811,340
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	.,00 .,020	-	-	.,00.,002	- 1,201,000	-
Interest	492,626	741,997	525,308	132,442	97,238	89,338	79,470			
Other	156,680	128,524	297,356	298,610	139,684	124,420	515,179	173,666	300,227	302,635
Total Revenues	26,665,166	28,055,229	28,789,293	30,669,547	31,004,118	34,403,492	34,205,006	35,670,908	39,900,584	37,488,525
Expenditures	20,000,100	20,000,220	20,700,200	00,000,047	01,004,110	04,400,402	04,200,000	00,010,000	00,000,004	07,400,020
Current:										
General government	5,657,276	5,862,450	6,455,603	6,292,313	7,865,398	6,756,544	7,344,982	7,688,345	10,293,376	8,357,765
Judicial	1,674,099	1,569,271	1,719,488	1,695,299	1,962,697	2,344,951	2,122,867	4,157,881	4,456,189	4,658,249
Public safety	8,604,754	9,165,986	9,644,962	9,763,712	9,335,109	7,345,678	7,440,052	7,468,560	7,723,408	7,668,476
Streets and highways	1,656,805	1,628,779	1,612,068	1,649,944	2,711,965	1,608,064	1,655,724	1,833,460	3,466,507	4,257,082
Sanitation	1,789,779	1,764,920	2,110,483	1,850,461	1,750,312	1,917,542	1,972,315	2,156,449	2,240,650	2,208,389
Recreation and culture	1,014,539	983,338	1,127,037	1,179,546	758,729	761,261	872,178	1,055,271	1,300,883	2,462,699
Health and human services	989,351	960,730	1,019,031	1,320,906	1,109,046	1,002,283	833,863	1,674,861	1,794,798	1,797,883
Economic development	411,278	300,050	389,283	622,021	2,844,242	235,493	1,864,496	3,101,594	1,097,322	1,110,361
Intergovernmental	2,909,748	320,194	594,082	218,773	3,227,967	3,441,590	6,006,861	3,360,676	3,661,372	3,836,524
intergovernmental	2,909,740	320,194	394,062	210,773	3,227,907	3,441,390	0,000,801	3,300,070	3,001,372	3,630,324
Capital Outlay	1,801,556	5,153,267	2,970,732	2,996,675	63,109	5,424,846	5,315,933	3,082,720	3,332,868	7,569,037
Debt Service										
Bond issuance costs	37,182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principal	2,399,184	2,582,576	2,525,062	1,927,818	1,632,045	2,347,982	5,325,472	2,246,834	2,294,878	2,528,493
Interest	939,936	873,360	727,785	763,115	675,223	676,249	388,136	536,892	466,532	393,567
Total Expenditures	29,885,487	31,164,921	30,895,616	30,280,583	33,935,842	33,862,483	41,142,879	38,363,543	42,128,783	46,848,525
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,220,321)	(3,109,692)	(2,106,323)	388,964	(2,931,724)	541,009	(6,937,873)	(2,692,635)	(2,228,199)	(9,360,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from sale of property	94,788	58,606	48,028	18,492	9,441	39,330	53,082	66,667	90,713	46,578
Debt proceeds	8,671,903	-	4,000,000	-	1,462,500	2,452,446	6,519,794	-	-	33,362,384
Donation of capital asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,473,000
Legal settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,411
Debt payments	(3,023,806)	-	(1,314,241)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	4,800	31,343	87,372	112,399	177,318	98,118	137,777	72,206
Transfers in	5,691,806	3,393,634	3,267,296	4,263,137	7,601,471	6,420,790	9,559,323	4,251,121	6,220,775	4,255,156
Transfers out	(5,691,806)	(3,393,634)	(3,267,296)	(4,263,137)	(7,600,621)	(6,420,789)	(9,559,323)	(4,303,917)	(6,220,775)	(4,255,156)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,742,885	58,606	2,738,587	49,835	1,560,163	2,604,176	6,750,194	111,989	228,490	37,961,579
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,522,564	(3,051,086)	632,264	438,799	(1,371,561)	3,145,185	(187,679)	(2,580,646)	(1,999,709)	28,601,579
Other changes in fund balance	1,511,903	205,210	-	-	-	-	2,669,997	513,218	6,781,381	-
Fund Balances, Beginning	15,076,250	19,110,717	16,264,841	16,897,105	17,335,904	15,964,343	19,109,528	21,591,846	19,524,418	24,306,090
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 19,110,717	\$ 16,264,841	\$ 16,897,105	\$ 17,335,904	\$ 15,964,343	\$ 19,109,528	\$ 21,591,846	\$ 19,524,418	\$ 24,306,090	\$ 52,907,669
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.0%	13.3%	11.6%	9.9%	6.8%	10.6%	15.9%	7.9%	7.1%	7.4%

