### Colleton County Walterboro, South Carolina

### **Audited Financial Statements**

June 30, 2004

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Colleton County Council Walterboro, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the aggregate discretely presented component units except for The Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse of Colleton County, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, a discretely presented component unit included in the component unit column. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, on the financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for this component unit in the component unit column, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the provisions of Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditor provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colleton County, South Carolina, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2004, on our consideration of Colleton County, South Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Colleton County, South Carolina. The combining financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

amble Livers : Moody, LLC

November 12, 2004

### COLLETON COUNTY WALTERBORO, SOUTH CAROLINA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Colleton County, South Carolina, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Colleton County for the fiscal year ending 6/30/04. Please read this information in conjunction with the detail statements and notes to the financial statements in order to achieve better understanding of the County's financial performance for the fiscal year.

### Financial Highlights

- The County's total general fund assets were \$9,813,299 as of June 30, 2004, compared to \$9,775,689 at the end of the previous year.
- The County's total general fund liabilities at 6/30/04 were \$4,148,083 compared to \$4,641,657 at the end of the previous year. The largest portion of this decrease is related to funds due to the School District at 6/30/03 being transferred during the fiscal year ending 6/30/04.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Colleton County Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,366,985. Of this amount \$5,103,216 (38.18%) is unreserved and available for the General Fund governmental operations with \$6,189,648 (46.31%) reserved for future capital equipment, capital projects, and outstanding encumbrances, and \$2,074,121 (15.51%) designated for subsequent years' appropriations in the various County Special Revenue Funds. Colleton County Capital Projects Funds have \$5,259,465 (84.98%) of the fund balance reserved for future capital projects, Debt Service funds have \$267,588 (4.32%) reserved for future General Obligation Bond payments, and the County General Fund has \$562,000 (9.07%) designated for future capital purchases and Other Governmental Funds have \$100,595 (1.63%) designated for outstanding encumbrances at 6/30/04.
- Colleton County's long-term debt position decreased in total (8.67%) during fiscal year ending 6/30/04. Although the County borrowed \$562,000 (2.98% increase over the prior year) for capital lease proceeds, the total outstanding debt decreased (11.65%) directly related to the retirement of the principal portion of outstanding debt during the fiscal year.
- Colleton County's Component Unit, Fire & Rescue Commission long-term debt position increased in total 30.29%. This amount is related to the issuance of \$2.5 million General Obligation Debt on October 15, 2003 (42.25% increase), compensated absences (.38% increase), combined with a net decrease of (12.34%) related to the retirement of the principal portion of outstanding debt during the fiscal year.
- The County's business-type activities, cash position increased 104.75% over the prior fiscal year. This increase is directly related to capital projects deferred until the upcoming fiscal year. County Council also established reserve funds for post-landfill closure costs during fiscal year ending 6/30/04.

• The total fund balance positions for the County Special Revenue Funds increased (27.17%) during fiscal year ending 6/30/04. This increase is directly related to overall increases in revenues across the board in the majority of the County Special Funds.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Colleton County's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the financial position of Colleton County and are similar to financial statements issued in the private sector. They include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These statements appear on pages 13 to 14 of this report.

Component Units, which are other governmental units over which the County (the Council, acting as a group) can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented as a separate column in the government-wide statements and as combining statements of net assets and of activities in the fund financial statements. The focus of the statements is clearly on the Primary Government and the presentation allows the reader to address the relative relationship with the Component Units to the primary government. The Component Units to the primary government are the Colleton County Alcohol and Drug Commission, Colleton County Memorial Library, and Colleton Fire and Rescue Commission.

The Statement of Net Assets shows the County's assets less its liabilities at June 30, 2004. The difference between these assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Changes in net assets over time may be helpful in indicating an improving or deteriorating financial position.

The Statement of Activities follows the statement of net assets and presents information showing how the net assets changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Some included items, such as accounts payable or earned but unused vacation leave, will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period. This report includes all major and non-major funds of the County.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of Colleton County Government that are principally supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental activities reported in the statements include general government, judicial, public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, recreation and culture, health and human services, intergovernmental, and economic development. Business type activities include the Solid Waste Division Enterprise Fund.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local

governments, Colleton County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of Colleton County Government can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds, presented on pages 15 to 18, essentially account for the same functions as those reported under the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities. However, this set of financial statements focuses on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of available resources as well as on the balance of available at the end of the fiscal year and is a narrower focus than the government-wide financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating Colleton County Government near-term financing requirements and available resources.

By comparing functions between the two sets of statements for governmental funds and governmental activities, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Governmental funds individually presented in Colleton County Government's statements include two major funds, the General Fund and the 2003 Special Source Revenue Bond Capital Projects Fund. Although there are many smaller funds in the Colleton County government reporting system, they have been presented in a total column termed as "other governmental funds". Combining statements for these other governmental funds have been presented on pages 51 to 58 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds** – Colleton County maintains only one proprietary fund, the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund, shown on pages 19 to 21 of this report.

Enterprise funds report in greater detail, the same information presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements for the Solid Waste division.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Colleton County's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 and 59 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes are presented on pages 25 to 47 of this report.

### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The government-wide statements encompass all the funds of the county, not just the general operational fund. In the case of Colleton County, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$25,264,797 at the close of the June 30, 2004 fiscal year, as compared to \$21,837,601 at June 30, 2003.

• \$18,454,916 (77.28%) represents investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment) for Governmental Activities, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding at June 30, 2004, as compared to \$16,707,015 (80.81%) at June 30, 2003.

Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$5,424,949 (22.72%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors at June 30, 2004, as compared to \$3,968,467 (19.19%) at June 30, 2003.

June 30, 2004

		Gover <u>Act</u>	rnm tiviti				s-type ties	<u>T</u>	otals	<u> </u>
		6/30/2004		6/30/2003		6/30/2004	6/30/2003	6/30/2004		6/30/2003
Current and other assets	\$	17,981,486	\$	18,030,994	\$		1,009,313 \$	19,139,289	\$	19,040,307
Capital Assets Total Assets	_	26,342,792 44,324,278		25,572,852 43,603,846	-	481,256 1,639,059	 319,002 1,328,315	26,824,048 <b>45,963,337</b>	_	25,891,854 44,932,161
Long-term liabilities		, .		, ,				45 400 754		40,000,444
outstanding Other Liabilities		15,261,885 5,182,528		16,899,181 6,029,183		147,869 106,258	99,963 66,233	15,409,754 5,288,786		16,999,144 6,095,416
Total Liabilities	_	20,444,413		22,928,364	-	254,127	 166,196	20,698,540		23,094,560
Net Assets:										
Invest in capital assets,				40 707 045		050.450	822.052	10 414 275		17 520 050
net of related debt Unrestricted		18,454,916 5,424,949		16,707,015 3,968,467		959,459 425,473	823,953 338,166	19,414,375 5,850,422		17,530,968 4,306,633
Total net assets	\$_	23,879,865	\$_	20,675,482	\$		\$ 1,162,119 \$	25,264,797	\$_	21,837,601

• At June 30, 2004, \$8,882,460 is being held by the County as cash and investments to be used for the planned purchase/construction of additional capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending, as compared to \$8,494,053 at June 30, 2003.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Colleton County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities account for 94.52% of the total net assets at 6/30/04, as compared to 94.67% at 6/30/03, and 5.48% of the net asset activity is related to the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund, which is presented as business-type activity at 6/30/04, as compared to 5.33% at 6/30/03. This information is further recapped on page 14 of this financial report in the Statement of Activities.

### Colleton County, South Carolina Changes in Net Assets (Recapped) For the Fiscal year ended June 30, 2004

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business <u>Activiti</u>	• •	<u>Totals</u>			
		6/30/2004	6/30/2003	6/30/2004	6/30/2003	6/30/2004	6/30/2003		
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:							2 224 450		
Charges for services	\$	2,663,975 \$	2,384,797 \$	297,286 \$	306,359 \$	2,961,261 \$	2,691,156		
Operating grants							0.050.000		
and contributions		3,181,662	2,572,584	66,405	79,482	3,248,067	2,652,066		
Capital Grants						404.007	4 000 045		
and contributions		161,807	1,868,245	-	-	161,807	1,868,245		
General Revenues:						44,000,000	9,951,293		
Property Taxes	-	11,966,283	9,951,293	-	-	11,966,283	6,092,842		
Other Taxes	٠	6,694,443	6,092,842	-	-	6,694,443	0,032,042		
State Aid to Local						4 070 262	1,685,624		
subdivisions		1,979,263	1,685,624	-	-	1,979,263 75,995	123,995		
Unrestricted Interest		75,574	123,652	421	343	75,995	26,775		
Sale of Capital Assets		7,353	26,775	-	-	45,727	16,180		
Misc./Other Income	_	45,642	16,180	85	200 404	27,140,199	25,108,176		
Total Revenue	-	26,776,002	24,721,992	364,197	386,184	27,140,133	20,100,111		
Expenses:									
Program Activities:									
Governmental Activities:			5 000 040			5,444,585	5,022,342		
General Government		5,444,585	5,022,342	-	_	1,357,474	1,389,673		
Judicial		1,357,474	1,389,673	-	_	8,580,993	8,167,550		
Public Safety		8,580,993	8,167,550	-	_	1,860,264	1,723,132		
Streets and Highways		1,860,264	1,723,132	-		560,086	481,312		
Recreation and Culture		560,086	481,312	-	_	964,263	989,243		
Health and Human Services		964,263	989,243	-	_	878,618	270,877		
Economic Development		878,618	270,877	•	_	889,704	645,194		
Intergovernmental		889,704	645,194	-	_	881,022	702,262		
Interest and fiscal charges		881,022	702,262	-					
Business-type Activities:				1,501,411	1,524,934	1,501,411	1,524,934		
Solid Waste	-		10 201 595	1,501,411	1,524,934	22,918,420	20,916,519		
Total Expenses		21,417,009	19,391,585	1,301,411	1,021,001				
Transfers from primary Government		(1,360,137)	(1,152,072)	1,360,137	1,152,072	-	-		
Transfers to Component Unit		(372,608)	(366,390)	-	-	(372,608)	(366,390)		
Transfers from Component Unit		<u>-</u>	36,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	36,000		
•									
Increase in Net Assets		3,626,248	3,847,945	222,923	13,322	3,849,171	3,861,267		
Net assets End of Prior Fiscal Year		20,253,617	16,827,537	1,162,009	1,148,797	21,415,626	17,976,334		
Net Assets End of Year	\$	23,879,865 \$	20,675,482 \$	1,384,932 \$	1,162,119 \$	25,264,797 \$	21,837,601		