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR					TOTAL DIRECT
ENDED		ASSESSED VALUE		MARKET VALUE	TAX
JUNE 30,	REAL PROPERTY	PERSONAL PROPERTY	TOTAL	REAL PROPERTY PERSONAL PROPERTY TOTAL	RATE
2006	\$ 116,280,800	* \$ 42,659,472 * \$	158,940,272 *	\$ 1,594,898,565 * \$ 626,514,985 * \$ 2,221,413,550 *	96.10
2007	121,292,503	42,168,888	163,461,391	1,708,084,265 599,017,219 2,307,101,484	102.40
2008	126,823,441	41,473,101	168,296,542	1,729,360,519 591,825,021 2,321,185,540	104.20
2009	129,036,420	40,735,379	169,771,799	1,965,699,616 607,984,487 2,573,684,103	104.20
2010	123,603,434	41,435,519	165,038,953	2,977,709,647 ** 608,617,821 3,586,327,468	107.50
2011	135,718,521	* 43,267,945 *	178,986,466 *	4,946,871,251 * 640,058,358 * 5,586,929,609 *	105.86
2012	127,313,207	44,104,392	171,417,599	3,677,625,787 561,477,710 4,239,103,497	108.45
2013	124,529,285	45,681,967	170,211,252	3,677,288,314 577,742,213 4,255,030,527	108.45
2014	124,290,470	46,322,848	170,613,318	3,675,411,178 542,309,703 4,217,720,881	108.45
2015	124.833.360	38.508.140	163.341.500	3.743.314.532 459.532.616 4.202.847.148	108.45

Data Source: County Auditor

^{*} Reassessment Year.

^{**} Computer error generated values in excess of actual values.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

COUNTY

FISCAL		DIRECT RATES		OVERLAPPING RATES					
YEAR			TOTAL		SCHOOL	COUNTY	COUNTY	TOWN	CITY
ENDED		COUNTY	DIRECT	SCHOOL	DEBT	FIRE	FIRE	OF	OF
JUNE 30,	BASIC RATE	DEBT	RATE	OPERATIONS	SERVICE	PROTECTION	DEBT SERVICE	EDISTO BEACH	WALTERBORO
2006	96.10	12.50	108.60	87.80	7.80	22.70	13.30	12.00	78.00
2007	102.40	11.20	113.60	98.20	24.50	28.10	14.40	15.00	78.00
2008	104.20	11.40	115.60	101.44	44.50	29.00	18.40	17.00	81.00
2009	104.20	12.00	116.20	104.38	46.50	29.84	20.50	18.00	83.00
2010	107.50	8.70	116.20	104.38	46.50	29.84	20.50	18.81	83.00
2011	105.86	7.41	113.27	101.83	46.50	29.61	20.69	18.65	77.00
2012	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	30.54	20.69	19.53	79.46
2013	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	33.56	17.67	19.53	88.00
2014	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	33.56	17.67	20.23	88.00
2015	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	33.56	17.67	20.23	88.00

Source: County Auditor's Office

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2015		2006					
	TAXABLE ASSESSED		PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY TAXABLE ASSESSED	TAXABLE ASSESSED		PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUN TAXABLE ASSESSED			
TAXPAYER	VALUE	RANK	VALUE	VALUE	RANK	VALUE			
South Carolina Electric & Gas	\$ 7,208,330	1	4.22%	N/A	-	N/A	%		
Coastal Electric Coop	2,578,080	2	1.51%	N/A	-	N/A			
CSX Transportation, Inc	843,490	3	0.49%	N/A	-	N/A			
Central Electric Power Coop	843,490	4	0.49%	N/A	-	N/A			
Wal-Mart Real Estate	765,000	5	0.45%	N/A	-	N/A			
Cherokee Plantation Owners LLC	569,376	6	0.33%	N/A	-	N/A			
Walterboro Community Hospital	486,000	7	0.28%	N/A	-	N/A			
Dayco Products LLC	414,390	8	0.24%	N/A	-	N/A			
Smithers Oasis Company	434,570	9	0.25%	N/A	-	N/A			
Walterboro / SAV LLC	387,300	10	0.23%	N/A	-	N/A			
Total	\$ 14,530,026	_	8.51%	\$ -			- %		