Additional Note on Governmental Activities: The governmental activity listed on the far left hand column as Streets and Highways on the Statement of Activities, page 14 of this report, and the related column titled Capital Grants and Contributions in the amount of \$161,807 is representative of roads paved through State-C Funds, which become assets of the County and subsequently are maintained by the County. This contribution is not a source of revenue for the County, but rather is considered a capital contribution to the Infrastructure Assets of the County.

The County levies a Vehicle User Fee annually through tax appropriations, which is reflected in the General Revenues section at the bottom of the Statement of Activities on page 14. This vehicle user fee is designated to the Roads and Bridges Special Revenue Fund for operations. The General Government contributed a total of \$584,789 for operations to offset the total cost of operations not funded through the vehicle user fee for fiscal year ending 6/30/04.

Required Supplementary Information – Required Supplementary Information includes the Budgetary Comparison Schedule presented on page 48 to 50 of this report. The format presented is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 and highlights the differences between the budgetary basis of accounting for the County and Generally Accepted Accounting Standards (GAAP).

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Colleton County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The following is a recap of the Colleton County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances at 6/30/04:

### Colleton County, South Carolina Governmental Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/04

		General <u>6/30/2004</u>	Economic Development and Capital Improvements 6/30/2004		Other Governmental Funds 6/30/2004		Total Governmental Funds 6/30/04	% <u>Total</u>
Reserved				_	100 505	•	100,595	0.75%
Encumbrances	\$	- \$	-	\$	100,595	Ъ	562,000	4.20%
Capital acquisitions		562,000	-		-		•	39.35%
Capital projects		-	4,367,567		891,898		5,259,465	2.00%
Debt service		-	-		267,588		267,588	0.00%
Special revenue		-	-		<del>-</del>		-	0,00%
Unreserved		5,103,216	-		-		5,103,216	38.18%
Unreserved, report in nonma Special Revenue Funds	ajor:	-	-		2,074,121		2,074,121 -	15.52%
Total Fund Balances:	\$ <u></u>	5,665,216 \$	4,367,567	\$	3,334,202	\$	13,366,985	
		6/30/2003	6/30/2003		6/30/2003		6/30/03	Total
Reserved								0.00%
Encumbrances	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	- 185,358	1.39%
Capital acquisitions		185,358	-				•	47.51%
Capital projects		-	4,956,613		1,359,404		6,316,017	1.03%
Debt service		-	-		137,257		137,257	0.58%
Special revenue		-	-		76,960		76,960	0.56%
Unreserved		4,948,674	-		-		4,948,674	37.22%
Unreserved, report in nonm	ajor.				4 000 000		1 620 280	12.26%
Special Revenue Funds		-	-		1,630,380		1,630,380	12.2070
Total Fund Balances:	\$ _	5,134,032 \$	4,956,613	\$	3,204,001	\$	13,294,646	

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - Approximately 11% of the County's prior year unreserved fund balance for a total of \$543,494 was appropriated for general fund expenditures during FY04. The County actually did not utilize this fund balance appropriation due to some of the following factors:

- Total revenues exceeded budgeted projections by 5.73% and expenditures were under budget by approximately 1%, resulting in an increase in the unreserved fund balance in the total amount of \$154,542 for fiscal year ending 6/30/04.
- Tax revenue collections exceeded the original amount projected by 7.12%; the largest portion of this increase is related to collections in the Delinquent Tax Office, with a collection rate increase of 9% over the prior year including penalties and interest for a total of \$440,289 over the original budgeted projections.

• Although the tax revenue collections were up during the fiscal year, Court Fines collected on behalf of the County in both the Magistrates' and Clerk of Court Offices decreased 35.46% over the prior year based on changes in South Carolina State Law resulting in the re-distribution of court fine revenues back to the State Government. This shift in revenues places County employees in the role of collecting revenues on behalf of the State Government.

Expenditures – Total actual expenditures for fiscal year ending 6/30/04 were \$119,240 less than the final amended budget or approximately .64% under budget.

Compliant Fund Balance - The Colleton County Budget Ordinance directs the utilization of a compliant fund balance methodology based on the cash-flow needs of the County in order to operate during the fiscal year prior to the receipt of tax revenues at the beginning of the calendar year. The unreserved fund balance needed for operations is projected annually during the budget process and is monitored during the fiscal year. Based on projected figures for the 6/30/05 budget, the amount needed to sustain operations without borrowing funds is projected to be at a minimum of \$3.6 million or approximately 70% of the total 6/30/04 unreserved fund balance.

Colleton County Government prepares the annual budget for tax revenues on the cash basis of accounting and other revenue projections on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the expenditure portion of the budget presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – Colleton County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2004, amount to \$27,500,595 (net of accumulated depreciation) as compared to \$26,582,165 at June 30, 2003. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, bridges and easements.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found on pages 34 to 37 in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Debt Administration**

Long-term debt – At the fiscal year ending 6/30/04, Colleton County had total debt outstanding of \$17,196,066 compared to fiscal year ending 6/30/03 of \$18,830,432, which represents a decrease of (8.67%) over the prior fiscal year. This decrease is related to the retirement of debt through the payment of the principal portion on the outstanding debt during the fiscal year. Of the \$17,196,066 outstanding at 6/30/04, \$2,749,340 (16%) is representative of notes payable from lease purchase agreements for capital equipment purchases, \$6,449,985 (37.52%) related to General Obligation Bonds Debt, \$3,442,102 (20%) related to Special Source Revenue Debt for the construction of the VA Nursing Home project with the State of South Carolina and \$4,554,639 (26.48%) in Special Source Revenue Bonds for the development of multi-county industrial park off interstate I-95 in Colleton County.

In accordance with State Law, the amount of General Obligation Bonds (GOB) a government entity may issue (without referendum) is equal to 8 percent of its total assessed value. The current General Obligation Bond debt limitation for Colleton County based on information received from the County Auditor related to the 2003 Tax Assessment is \$9,349,535 for fiscal year ending 6/30/04.

The Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission had total debt outstanding of \$7,662,558 at 6/30/04 related to the construction of new fire stations and acquisition of capital assets to improve the Insurance Service Office (ISO) fire ratings in order to reduce property insurance premiums countywide. The total outstanding debt for the Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission at 6/30/04 represents a 30% increase over the prior fiscal year ending 6/30/03 outstanding debt of \$5,892,878.

Colleton County currently maintains a Baa1 rating from Moody's and a BBB+ rating from Standard and Poor's based on the latest rating in September 2003. The County will re-apply for bond ratings in the future when new general obligation bonds are issued.

Economic Factors and Next Years Budget - The County has seen stable growth in the vehicle digest over the past two years, which helped to reduce the effect of the vehicle draw-down and reduction of vehicle taxes this year, with an assessment drop from 10.5% to 6% as required by State Law. The Delinquent Tax Office collection rate improved 9% over the prior year, which may indicate improvements within the local economy. These growth indicators have been offset by continued reductions in State shared funds. The new assessments on court fines imposed by the State of South Carolina have negatively impacted the County's portion of court revenues during this fiscal year and have also placed County employees in the role of collecting revenues on behalf of the State Government.

The various Special Revenue Funds of the County have continued to experience positive growth, such as the County Accommodations Tax Fund with a total increase in revenues of 11.33% over the prior year. The revenue generated from this revenue source is used to retire the debt on the Edisto Beach Education and Civic Center facility located in Edisto Beach and remaining funds are used to supplement the City of Edisto Beach with beach re-nourishment projects each fiscal year.

The grant related activity increased 46.68% in the Colleton County Special Revenue Fund over the prior year with the largest portion of the increase being related to the Summer Feeding Program, which increased by 35.52% over the prior year. In addition, the County received new grant funding through the Department of Homeland Security to improve communication resources during post disaster phases throughout the County and increased funding in the Sheriff's Office related to Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) expenditures for the reimbursement of overtime for law enforcement personnel.

The County's Special Source Revenue Bond Fund generated \$162,013 more revenues than the related debt and these funds have been set aside in a Capital Projects Fund in accordance with the bond covenants for future economic development projects. The funds generated from this revenue source are used to pay for the outstanding debt related to the Industrial park project off I-95.

The most innovative move by County Council during the FY04 fiscal year was the placing of all ambulance operations under the Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission. In addition to providing more comprehensive and efficient service, the increase in available resources will help with the overall Insurance Service Office (ISO) ratings for the County. Because the manpower credit is open ended in the rating process, this innovative move is expected to help produce an improved ISO rating of 5-6 countywide, whereas the prior ratings varied from 5-10 based on the prior rating method.

In addition to the elimination of the County Emergency Medical Services Division and placing the functions under the Fire & Rescue Commission, the capital bond improvements to build new Fire Stations and to provide additional equipment have improved services throughout the County. The County is now able to provide coverage within 5 miles of a Station for 90% of residential & business areas throughout the County, whereas before these improvements, the average coverage area was a 15-mile radius. In

order to achieve an overall rating of 1 under the ISO ratings, the County would have to provide coverage within a 3-mile radius countywide and have a County-wide water system, but the improvement in ratings this fiscal year should aid citizens through lowered insurance premiums. This change is expected to reduce insurance premiums by up to 50% for over 75% of the County's residents. In addition, the increased resources and dual qualified staff are allowing the County to better meet the needs of all citizens now and into the future.

Requests for Information - This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's Finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or request for information may be addressed to Colleton County Finance Director, P.O. Box 157, Walterboro, SC 29488.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

		Primary Government	t	
	Governmenta			Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets:	**************************************			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,458,44		\$ 3,106,510	\$ 986,501
Investments	3,000,00	-	3,000,000	109,349
Restricted:			0.000.740	705 272
Cash and cash equivalents	8,880,74		8,880,742	785,272
Investments	1,71		11,718	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	3,266,21		3,296,910	343,435
Internal balances	214,76	3 (214,768)	-	
Due from primary government			-	42,452
Due from component units	141,86		141,861	-
Due from external parties	16,485		16,485	56,671
Prepaid items	1,258		1,258	-
Other assets		- 7,258	7,258	-
Capital assets:				106 170
Land - nondepreciable	5,518,683	·	5,676,129	196,179
Buildings and improvements	13,850,688		13,991,046	2,795,306
Improvements other than buildings	595,454		1,013,626	50,840
Machinery and equipment	1,420,319		1,611,582	106,541
Heavy vehicles and equipment	1,925,317	•	3,117,448	6,508,543
Vehicles	3,130,071	71,892	3,201,963	331,102
Library materials		-	-	1,254,107
Infrastructure	6,248,200		6,248,200	
Construction in progress	856,481		995,470	10,400
Accumulated depreciation	(7,202,421	(1,152,448)	(8,354,869)	(4,338,218)
Total assets	\$ 44,324,278	\$ 1,639,059	\$ 45,963,337	\$ 9,238,480
Total assets	<del>+ 11,521,21</del>	= =====================================		
Liabilities:				
Cash overdraft	\$ 500,906	\$ -	\$ 500,906	\$ -
Accounts payable	747,039		747,039	48,405
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	600,921		606,119	33,215
Compensated absences payable - current	47,013		48,059	18,499
Due to primary government			-	141,861
Due to component units	42,452	-	42,452	-
Due to other governments	228,867	-	228,867	-
Due to external parties	378,933	-	378,933	-
Due to third party	7,289	-	7,289	-
Escheat property	50,594	-	50,594	-
Interest payable	310,650	2,726	313,376	96,084
Deferred revenue	210,883		210,883	10,352
Other current liabilities	-	-	-	773
Notes payable - current	202,968	-	202,968	-
General obligation bonds payable - current	767,064	-	767,064	752,200
Revenue bonds payable - current	415,027	•	415,027	-
Capital lease obligations - current	671,922	97,288	769,210	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Notes payable	3,239,134	-	3,239,134	-
General obligation bonds payable	5,682,921	-	5,682,921	6,910,358
Revenue bonds payable	4,139,612	-	4,139,612	•
Capital lease obligations	1,874,221	105,910	1,980,131	-
Compensated absences payable	258,997	9,179	268,176	53,693
Accrual for landfill closure	, ·	32,780	32,780	-
Claims and judgments payable	67,000	•	67,000	-
Classis and Jaagmenes payable				
Total liabilities	20,444,413	254,127	20,698,540	8,065,440
•				
Net Assets:				2
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,454,916	959,459	19,414,375	2,448,773
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	-	-	•	463,946
Debt service	•	-	-	289,487
Unrestricted	5,424,949	425,473	5,850,422	(2,029,166)
Tabal ant assets	\$ 23,879,865	\$ 1,384,932	\$ 25,264,797	\$ 1,173,040
Total net assets	\$ 23,879,865	בנכודטנוו פ	\$ 25,264,797	\$ 1,173,040

# COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

			Program Revenues		Net (	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	nd Changes in Net As	sets
	Fxnenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Componer.t Units
Primary government								
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 5,444,585	\$ 545,657	\$ 157,050		\$ (4,741,878)	,	\$ (4,741,878)	
Judicial					(1,256,288)		(1,256,288)	•
Public safety	8,580,993	2,017,132	1,740,423	•	(4,823,438)	•	(4,823,438)	•
Streets and highways	1,860,264	•	1	161,807	(1,698,457)	•	(1,698,457)	,
Recreation and culture	260,086	•	185,094		(374,992)	•	(374,992)	
Health and human services	964,263		385,345	•	(578,918)		(578,918)	
Economic development	878,618	•	713,750	•	(164,868)	•	(164,868)	
Intergovernmental Interest and fiscal charges	889,704 881,022				(889,704) (881,022)	, ,	(889,704) (881,022)	, ,
1	21.417.009	2.663.975	3.181.662	161,807	(15,409,565)		(15,409,565)	•
Business-type activities:	600/11/12	20001						
Solid waste	1,497,788	297,286	. 66,405	•	-	(1,134,097)	(1,134,097)	
Total primary government	\$ 22,914,797	\$ 2,961,261	\$ 3,248,067	\$ 161,807	\$ (15,409,565)	\$ (1,134,097)	\$ (16,543,662)	,
Component units								
Colleton County Memorial Library	\$ 498,576	\$ 20,780	\$ 95,102	<del>•</del>				\$ (382,694)
Colleton County Fire-Rescue Commission	3,138,356	•	•	314,799				(2,823,557)
Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse	869,160	136,195	717,335					(15.630)
Total component units	\$ 4,506,092	\$ 156,975	\$ 812,437	\$ 314,799				(3,221,881)
		General revenues:						
		Property taxes			11,966,283	•	11,966,283	
		Colleton Cour	Colleton County Fire-Rescue Commission	ssion	•	•		2,554,133
		Manufacturing tax	ax		76,708	•	76,708	19,120
		Homestead tax			721,207	•	721,207	152,829
		Motor carrier			121,090	•	121,090	22,260
		Delinquent tax	-		1,347,484	•	1,347,484	223,047
		Local option sales tax	es tax		1,765,523	•	1,765,523	•
		Chate aid to local poversments	i oi taxes		122,000	•	122,000	
		Accommodations tax	in governments is tax		445,445	•	445.445	•
		Hospitality taxes			620,592	,	620,592	•
		Vehicle user fees	Şî.		806,460		806,460	
		Sales tax			667,248	•	667,248	
		Unrestricted int	Unrestricted interest and investment earnings	earnings	75,574	421	75,995	9,346
		Miscellaneous			45,642	S8 :	45,727	5,931
		(Loss) on dispo	(Loss) on disposal of capital assets		* *	(3,623)	(3,623)	•
		Gain on sale of assets	assets		£4£,/ (E4, 97E +)	, , , ,	555/	•
		Transfers (to) component units	nary government ponent units		(1,360,137)	,51,00c,1	(372,608)	372,608
		Total general n	Total general revenues and transfers		19,035,813	1.357.020	20.392,833	3,363,274
		Change in net assets	assets		3,626,248	222,923	3,849,171	14:,393
		Net assets - be	Net assets - beginning (as restated)		20,253,617	1,162,009	21,415,626	1,03:,647
		Net assets - ending	ding		\$ 23,879,865	\$ 1,384,932	\$ 25,264,797	\$ 1,173,040
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	tatements.							