Source: County Auditor

N/A - Information is not available.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL		COLLECTED	WITHIN THE			
YEAR	TAXES LEVIED	FISCAL YEAR	OF THE LEVY	COLLECTIONS	TOTAL COLLEC	TIONS TO DATE
ENDED	FOR THE		PERCENTAGE	IN SUBSEQUENT		PERCENTAGE
JUNE 30,	FISCAL YEAR	AMOUNT	OF LEVY	YEARS	AMOUNT	OF LEVY
2006	\$ 32,455,604 *	\$ 29,031,541	89.45 %	\$ 1,295,841	\$ 30,327,382	93.44 %
2007	38,625,927	31,614,329	81.85	1,267,538	32,881,867	85.13
2008	44,016,278	36,218,618	82.28	1,045,922	37,264,540	84.66
2009	45,342,652	39,783,212	87.74	1,283,026	41,066,238	90.57
2010	44,078,603	42,885,742	97.29	1,156,296	44,042,038	99.92
2011	46,726,207 *	40,532,303	86.74	1,577,964	42,110,267	90.12
2012	47,115,937	44,705,792	94.88	2,260,047	46,965,839	99.68
2013	52,100,048	44,052,013	84.55	1,735,593	45,787,606	87.88
2014	48,000,778	46,192,180	96.23	1,731,901	47,924,081	99.84
2015	19,732,128	16,779,302	85.04	-	16,779,302	85.04

Source: Delinquent Tax Collector, County Finance Office, County Auditor, County Treasurer

All figures up to 2014 include county, fire & rescue, and school district. County only in year 2015.

^{*} Reassessment year

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL	CAL GOVERNM				TAL ACTIVITIES							
YEAR	GENERAL						SPECIAL	TOTAL		PERCENTAGE		
ENDED	OBLIGATION		NOTES		LEASES	F	REVENUE		PRIMARY	OF PERSONAL		
JUNE 30,	BOND		PAYABLE		PAYABLE		BOND	GC	VERNMENT	INCOME	PER	CAPITA
2006	\$ 11,385,442	\$	1,511,903	\$	2,686,517	\$	3,704,654	\$	19,288,516	19.44 %	\$	499.60
2007	10,351,955		1,382,306		1,722,722		3,248,956		16,705,939	16.03		430.95
2008	9,224,660		1,252,488		928,720		5,460,768		16,866,636	15.40		432.32
2009	7,958,135		1,117,283		854,433		5,008,967		14,938,818	14.00		384.39
2010	7,006,936		976,468		1,751,957		4,546,844		14,282,205	12.99		367.23
2011	5,985,601		829,807		3,555,466		4,063,349		14,434,223	12.75		375.61
2012	8,206,240		677,062		2,109,152		5,033,701		16,026,155	13.80		420.05
2013	7,280,000		517,977		1,526,344		4,455,000		13,779,321	11.57		361.16
2014	6,110,000		352,290		932,153		4,090,000		11,484,443	9.44		295.29
2015	35,012,627		1,059,759		2,535,947		3,710,000		42,318,333	33.71		1,120.39

Source: County Audit Report, US Census Bureau

Note: Details of the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See schedule 14 for personal income and population.

These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

N/A - Information is not available.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL		LES	S: AMOUNTS		PERCENTAGE OF			
YEAR	GENERAL	AV	AILABLE IN		ESTIMATED ACTUAL			
ENDED	OBLIGATION	DEI	BT SERVICE		TAXABLE VALUE			
JUNE 30,	BONDS		FUNDS	 TOTAL	OF PROPERTY		PER C	CAPITA
2006	\$ 11,385,442	\$	975,668	\$ 10,409,774	6.5	%	\$	270
2007	10,351,955		1,051,202	9,300,753	5.7			240
2008	9,224,660		1,078,471	8,146,189	4.8			209
2009	7,958,135		1,228,570	6,729,565	4.0			173
2010	7,006,936		1,449,169	5,557,767	3.4			143
2011	5,985,601		1,424,537	4,561,064	2.5			119
2012	8,206,240		800,657	7,405,583	4.3			194
2013	7,280,000		1,031,180	6,248,820	3.7			164
2014	6,110,000		919,745	5,190,255	3.0			133
2015	35,012,627		411,973	34,600,654	21.2			916

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	0	DEBT JTSTANDING	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE	ESTIMATED SHARE OF OVERLAPPING DEBT		
Debt repaid with property taxes						
Colleton County School District	\$	89,538,439	100.00%	\$	89,538,439	
Fire and Rescue Commission		8,285,000	100.00%		8,285,000	
City of Walterboro		1,613,247	20.00%		322,649	
Subtotal overlapping debt		99,436,686			98,146,088	
County direct debt		35,012,627	100.00%		35,012,627	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	134,449,313		\$	133,158,715	

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimated applicable percentage provided by Colleton County Auditor. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2015

Assessed Value	\$	163,341,500
Debt limit (8% of assessed value)		13,067,320
Debt applicable to limit:		
General Obligation	_	4,740,000
Total net debt applicable to limit		4,740,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$	8,327,320

	_	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	_	2014		2015	
Debt Limit	\$	12,715,222 \$	13,076,911 \$	13,463,723 \$	13,581,744 \$	13,203,116	\$ 9,855,492	\$ 10,068,	526 \$	10,536,276	\$	13,649,065	\$ 1	13,067,320	
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	11,385,442	10,351,955	9,224,660	7,958,135	7,006,936	5,985,601	8,206,	240_	7,280,000	_	6,110,000		4,740,000	ŧ
Legal debt margin	\$_	1,329,780 \$	2,724,956 \$	4,239,063 \$	5,623,609 \$	6,196,180	\$ 3,869,891	\$ 1,862,	286_\$	3,256,276	\$_	7,539,065	\$	8,327,320	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limi	%_	89.54 %	79.16 %	68.51_%_	58.59 %	53.07	%60.73	% <u>81</u>	.50_%	69.09	%	44.76	%	36.27	%

Under state finance law, the County's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 8 percent of the total assesed property value.

Source: County Audit Report County Auditor

^{*} Excludes \$29,700,000 bond because voter approval was obtained for the issuance of the bonds.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL							
YEAR		DEBT					
ENDED	S	ERVICE		DEBT S	ERVIC	<u> </u>	
JUNE 30,	COL	LECTIONS	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	ITEREST	COVERAGE
2006	\$	631,283	\$	434,857	\$	200,910	0.99
2007		846,966		455,698		180,068	1.33
2008		1,120,422		473,947		161,793	1.76
2009		743,473		451,800		286,474	1.01
2010		1,201,376		462,124		276,150	1.63
2011		1,225,389		483,495		254,779	1.66
2012		1,287,061		302,537		22,783	3.96
2013		1,361,755		578,701		218,444	1.71
2014		1,266,976		365,000		186,708	2.30
2015		1,253,752		1,370,000		172,260	0.81

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED		II	RSONAL NCOME ousands		PER CAPITA RSONAL	MEDIAN	SCHOOL	UNEMPLOYMENT
JUNE 30,	POPULATION	of	dollars)	INCOME		AGE	ENROLLMENT	RATE %
2006	38,608	\$	992,166	\$	25,698	N/A	6,193	6.8
2007	38,765		1,042,431		26,891	N/A	6,125	6.4
2008	39,014		1,094,915		28,065	N/A	6,036	8.4
2009	38,864		1,067,388		27,465	N/A	5,968	14.4
2010	38,892		1,099,299		28,251	40.7	5,991	13.4
2011	38,429		1,131,725		29,311	41.3	5,872	13.9
2012	38,153		1,161,213		30,436	41.7	5,885	12.2
2013	38,153		1,190,505		31,505	N/A	5,830	10.8
2014	38,892		1,216,892		31,289	40.7	5,763	7.7
2015	37,771		1,255,244		33,233	40.0	5,713	7.5

Data Source:

- (1) US Census Bureau
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Lowcountry Council of Governments
- (4) South Carolina Department of Education
- (5) South Carolina Employment Security Commission

N/A - Information is not available.