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

				Economic		0.11		T-1-1
		General	ć	evelopment and Capital aprovements	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		2.450.444						7 450 444
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,458,444	\$	-	\$	-	٠ \$	2,458,444 3,000,000
Investments-unrestricted		3,000,000		-		_		3,000,000
Restricted:		022 500		4,399,050		3,649,103		8,880,742
Cash and cash equivalents		832,589		4,399,030		3,049,103		1,718
Investments		1,718				492,559		3,266,210
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		2,773,651		-		52,737		640,030
Due from other funds		587,293		-		32,737		141,861
Due from component units		141,861		-		-		16,485
Due from external parties		16,485		-		Ţ		1,258
Prepaid items		1,258						1,236
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	9,813,299	\$	4,399,050	<u>\$</u>	4,194,399	\$	18,406,748
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:		=======================================	_				+	E00 00C
Cash overdraft	\$	500,906	\$	24 402	\$	140.001	\$	500,906
Accounts payable		565,695		31,483		149,861		747,039
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		591,869		-		9,052		600,921
Due to other funds		51,209		-		374,053		425,262
Due to component units		32,100	/	-		10,352		42,452
Due to other governments		228,867		-		-		228,867
Due to third parties		7,289		-		-		7,289
Due to external parties		378,933		-	,	-		378,933
Escheat property		50,594		-		-		50,594
Deferred revenue		1,740,621				316,879		2,057,500
Total liabilities		4,148,083		31,483		860,197		5,039,763
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for:						100 505		100 505
Encumbrances		-		-		100,595		100,595
Capital acquisitions		562,000				-		562,000
Capital projects		-		4,367,567		891,898		5,259,465
Debt service		-		-		267,588		267,588
Unreserved		5,103,216		-		-		5,103,216
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:								
Designated for subsequent years' appropriation		-				2,074,121		2,074,121
Total fund balances		5,665,216		4,367,567		3,334,202		13,366,985
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,813,299	<u>\$</u>	4,399,050	<u>\$</u>	4,194,399	\$	18,406,748

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2004

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 13,366,985
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		26,342,792
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred on the funds:  Property taxes:		
General fund 1,	195,677 105,996	1,301,673
Charges for services: General fund		544,944
General obligation bonds  Revenue bonds  Lease payable  Compensated absences  Claims and judgments payable	442,102) 449,985) 554,639) 546,143) 306,010) (67,000) 310,650)	 (17,676,529)
Net assets of governmental activities	=	\$ 23,879,865

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		Economic		
		Development	Other	Total
		and Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Improvements	Funds	Funds
	<u> </u>			
Revenues:				+ 10.425.044
Taxes	\$ 14,582,186	\$ -	\$ 3,844,725	\$ 18,426,911
Licenses and permits	545,657	-	-	545,657
Fines and fees	712,026	-	441,477	1,153,503
Intergovernmental	1,979,263	-	3,290,935	5,270,198
Charges for services	624,887	-	-	624,887
Interest	32,636	31,398	11,541	75,575
Other	39,417		13,011	52,428
Total revenues	18,516,072	31,398_	7,601,689	26,149,159
Expenditures:				
Current:			212.000	5 226 602
General government	5,012,742	-	213,860	5,226,602
Judicial	1,336,388	-	2 020 007	1,336,388
Public safety	6,821,787	-	2,020,897	8,842,684
Streets and highways	75,199	-	1,310,174	1,385,373
Recreation and culture	281,398	-	267,080	548,478
Health and human services	445,875	-	423,445	869,320
Economic development	136,125	620,444	67	756,636
Intergovernmental	590,600	-	937,854	1,528,454
Capital outlay	=	-	639,960	639,960
Debt service:	740 000		1 420 150	2 106 267
Principal retirement	768,208	-	1,428,159	2,196,367
Interest and fiscal charges	48,627		809,298	857,925
Total expenditures	15,516,949	620,444	8,050,794	24,188,187
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	2,999,123	(589,046)	(449,105)	1,960,972
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital lease proceeds	562,000	-	-	562,000
Operating transfers in	18,744	-	1,908,567	1,927,311
Operating transfers (out)	(2,404,655)		(1,332,757)	(3,737,412)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,823,911)		575,810	(1,248,101)
Net change in fund balances	1,175,212	(589,046)	126,705	712,871
Fund balances at beginning of year (as restated)	4,490,004	4,956,613	3,207,497	12,654,114
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,665,216	\$ 4,367,567	\$ 3,334,202	\$ 13,366,985

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 712,871
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Donated assets are recorded in the Statement of Activities, whereas in the governmental funds, they are not. This is the amount by which capital outlays and donated assets exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capital asset additions  Donated assets  Depreciation expense	3,450,936 161,807 (1,366,225)	2,246,518
In the Statement of Activities, the gain on disposal of capital assets is reported. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets.  Cost of capital assets  Accumulated depreciation	(1,525,792) 35,000	(1,490,792)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Similarly, other revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund.  Property taxes Charges for services	124,543 340,493	465,036
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities.		2,196,367
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, interest is expensed when due.		(23,094)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated absences payable		3,986
Transfer of debt related to purchase of capital assets to business-type activities		77,356
In the Statement of Activities, debt proceeds are capitalized, whereas in the governmental funds, debt proceeds are recognized as other financing sources.  Change in net assets of governmental activities		 \$ (562,000)

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2004

	Er	terprise Fund
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	658,066
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		30,700
Other assets		7,258
Total current assets		696,024
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land - nondepreciable		157,446
Buildings and improvements		140,358
Construction in progress		138,989
Improvements other than buildings		418,172
Machinery and equipment		191,263
Heavy vehicles and equipment		1,192,131
Vehicles		71,892
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,152,448)
Total noncurrent assets		1,157,803
Total assets	\$	1,853,827
Liabilities		•
Current liabilities:		
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	5,198
Compensated absences		1,046
Accrued interest		2,726
Capital leases payable		97,288
Due to other funds		214,768
Total current liabilities		321,026
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences		9,179
Accrual for landfill closure		32,780
Capital leases payable		105,910
Total noncurrent liabilities		147,869
Total liabilities		468,895
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		959,459
Unrestricted		425,473
Total net assets	\$	1,384,932

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 297,286
Operating grants	66,405
Total operating revenues	363,691
Operating expenses:	
Salaries	451,033
Other employee benefits	117,906
Health insurance	34,731
Retirement	18,784
Depreciation	• 170,737
Supplies	13,685
Insurance	20,959
Provision for uncollectible accounts	20,668
Tipping fees	307,461
Professional fees	33,020
Other expenses	90,890
Landfill closure expense	3,499
Utilities	20,613
Gasoline	57,742
Repairs and maintenance	127,323
Total operating expenses	1,489,051
Loss from operations	(1,125,360)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):	
Interest income	421
Other income	85
Loss on sale of capital asset	(3,623)
Interest expense	(8,737)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(11,854)
Loss before transfers	(1,137,214)
Transfer in	1,360,137
Change in net assets	222,923
Total net assets - beginning (as restated)	1,162,009
Total net assets - ending	\$ 1,384,932

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Er	nterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	338,235
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(843,114)
Cash payments to employees for services		(444,674)
Cash received from operating grant		66,405
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(883,148)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Operating transfers from other funds		1,360,137
Other income		86
Intergovernmental receipts (disbursements)		117,576
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,477,799
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Additional long term debt		172,709
Principal payments on long term debt		(95,353)
Acquisition of capital assets		(332,240)
Sale of capital assets		9,390
Interest paid		(8,022)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and		
related financing activities		(253,516)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
· Interest received		421
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		421
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		341,556
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		316,510
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	658,066
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	-	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,125,360)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation		170,737
Provision for landfill closure		3,499
Provision for uncollectible accounts		20,668
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(2,008)
Decrease in other assets		42,957
Increase in accrued payroll		3,630
Increase in compensated absences payable		2,729
Total adjustments		242,212
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(883,148)

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,255,544
Investments	,	5,000,000
Due from other governments		4,551
Due from third parties		150
Due from primary government		378,934
Total assets	\$	12,639,179
Liabilities:		
Cash overdraft	\$	21
Due to third parties	7	12,622,672
Due to primary government		16,486
Total liabilities	ф.	12 (20 170
rotai napinues	<b>)</b>	12,639,179

### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2004

		Colleton County Memorial Library		Colleton County Fire-Rescue Commission	C on	Colleton County ommission Alcohol and brug Abuse		Total
Assets:	\$	8,452	\$	689,235	\$	288,814	\$	986,501
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	4	-	4	-	7	109,349	,	109,349
Restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		785,272		-		785,272
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		-		269,307		74,128		343,435
Due from primary government		15,246		27,206		-		42,452
Due from external parties		-		56,671		-		56,671
Capital assets:								106 170
Land - nondepreciable		-		196,179		-		196,179
Buildings and improvements		119,026		2,676,280		-		2,795,306
Improvements other than buildings		-		50,840		-		50,840 106,541
Machinery and equipment		55,572 63,736		50,969 6,445,807		_		6,508,543
Heavy vehicles and equipment		62,736 14,190		254,850		62,062		331,102
Vehicles		1,254,107		254,030		02,002		1,254,107
Library materials Construction in progress		1,231,107		10,400		-		10,400
Accumulated depreciation		(1,176,797)		(3,110,785)		(50,636)		(4,338,218)
Accumulated depressation								
Total assets	\$	352,532	\$	8,402,231	\$	483,717	<u>*</u>	9,238,480
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	38,622	\$	9,783	\$	48,405
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		4,894		28,321		-		33,215
Compensated absences payable - current		1,541		10,250		6,708		18,499
Due to primary government		1,993		67,759		72,109		141,861
Interest payable		-		96,084		_		96,084
Deferred revenue		10,352		777		-		10,352 773
Other current liabilities		-		773		-		752,200
General obligation bonds payable - current		-		752,200		-		732,200
Noncurrent liabilities:				6,910,358		_		6,910,358
General obligation bonds payable		10,550		36,480		6,663		53,693
Compensated absences payable								
Total liabilities		29,330	_	7,940,847		95,263		8,065,440
Net Assets:				2 400 512		11.426		2 440 772
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		328,834		2,108,513		11,426		2,448,773
Restricted for:				412.046		EU 000		463 D46
Capital projects		-		413,946		50,000		463,946
Debt service		- (۵۵)		289,487		227 020		289,487
Unrestricted		(5,632)		(2,350,562)		327,028		(2,029,166)
Total net assets	\$	323,202	\$	461,384	\$	388,454	\$	1,173,040

### **DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES** COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

				4	Program Revenues	es		Net	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	s and Changes in I	Net Ass	sts	
					1		1	Colleton	Colleton	Colleton			<b> </b> -
; ;		Expenses	G S	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	<sub>ග</sub> පු	Capital Grants and Contributions	County Memorial Library	County Fire-Rescue Commission	Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse	73	Total	
Colleton County Memorial Library Governmental activities: Recreation and culture	₩.	498,576	₩	20,780	\$ 95,102	₩	'	\$ (382,694)	Ψ.	₩,	<del>'^-</del>	(382,694)	<del>(</del> 4)
Colleton County Fire-Rescue Commission Governmental activities: Public safety	₩	3,138,356	₩.	1	₩	<b>به</b>	314,799	₩.	\$ (2,823,557)	₩.	<del>'                                    </del>	(2,823,557)	(2)
Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Governmental activities: Health and human services	₩	869,160	<b>↔</b>	136,195	\$ 717,335	₩	•	<b>ν</b>	₩	\$ (15,630)	\$	(15,630)	30)
Total component units	₩	4,506,092	₩.	156,975	\$ 812,437	••-   •	314,799				 !	(3,221,881)	<del>[1</del> ]
			Gene	General revenues:									
,			žΣ	Property taxes Manufacturing tax	×e				2,554,133	•		2,554,133	33
			Ĭ	Homestead tax	i				157,820	,		19,120	9 6
			Ă	Motor carrier				•	22,260	•		22,029	£ 9
			ے کے	Delinquent tax				•	223,047	•		223,047	47
			Σ	Miscellaneous				,		1,380	_	9,931	31
			<u>=</u> 1	Interest				92	5,994	3,287	_	9,346	46
			Lans	ters trom prin	Transfers from primary government	+		372,608	1		,	372,608	80
			Total	Total general reve	revenues and transfers	ers		372,673	2,985,934	4,667		3,363,274	4
			Chan	Change in net assets	ets			(10,021)	162,377	(10,963)	8	141,393	93
			Net a	Net assets - beginning	guir			333,223	299,007	399,417	٠,	1,031,647	47
			Net a	Net assets - ending	CD.			\$ 323,202	\$ 461,384	\$ 388,454	<del>   </del>	1,173,040	40
											ļ		1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Introduction

Colleton County (the "County") complies with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The County's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds and governmental and business-type activities, and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. During June 1999, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments, which provides for substantial changes in financial reporting and accounting, including the use of full accrual accounting for certain statements, new terms, depreciation of capital assets, and presentation of management's discussion and analysis. Colleton County implemented GASB Statement No. 34 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remaining notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of Colleton County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

### B. Financial Reporting Entity

The State of South Carolina established the County under the provisions of the South Carolina Home Rule Act. Colleton County operates under the Council-Administrator form of government and provides the following areas of services: general administrative, judicial, public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, recreation and culture, health and human services, economic development, public improvements, and other miscellaneous services. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable or for which exclusion of a component unit would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, which defines a primary government as an entity with a governing body elected in a general election, and which is legally separate and fiscally independent. Any entity, which does not meet the above criteria, is potentially a component unit of a primary government.

A component unit is a legally separate entity for which a primary government is financially accountable by virtue of the fact that it both appoints the governing board and is able to impose its will on the component unit, or the fact that it provides financial benefits or imposes a financial burden on the primary government.

Based upon the aforementioned criteria, the County has determined Colleton County Memorial Library, Colleton County Fire-Rescue Commission, and Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse to be discretely presented component units. The discretely presented component units were included since they are fiscally dependent upon the County for the annual appropriations, approval of annual operating budgets, and authorization of general obligation debt issues. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operation; therefore data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented

component unit has a June 30 year-end. Separate financial statements for these component units may be obtained from each entity's management.

### Discretely Presented Component Units

Colleton County Memorial Library 600 Hampton Street Walterboro, SC 29488

Colleton County Council appoints the eleven members of the library's governing board. Colleton County Council can significantly influence the library's operations and it provides substantial financial support.

Colleton County Fire-Rescue Commission 113 Mable T. Willis Boulevard Walterboro, SC 29488

Colleton County Council selects the five members of the Fire-Rescue Commission from the ten members presented by the Fire Control Board, an advisory board comprised of a member from each of the participating fire departments. The County Council approves the budget, sets the tax levy, and retains control of all assets purchased with such taxes. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, there were no legally separate non-profit fire stations under the Commission.

Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse 1439 Thunderbolt Drive Walterboro, SC 29488

The Commission operates under a Governing Board composed of nine Colleton County residents appointed by the Colleton County Council. The Commission is financially dependent on the County. The County Council approves the budget and can significantly influence the decisions of the Commission.

### **Blended Component Units**

Colleton County Development Board

This entity is legally separate from the County and is governed by a seven-member board appointed by Colleton County Council. For financial reporting purposes, the Board is reported as if it is part of the County's operations because all fiscal and hiring matters are subject to the authority of Colleton County Council.

Colleton County Advisory/Planning Commission

This entity does not have separate corporate powers from the County and thus is included in the County's operations.

### C. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The accounts of the County and its component units are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purposes and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and

managerial requirements. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions.

The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

The government has the following fund types:

Governmental Funds are used to account for general governmental activities. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Major Governmental funds of the County include the following:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Economic Development and Capital Improvements Fund accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects.

Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurements focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The government applies all applicable FASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds, which are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business. Enterprise funds are used by entities when they have decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. In enterprise funds a fee is charged to external users. This fund consists of the County's refuse collection and disposal services. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations (e.g. refuse collection and disposal service). Operating grants received are also classified as operating revenues.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, Proprietary Funds consider all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

**Fiduciary Funds** are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. The County's only fiduciary funds are agency funds.

### D. Measurement Focus

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resource management focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net assets.

### Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

### E. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise from the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange occurs. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For the County, property tax revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability is used for recognition of all other governmental fund revenues

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing, matching and expenditure requirements.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available in order to be recognized.

Revenue sources that are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end include: property taxes collected within 60 days of year-end, sales taxes, service charges, rental income, accommodation fees, intergovernmental revenues and interest income.

### Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received and recognized prior to revenue recognition criteria being satisfied. In governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

### Expenses/Expenditures

Expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred under the accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain absences, claims, and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

### F. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

### 1. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments.

State statutes authorize the entities to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- 2. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- 3. Savings and loan associations deposits to the extent insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
- 4. No load open and closed-end portfolios of certain investment companies with issues of the U.S. Government;
- 5. Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, or a market value not less than the amount of the certificate of deposit so secured, including interest.

Investments may be stated at cost, amortized cost, or fair value. Non-participating interest-earning investment contracts, such as bank certificates of deposit whose terms are not affected by changes in market rates, are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest-earning investments contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are stated at amortized cost, provided that fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, and U.S. Treasury and agency obligations. Interest-earning investment contracts are contracts that a government enters into with a financial institution or other financial services company for which it receives, directly or indirectly, interest payments. Participating interest-earning investments contracts, that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of more than one year, and openend mutual funds, are stated at fair value. Participating interest-earning investment contracts are investments whose value is affected by market (interest rate) changes. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

### 2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The allowance for trade accounts receivables is computed based upon an estimate of collections within each aging category. The allowance for property taxes receivable is based upon a composite average of each delinquent tax year's collections to outstanding balance at the beginning of the fiscal year. The County bills and collects property taxes for itself and all other taxing entities within the county. Property taxes are recognized in the period in which they are levied and available for financing current expenditures. Property taxes receivable represents delinquent real and personal taxes for the past ten years, less an allowance for amounts estimated to be uncollectible. All net property taxes receivable at year-end, except those collected within 60 days, are recorded as deferred revenue and thus not recognized as revenue until collected in the governmental funds.

Taxes on real property and certain personal property attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. Taxes are levied and billed the following September on all property other than vehicles and are payable without penalty until January 15 of the following year. Penalties are assessed on unpaid taxes on the following dates: January 16 - three percent, February 1 - an additional seven percent, and March 16 an additional five percent. On March 16, the property tax bills are turned over to the delinquent tax office and the properties are subject to sale. Taxes on licensed motor vehicles are levied during the month when the taxpayer's vehicle license registration is up for renewal. The County must provide proof of payment to the South Carolina Department of Transportation before the agency will renew the taxpayer's vehicle license.

The County charges a user fee to real property owners and certain commercial and governmental entities providing revenues for a portion of the County's solid waste collection and disposal effort (e.g., incineration, landfill and recycling). Tipping fees charged to certain commercial and governmental entities are also included. Annual charges to real property owners are billed in the fall for the subsequent calendar year, but are recognized in the full year of billing. An allowance for uncollectible accounts is established based upon a historical estimate of the collections within each customer category: residential, commercial, governmental or housing agencies.

### 3. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the County's debt service, derived from proceeds of various General Obligation Bonds and Revenue Bonds, are set aside for their repayment by the Trustee for specific purposes. These assets are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet in both the government-wide and fund financial statements because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges, and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as those with an initial individual cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized by governmental or business-type activities.