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2015		_		2006	
			PERCENTAGE	_			PERCENTAGE
	FTE		OF TOTAL COUNTY				OF TOTAL COUNTY
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT	_	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT
Colleton County School District	932	1	N/A	%	N/A		N/A %
Walmart	476	2	N/A		N/A		N/A
Colleton County Government	392	3	N/A		N/A		N/A
Colleton Medical Center	335	4	N/A		N/A		N/A
Dayco Products LLC	170	5	N/A		N/A		N/A
City of Walterboro	109	6	N/A		N/A		N/A
Sarlaflex	104	7	N/A		N/A		N/A
SCE&G	-	8	N/A		N/A		N/A
Carolina Visuals LLC	-	9	N/A		N/A		N/A
Colleton County Board of Disabilities	<u> </u>	10	N/A	_	N/A		N/A
Total	2,518			%	-		- %

Source: County Economic Development Department

N/A - Information is not available.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year					
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government	84.5	85.5	89.0	88.5	81.5	87.5	85.5	93.0	77.0	76.5
Judicial	18.0	21.5	20.5	20.0	19.5	20.0	20.0	18.5	58.0	55.0
Public Safety	129.5	130.0	135.0	135.0	134.5	132.5	133.0	132.0	116.0	103.0
Roads and Bridges	29.5	28.5	28.5	28.5	28.5	28.5	27.5	27.5	17.0	15.0
Solid Waste	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.5	14.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	12.0	23.5
Recreation and Culture	8.0	8.0	9.5	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	9.0	13.0	15.0
Health and Human Services	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.0
Economic Development	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Alcohol and Drug	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	9.0	8.5
Library	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5	4.0	5.0	10.0	12.5
Fire and Rescue	66.5	68.5	69.0	69.0	69.0	77.0	75.5	77.5	76.0	77.5
Total	366.0	372.0	381.5	380.0	372.0	386.5	385.0	392.0	392.0	394.5

Source: County Human Resources Dept.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR

					I IOOAL I LAIK	AL ILAK					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
JUDICIAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
PUBLIC SAFETY	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
SANITATION	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
RECREATION AND CULTURE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

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COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
RECREATION AND CULTURE										
Community Centers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	13	13
Recreation Complex	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	1
Golf Course	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1
EMERGENCY SERVICES:										
Number of fire stations	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	33	33	33
Number of fire trucks	87	92	97	106	105	108	109	119	106	106
Number of Ambulances	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	12	12	12
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS										
Miles of roads	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	347.8	347.8	347.8	347.8	362.7	362.7
Collection sites	11	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
SHERIFF:										
Patrol units	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86
HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE										
County libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

N/A - Information is not available.

Source: County Engineering, Fleet, Facilities Departments



COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.559 10.559 Total 10.559	SF-134 SF-134	\$ 332,290 221,605 553,895 553,895	
U.S. Department of Justice:				
Direct Federal Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	187,589	
Direct State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2014-AP-BX-0264	32	
Direct Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	8,100	
Direct Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Passed through S.C. Department of Public Safety Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG)	16.738 16.738 16.738 Total 16.738	2014-DJ-BX-0771 1G13050 1G14003	15,376 89,182 73,807 178,365	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			374,086	
National Department of Transportation: Passed through S.C. Department of Public Safety 14th Judicial Circuit Law Enforcement Network Grant 14th Judicial Circuit Law Enforcement Network Grant Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.600 20.600 Total 20.600	2JC15014 2JC14014	11,681 10,979 22,660	
Total National Department of Transportation			22,660	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency				
2013 Emergency Management Performance Grant 2014 Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042 97.042 Total 97.042	13EMPG01 14EMPG01	40,609 55,493 96,102	
Direct FEMA Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response Grant	97.083 Total 97.083	EMW-2012-FH-00185	358,268 358,268	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			454,370	

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments Child Support Enforcement IV-D Sheriff's Department Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court	93.563 93.563 93.563 Total 93.563	C70015C-4 C70061C-3 C70015C-3	42,538 11,171 139,406 193,115
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			193,115
National Endowment of Humanities:			
Passed through S. C. Humanities Council SC Humanities - LTAI - Rebirth of a Nation	45.129 Total 45.129		500 500
Total National Endowment of Humanities			500
U.S. Institute of Museum Library Services			
Passed through S. C. State Library			
LSTA Project IID: Sub Grant - Summer Reading Resource Grant	45.310	IID-12-111	438
LSTA Project IID: Mini Grants - STEAM Carolina Mini Grant	45.310	IID-14-305	500
LSTA Sub Grant: Conference Attendance Grant	45.310	IIIA-12-12	750 750
LSTA Sub Grant: Conference Attendance Grant	45.310 45.310	IIIA-14-09 IIID-14-129	750 848
LSTA Project IID: Summer Reading Resource Grant LSTA Project IID: Summer Reading Resource Grant	45.310 45.310	IIID-14-129 IIID-13-116	200
LSTA Floject lib. Summer Reading Resource Grant	Total 45.310	1110-13-110	3,486
Total U.S. Institute of Museum Library Services			3,486
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,602,112

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Colleton County, South Carolina (the "County"), and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

NOTE 2 MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The determination of when an award is expended is based on when the activity related to the award occurred.