All capital assets, except for land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	45
Building Improvements	10
Improvements other than Buildings	10
Heavy Vehicles and Equipment	10
Vehicles	5
Law Enforcement Vehicles	3
Airplanes	6
Office and Computer Equipment	5
Fire/Medical Equipment	5
Communications Equipment	20
Library Materials	5
Paved Roads	20
Radio and Fire Towers	10

### 5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums and discounts. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as an "other financing source", net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 6. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since it is the County's policy to record the cost of sick leave only when it is paid. No benefits vest upon termination. All vacation pay is recorded when accrued by the employee in the government-wide statements. The amounts attributable to governmental funds are charged to expense and a corresponding liability in the applicable fund. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments.

### 7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriable or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### 8. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use

either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

### 9. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the County's management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits are categorized into these three categories of credit risk:

- (1) Insured or collateralized with securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name.
- (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name.
- (3) Uncollateralized, including any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

The following represents the allocation of deposits by risk category for the primary government and its component units as of June 30, 2004:

	Carrying	Bank		Category	
	Amount	Balance	1	2	3
Primary government:	<u>\$ 11,987,252</u>	<u>\$ 11,697,528</u>	<u>\$ 4,711,935</u>	\$ 4,299,050	<u>\$ 2,686,543</u>
Component units: Fire-Rescue Commission	1,474,507	1,481,712	978,411		503,301
Library Commission	8,452	11,344	11,344	-	240.000
Alcohol and Drug Abuse	288,814	312,033	100,000		212,033
Total component units	1,771,773	1,805,089	1,089,755		715,334
Total reporting entity	<u>\$ 13,759,025</u>	<u>\$ 13,502,617</u>	\$ 5,801,690	<u>\$ 4,299,050</u>	<u>\$ 3,401,877</u>

Investments are categorized into these three categories of credit risk:

- (1) Insured or registered, with securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name.
- (2) Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter-party's trust department or agent in the County's name.
- (3) Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter-party, or by its trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

The following represents the allocation of investments by risk category for the primary government and its component units as of June 30, 2004:

	1	Category 2	3	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Primary government: Component unit:	\$ 10,000	\$	\$ 3,001,742	\$ 3,011,718	\$_3,011,742
Alcohol and Drug Abuse	100,000	<del></del>	9,349	109,349	109,349
Total reporting entity	\$ 110,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,011,091	\$ 3,121,067	<u>\$ 3,121,091</u>
A reconciliation of cash a government and the comp			he Statement (	of Net Assets fo	or the primary
Carrying amount of de Carrying amount of de Carrying amount of inv Carrying amount of inv	eposits – compo vestments – pri	nent units mary governme	nt		\$ 11,987,252 1,771,773 3,011,718 109,349
Total carrying amo	ount of cash an	d investments			<u>\$ 16,880,092</u>
Cash Investments Restricted assets – cas Restricted assets – inv					\$ 4,093,011 3,109,349 9,666,014 11,718
Total carrying amo	ount of cash and	d investments			<u>\$ 16,880,092</u>

### **B.** Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2004, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 Governme	<u>enta</u>	l Funds				
			Nonmajor				Total
		G	overnmental				Primary
	 General		Funds		Proprietary	G	overnment
Receivables:					,		
Property taxes	\$ 1,371,243	\$	124,477	\$	-	\$	1,495,720
Other taxes	-		136,262		-		136,262
Intergovernmental	1,149,277		248,935		_		1,398,212
Accounts	724,522		-		55,795		780,317
Other	 975		2,478		500	_	3,953
Gross receivables	 3,246,017		512,152		56,295		3,814,464
Less allowance for uncollectibles:	•						
Property taxes	215,834		19,593		-		235,427
Accounts	 256,532				25,595		282,127
Gross allowance	 472,366		19,593	_	25,595		517,554
Net total receivable	\$ 2,773,651	\$	492,559	\$	30,700	\$	3,296,910

Memorial		Fire-Rescue		Alcohol and		
Library	_	_C	ommission	<u>Drug Abuse</u>	_	<u>Total</u>
\$	-	\$	319,615	\$ -	\$	319,615
	-		-	-		-
	-		-	•		43,012
				35,886		<u>35,886</u>
	_		<u>319,615</u>	78,898	_	398,513
	-		50,308	-		50,308
	_			4,770		4,770
			·	•.		
	<del>-</del>		50,308		_	55,078
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	269,307	<u>\$ 74,128</u>	<u>\$</u>	343,435
	Library	Memorial Library	Memorial Fi Library Co	Memorial Library         Fire-Rescue Commission           \$ - \$ 319,615	Library         Commission         Drug Abuse           \$         -         \$ 319,615         \$ -           -         -         -         43,012           -         -         35,886           -         -         319,615         78,898           -         -         4,770           -         -         50,308         -           -         -         4,770	Memorial Library         Fire-Rescue Commission         Alcohol and Drug Abuse           \$ - \$ 319,615         \$ - \$           43,012         - 35,886           - 319,615         78,898           - 50,308         - 4,770           - 50,308

#### C. Capital Assets

Primary government capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance as restated June 30, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30,2004
Capital assets not being depreciated	+ + 00E 0C4	<b>.</b>	<b>+</b>	# 1 DOE OCA
Land	\$ 1,085,864	\$ 14.014	\$ -	\$ 1,085,864
Land – infrastructure	4,417,905	14,914 620, <del>444</del>	1 400 702	4,432,819 856,481
Construction in progress	1,726,829		1,490,792	
Total not being depreciated	7,230,598	635,358	1,490,792	<u>6,375,164</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	11,879,757	1,970,931	-	13,850,688
Improvements other than buildings	595,454	-		595,454
Machinery and equipment	1,072,698	347,621	-	1,420,319
Heavy vehicles and equipment	1,960,317	-	35,000	1,925,317
Vehicles	2,618,131	511,940	-	3,130,071
Infrastructure	6,101,307	146,893		6,248,200
Total being depreciated	24,227,664	2,977,385	35,000	<u>27,170,049</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	1,793,556	284,502	-	2,078,058
Improvements other than buildings	286,590	51,103	-	337,693
Machinery and equipment	140,407	177,130	-	31 <b>7,537</b>
Heavy vehicles and equipment	1,130,171	142,395	35,000	1,237,566
Vehicles	1,844,413	397,830	_	2,242,243
Infrastructure	676,058	313,266		989,324
Total accumulated depreciation	5,871,195	1,366,226	35,000	7,202,421
Takal sauthal assata batan				
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,356,469	1,611,159	<b></b>	19,967,628
Governmental activities Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 25,587,067</u>	\$ 2,246,517	\$ 1,490,792	<u>\$ 26,342,792</u>

Business-Type Activities:	Balance as restated June 30, 2003	3 _	Additions		Deletions	<u>၂</u>	Balance une 30, 2004
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 143,704	\$	13,742	\$	-	\$	157,446
Construction in progress	142.704		138,989			_	138,989
Total not being depreciated	143,704		152,731			_	<u>296,435</u>
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements	140,358		_				140,358
Improvements other than buildings	418,172		_				418,172
Machinery and equipment	191,263		_		_		
Heavy vehicles and equipment			170 F00		47 C27		191,263
	1,060,259		179,509		47,637		1,192,131
Vehicles	71,892						71,892
Total being depreciated	1,881,944		179,509		<u>47,637</u>		2,013,816
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	51,949		7,854		_		59,803
Improvements other than buildings	255,674		38,943		_		294,617
Machinery and equipment	158,371		12,110		_		170,481
Heavy vehicles and equipment	492,872		100,620		30,957		562,535
Vehicles	57,469		7,543		30,337		65,012
Total accumulated depreciation	1,016,335		167,070		30,957		1,152,448
Total accumulated acpreciation			107,070		30,331	_	1,132,110
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	865,609		12,439		16,680		861,368
•					,		
Business-type activities,							
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,009,313	\$	165,170	\$	16,680	\$	1,157,803
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions of the	prin	nary governm	ent a	as follows:		
Governm	ental Activitie	s:					
	government			\$	230,801	Ĺ	
Judicial	_			'	21,086		
Public sa	afetv				534,035		
	and highways				471,632		
	on and culture				13,611		
	ic Development				118		
пеанн а	nd human servi	ces			94,943	<u>.</u>	
Total				\$	1,366,226		
				<del>-1</del>		•	
Business-	-Type Activitie	s:			•		
Solid wa				\$	167,070		
Solid Wd				Ψ	10110		
Total				\$	167,070		