NOTE 3 PROGRAM TYPE DETERMINATION

Type A programs are defined as federal programs with federal expenditures exceeding the larger of \$300,000 or three percent of total federal expenditures. The threshold of \$300,000 was used in distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs.

NOTE 4 METHOD OF MAJOR PROGRAM SELECTION

The risk based approach was used in the selection of federal programs to be tested as major programs. The County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 5 SUBRECIPIENTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the County did not pass any funds through to subrecipients.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Council
of Colleton County
Walterboro, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colleton County, South Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Colleton County, South Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2015. Our report includes a reference to the changes in accounting principles resulting from the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 as well as Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, as of July 1, 2014. Our report also includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Colleton County, South Carolina's Response to Finding

Colleton County, South Carolina's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 10, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

County Council
of Colleton County
Walterboro, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Colleton County South Carolina's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia December 10, 2015 Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>- rmanciai Statements</u>					
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weaknesses identified?	X_ yes no				
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	to be material weaknesses?	yes X none reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements r	yes <u>X</u> no				
Federal Awards					
Internal Control over major programs:					
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no				
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	yes <u>X</u> no				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to b	pe reported in				
accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section 51	0(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no			
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Prog	ram or Cluster			
10.559	· ·	U.S. Department of Agriculture – Summer Food Service Program for Children			
97.083	U.S. Department of	J.S. Department of Homeland Security - Staffing fo			
	Adequate Fire and I	Emergency Response			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Typ	e A and Type B programs:	\$300,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes X no			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2015-001. Management of Capital Assets

Criteria: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require the cost of capitalized assets be spread over the expected useful life of the asset in such a way as to allocate the cost as equitably as possible during which services are obtained from the use of the asset.

Condition: The Fire and Rescue Commission improperly recorded certain assets as non-depreciable in the period in which they were acquired. Thus, no depreciation expense had been recognized related to these assets in prior periods.

Context: We addressed this matter with Commission officials and they were able to determine the useful life and amount of depreciation expense that should be recognized retrospectively as of June 30, 2015.

Effect: A prior period adjustment to increase accumulated depreciation and decrease net position in the amount of \$824,929 was required to be reported as of June 30, 2015.

Cause: At the time these assets were acquired, the Commission incorrectly entered the pertinent information in its capital asset accounting system, resulting in the assets not being depreciated.

Recommendation: We recommend the Commission implement procedures to ensure that all capital asset information is properly included in its capital asset accounting system.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur. We will establish procedures to ensure that all capital assets are correctly entered into the capital asset accounting system.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION IV SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

2014-001

Criteria: Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 defines special revenue funds as funds that are used to account for the proceeds of resources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Additionally, the restricted or committed resources need to comprise a substantial

portion of the inflows reported in the special revenue fund.

Condition: The County improperly included the Roads and Bridges Fund, the Recreation Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund as special revenue funds as of June 30, 2013. Additionally, the County did not properly include the 14th Circuit

Court Solicitor as a special revenue fund as of June 30, 2013.

Status: Resolved

2014-002

Criteria: Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 defines agency funds as funds used

to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity. Additionally, agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private

organizations, or other governments.

Condition: The County improperly included the Transportation Committee Fund as an Agency fund as of June 30,

2013.

Status: Resolved

2014-003

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require revenue to be recognized in the accounting period in

which it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Condition: The County did not properly record revenues or expenditures from commissions in the Sheriff's

Discretionary Fund as of June 30, 2013.

Status: Resolved

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION IV SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

FA2014-001

Criteria: OMB Circular A-110 and the A-102 Common Rule require local governments that are recipients of Federal awards to implement and adhere to procedures to ensure any entity engaged in connection with the Federal award is not suspended or debarred or otherwise excluded from participating in the transaction.

Condition: The County did not properly verify that all entities engaged in connection with the County's Federal awards were not suspended or debarred by the Federal Government.

Status: Resolved