Component Units capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Balance as restated June 30, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004
Component Units:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				+ 100 170
Land	\$ 171,328	\$ 24,851	\$ -	\$ 196,179
Construction in progress	27,500	10,400	27,500	10,400
Total not being depreciated	198,828	<u>35,251</u>	27,500	206,579
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	1,112,300	1,683,006	-	2,795,306
Improvements other than buildings	43,370	7,470	-	50,840
Machinery and equipment	106,541	-	-	106,541
Heavy vehicles and equipment	5,406,080	1,102,463	-	6,508,543
Vehicles	282,830	48,272	-	331,102
Library materials	1,205,771	96 <u>,540</u>	48,204	1,254,107
Total being depreciated	8,156,892	2,937,751	48,204	11,046,439
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	318,471	33,633	-	352,104
Improvements other than buildings	36,704	4,422	-	41,126
Machinery and equipment	56,597	14,332	-	70,929
Heavy vehicles and equipment	2,070,372	525,492		2,595,864
Vehicles	223,013	28,929	-	251,942
Library materials	992,715	81,742	<u>48,204</u>	<u>1,026,253</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	3,697,872	688,550	48,204	4,338,218
Total capital assets being	4,459,020	2,249,201		6,708,221
depreciated, net Component Units,	1, 133,023			
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,657,848	\$ 2,284,452	\$ 27,500	\$ 6,914,800
·	•			
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions of the	component unit	s as follows:	
Public (	rafety		\$ 570,48	7

Public safety	\$ 570,487
Recreation and culture	109,987
Health and human services	 8,076
Total	\$ 688,550

Construction in progress in the Governmental activities as of June 30, 2004 is composed of the following:

Tollowing.	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Expended at June 30, 2004	Commitments Outstanding	Required Future Financing
Primary Government:	10.000	10.000	_	None
Industrial park land option	10,000	10,000	_	
Industrial park zoning and legal	67,947	67,9 <del>4</del> 7	-	None
Industrial park miscellaneous	19,385	19,385	-	None
Industrial park site development	378,957	360,009	18,948	None
Industrial park engineering	506,625	399,140	107,485	None
Green Pond convenience center	159,309	138,989	20,320	None
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,142,223	\$ 995,470	<u>\$ 146,753</u>	

Construction in progress for the Component Units as of June 30, 2004 is composed of the following:

	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Expended at June 30, 2004	Commitments Outstanding	Required Future <u>Financing</u>
Component Units: Engineering fees to Brightwell Construction -				
construction of 2 new fire stations	\$ 10,400	\$ 10,400	\$	None
Total Component Units	<u>\$ 10,400</u>	\$ 10,400	<u>\$</u>	

#### D. Interfund Receivables And Payables

Interfund receivables and payables are primarily used for short-term financing of certain operations. The composition of primary government interfund balances at June 30, 2004, is as follows:

		Receivable <u>Fund</u>			Payable <u>Fund</u>	
Gener	vernmental funds: ral fund r governmental funds e fund	\$	587,293 52,737	\$	51,209 374,053 214,768	
Total		<u>\$</u>	640,030	\$	640,030	

#### E. Interfund Transfers

The summary of interfund transfers at June 30, 2004, is as follows:

	 Fransfer In		Transfer Out
Major governmental funds:			
General fund	\$ 18,744	\$	2,404,655
Transfer to Business-type Activities (see page 16)	-		(77,356)
Nonmajor governmental funds	1,908,567		1,332,757
Enterprise fund	1,360,137		-
Component units	 372,608	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ <u>3,660,056</u>	\$	3,660,056

Transfers are used to:

- (1) Move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires collection, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- (2) Move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service fund payments become due.
- (3) Use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### F. Capital Leases Payable

The County leases their buildings, various heavy equipment as well as various vehicles, which are capital assets. They are recorded at historical cost of \$3,999,642. Future minimum lease payments under capitalized lease obligations for the primary government at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	rincipal	1	Interest		Total
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2014 2015-2018	\$	671,922 437,674 392,631 318,254 74,287 429,354 425,219	\$	102,195 83,146 66,812 55,430 45,229 168,222 52,983	\$	774,117 520,820 459,443 373,683 119,516 597,576 478,202
Total Capital Leases	\$	2,749,341	\$	574,017	\$	3,323,357

#### G. Long-Term Debt

**General Obligation Bonds.** The County and its component units issues General Obligation Bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of their major capital facilities. These bonds are reported in the Governmental activities. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

Primary government General Obligation Bonds payable at June 30, 2004, consist of the following:

Issue Date	Title of Issues		Original Principal		Principal utstanding
January 1, 1994	General Obligation Bonds, Series 1994, 4.2% to 6.5% annual interest, semi-annual principal and interest payments, beginning in 1995, matures 2009	\$	5,000,000	\$	2,035,000
March 1, 1998	General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998, 3.95% to 5.95% annual interest, semi-annual principal and interest payments, beginning in 1999, matures 2014		3,800,000		2,840,000
May 1, 2002	General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002, 4.8% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments, beginning in 2003 matures 2012		1,900,000		1,574,985
Less current por	Total General Obligation Bonds tion	<u>\$</u>	10,700,000	\$ ——	6,449,985 (767,064)
Long-term portion				<u>\$</u>	5,682,921

Annual requirements to amortize primary government general long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2004, excluding notes payable and accrued absences are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 <u>Principal</u> Int		Interest	 Total
2005	\$ 767,064	\$	303,449	\$ 1,070,513
2006	800,083		266,779	1,066,862
2007	833,487		228,423	1,061,910
2008	877,295		187,945	1,065,240
2009	916,525		144,810	1,061,335
2010-2014	 2,255,531		278,344	 2,533,875
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 6,449,985	\$	1,409,750	\$ 7,859,735

Fire-Rescue Commission component unit General Obligation Bonds payable at June 30, 2004, consist of the following:

of the following.			Original		Principal		
Issue Date	Title of Issues		<u>Principal</u>		Outstanding		
May 1, 2002	Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds Series 2002, 4.75% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2003, matures 2012	\$	4,000,000	\$	3,312,558		
September 1, 2002	Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds Series B, 3.21% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2003, matures 2012		2,400,000		2,025,000		
October 15, 2003	Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds Series 2003, 3.0202% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2004, matures 2013		2,500,000		2,325,000		
Less current porti	Total Fire Protection Service Bonds on	<u>\$</u>	8,900,000	\$ 	7,662,558 (752,200)		
Long-term portion	outstanding			\$	6,910,358		

Annual requirements to amortize Fire-Rescue Commission component unit general long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2004, excluding notes payable and accrued absences are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		Total	
2005	\$	752,200	\$	288,253	\$	1,040,453
2006		818,929		260,523		1,079,452
2007		836,454		230,624		1,067,078
2008		904,810		199,893		1,104,703
2009		924,039		166,914		1,090,953
2010-2013		3,426,126		292,019		3,718,145
Total Fire Protection Service Bonds	\$	7,662,558	\$	1,438,226	<u>\$</u>	9,100,784

**Revenue Bonds.** The County entered into an agreement with Orangeburg County for the development of a joint-county industrial/business park to be located within both the County and Orangeburg County. The County issued Special Source Revenue Bonds of \$2,300,000 and \$2,700,000 on June 19, 2003, of which the proceeds of these issues are to be used for the defrayment of a portion of the costs of acquiring the infrastructure for, and the development of, the joint-county industrial/business park. Repayment of the bonds is to be funded solely through fees in lieu of taxes equal to the ad valorem property taxes on the property located within the park. No recourse shall be had for the payment of these bonds or the interest thereon against the general fund of the County. The full faith, credit and taxing powers of the County are not pledged to the payment of the principal of, or interest on, these bonds.

Primary government Special Source Revenue Bonds payable at June 30, 2004, consist of the following:

Issue Date	Title of Issues	_	Original Principal		Principal outstanding
June 19, 2003	Special Source Revenue Bond Series 2003A, 6.11% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2004, all outstanding principal and interest due in 2010	\$	2,300,000	\$	2,101,575
June 19, 2003	Special Source Revenue Bond Series 2003B, 3.69% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2004, matures 2013		2,700,000		2,453,064
Less current port	Total Revenue Bonds tion	<u>\$</u>	5,000,000	\$	4,554,639 (415,027)
Long-term portio	on outstanding			\$	4,139,612

Annual requirements to amortize primary government general long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2004, excluding notes payable and accrued absences are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2013	\$ 	415,027 434,857 455,698 477,606 500,637 2,270,814	\$ 	220,708 200,877 180,036 158,129 135,097 178,702	\$	635,735 635,734 635,734 635,735 635,734 2,449,516
Total Revenue Bonds	<u>\$</u>	4,554,639	\$	1,073,549	<u>\$</u>	5,628,188

**Notes Payable.** The County entered into an enterprise financing agreement under Section 11-27-110(A)(5) of the South Carolina law to help fund the construction of a VA Nursing Home to be located in the County. The remainder of the cost of the project is to be funded by the State of South Carolina. Repayment of the note is to be funded through the collection of local hospitality taxes. Under the South Carolina section of law pertaining to enterprise financing arrangements, this enterprise financing does not count against the 8% constitutional legal debt limit of the County.

Primary government notes payable at June 30, 2004 consist of the following:

Issue Date	Title of Issues		Original Principal	Principal Outstanding	
January 31, 2001	Enterprise financing agreement, 6.0% semiannual interest, semiannual principal and interest payments beginning in 2002, matures 2016	\$	3,900,000	\$	3,442,102
	beginning in 2002, materies 2010	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	3,112,102
Total Notes Less current portion		\$	3,900,000	\$ 	3,442,102 (202,968)
Long-term portion outstanding				\$	3,239,134

Annual requirements to amortize primary government notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2005	\$ 202,	968 \$	203,527	\$	406,495		
2006	215,	329	191,166		406,495		
2007	228,	442	178,052		406,494		
2008	242,	354	164,140		406,494		
2009	257,	114	149,381		406,495		
2010-2014	1,540,	405	492,067		2,032,472		
2015-2016	755,	<u>490</u>	57,499		812,989		
Total Notes	<u>\$ 3,442,</u>	102 \$	1,435,832	\$	4,877,934		

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2004.

	Balance June 30, 200	3 Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2004	Amounts due within one year
Accrued compensated					
absences	\$ 317,493	\$ -	\$ 1,258	\$ 316,235	\$ 48,059
Capital leases	3,012,615	562,000	825,274	2,749,341	769,210
General obligation bonds	7,184,398	-	734,413	6,449,985	767,064
Revenue bonds	5,000,000	-	445,361	4,554,639	415,027
Notes payable	3,633,419	-	191,317	3,442,102	202,968
Claims and judgments	67,000	-	-	67,000	-
Landfill closure and post-					
closure costs liability	29,281	3,499	<del></del>	32,780	
Total primary government					
long-term obligations	\$ 19,244,206	\$ 565,499	<u>\$ 2,197,623</u>	<u>\$ 17,612,082</u>	\$ 2,202,328

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the component units for the year ended June 30, 2004.

Amounts	Balance June 30, 2003	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2004	due within one year
Fire-Rescue Commission: Accrued compensated absences General obligation bond Notes payable	\$ 24,295 ls 5,873,787 19,091	\$ 22,435 2,500,000 -	\$ - 711,229 19,091	\$ 46,730 7,662,558	\$ 10,250 752,200
Memorial Library: Accrued compensated absences Alcohol and Drug Abuse	13,784	-	1,693	12,091	1,541
Commission: Accrued compensated absences	9,795	19,759	16,183	13,371	6,708
Total component unit long-term obligations	<u>\$ 5,940,752</u>	<u>\$ 2,542,194</u>	<u>\$ 748,196</u>	<u>\$ 7,734,750</u>	<u>\$ 770,699</u>

#### H. Landfill Closure

The County has estimated the cost of maintaining a construction and demolition landfill after closure and recorded \$32,780 as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.

#### I. Reserved Fund Equity

Reserved for capital acquisitions. These funds represent fund equity reserved for the purchase of equipment.

Reserved for capital projects. Capital projects' fund equity are reserved for the acquisition of fixed assets, for the completion of existing projects, and for future projects.

Reserved for debt service. These funds represent fund equity subject to the provisions of various long-term debt indentures.

Reserved for special revenue. These funds represent fund equity reserved for the completion of existing non-capital projects committed to by the County.

Designated for subsequent years' appropriation. Special Revenue Fund Balances have been designated in accordance with the various use restrictions placed on their assets under the applicable grant agreements and legislation.

#### J. Prior Period Adjustments

The County has adjusted its equity in several fund types due to corrections of errors in prior years. In addition to these, there were also several adjustments that affected only the beginning net assets for the government wide financials. A summary of the net effects of such adjustments on equity as of June 30, 2003, are detailed as follows:

#### **Primary Government:**

Primary Government:	
	Special <u>General Revenue Total</u>
Fund balance as originally reported	\$ 5,134,032 \$ 1,707,340 \$ 6,841,372
Prior period adjustments: Cash Accounts receivable Allowance Deferred revenue Due to other governments	11,696 2,413 14,109 (585,234) 1,083 (584,151) 143,355 - 143,355 (204,452) - (204,452) (9,393) - (9,393)
Total prior period adjustments	(644,028) 3,496 (640,532)
Fund balance as restated	<u>\$ 4,490,004</u> <u>\$ 1,710,836</u> <u>\$ 6,200,840</u>
Component Units:	
Fund balance as originally reported	Fire-Rescue Commission \$ 1,617,958
Prior period adjustments: Accounts receivable	(7,434)
Total prior period adjustments	(7,434)
Fund balance as restated	<u>\$ 1,610,524</u>

In addition to the adjustments stated above, the County adjusted its total net assets due to the corrections of errors effecting only the Government wide financial statements. A summary of the net effects of such adjustments on equity as of June 30, 2003, are detailed as follows:

#### **Primary Government:**

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>
Net assets as originally reported	\$ 20,675,482	\$ 1,162,119
Prior period adjustments: Total prior period fund balance adjustments Accounts receivable Capital assets Compensated absences Deferred revenue	(640,532) - 14,476 (265) 204,456	(110)
Total prior period adjustments	(421,865)	(110)
Net assets as restated	<u>\$ 20,253,617</u>	<u>\$ 1,162,009</u>

#### **Primary Government:**

There was a reclassification of amounts between investment in capital assets, net of related debt and unrestricted net assets as a result of implementation of GASB 34, which is as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt as originally reported	\$ 3,315,220	\$ 28,380
Prior period adjustment	13,391,795	795,573
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt as restated	<u>\$ 16,707,015</u>	\$ 823,953
Unrestricted net assets as originally reported	\$ 17,360,262	\$ 1,133,739
Prior period adjustment	(13,391,795)	(795,573)
Unrestricted net assets as restated	<u>\$ 3,968,467</u>	<u>\$ 338,166</u>

#### III. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance and policies with the South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The County pays annual premiums to the State Insurance Reserve Fund for certain general insurance coverage. The State Insurance Reserve fund is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for certain claims.

In addition, the County insures the risk of job related injury or illness to its employees through the South Carolina Association of Counties, a public entity risk pool operating for the benefit of local governments. The County pays annual premiums to the Association of Counties for its insurance coverage. Additional premium assessments may be required for workers' compensation claims based on the County's claim experiences.

For the above risk management programs, the County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage from the previous year, and settled claims in excess of insurance coverage for the last three years were immaterial. For each of the insurance programs and public entity risk pools in which it participates, the County has transferred the risk, other than ordinary policy deductibles.

#### B. Employee Retirement Systems And Plans

#### South Carolina Retirement and Police Officers' Retirement Systems

**Plan Description.** All permanent employees of the County and its component units, except for certain employees involved in law enforcement and fire fighting activities, participate in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS). The employees excluded above participate in the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System (SCPORS). Both systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer

defined benefit plans administered by the Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board. The SCRS and SCPORS provide retirement and disability benefits, cost of living adjustments on an adhoc basis, life insurance benefits and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Each plan's provisions are established under Title 9 of SC Code of Laws. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System and Police Officers' Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

**Funding Policy - SCRS.** Plan members are required to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary and the employer is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 6.7% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established under authority of Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws. The County also contributes 0.15% of payroll on their behalf for group life insurance benefits.

**Funding Policy ~ SCPORS.** Plan members are required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary and the employer is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.3% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established under authority of Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws. The County contributes on their behalf an additional 0.2% for group life insurance and 0.2% to provide accidental death benefits.

The following table presents the required contributions in dollars and percentage to SCRS and SCPORS by the County and its component units for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, 2002:

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
SCRS Contributions		2004		2003	_	2002
Primary government: Component unit:	\$	423,020	\$	418,378	\$	440,202
Memorial Library		18,646		18,090		17,593
	<u>\$</u>	441,666	<u>\$</u>	436,468	\$	<u>457,795</u>
SCPORS Contributions						
Primary government:	<u>\$</u>	362,165	\$	305,153	\$	270,320

#### C. Commitments And Contingent Liabilities

<u>Grants.</u> Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies in previous years are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could become a liability of applicable funds. Management has not been informed of any significant matters of non-compliance with grant provisions or planned grantor audits. The amount of grant expenditures, which may be disallowed, cannot be determined at this time, but the County believes that any amount will be immaterial.

<u>Unemployment Compensation.</u> The County makes payments to the South Carolina Employment Security Commission on a reimbursement basis for costs incurred in the administration of the state unemployment compensation statutes. Claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2004, are not determinable.

**Litigation.** The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Legal counsel believes that none of the claims currently pending against the County would involve liability over and above its liability insurance coverage. In the County's opinion, on the advice of legal counsel with respect to current and any other litigation, the

ultimate disposition of those lawsuits and claims cannot be currently determinable.

<u>Construction Commitments.</u> The Colleton County Fire and Rescue has entered into a contract for the construction of several fire stations. The County has entered into contracts for construction and site clearing associated with the Industrial Park. The County has also entered into a contract for the site development associated with the Green Pond Road Convenience Center.

Outstanding obligations for the primary government at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

Project	Contract <u>Amount</u>	Expended to Date	Remaining Commitment
Primary Government:			
Fire Station Construction	<u>\$ 278,345</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 278,345</u>
Industrial Park Engineering	\$ 506,625	\$ 390,140	<u>\$ 116,485</u>
Industrial Park Site Development	<u>\$ 378,957</u>	\$ 360,009	<u>\$ 18,948</u>
Green Pond Road Convenience Center Site Development	<u>\$ 159,309</u>	\$ <u>124,999</u>	\$ 34,310

**Encumbrances.** Encumbrances are commitments under purchase orders, board resolutions and contracts (as opposed to expenditures) and are shown in the governmental fund types as a reserved portion of fund balance for subsequent fiscal year expenditure. The County reserved \$100,595 of the Fund Balance for encumbrances.

#### D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County and its component units offer their employees several deferred compensation plans under programs administered by the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission. The multiple-employer plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k). The plans, available to all full-time County and component unit employees, at their option, permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Only upon termination, retirement, disability, death, or an approved hardship is the deferred compensation available to an employee.

#### E. Related Organizations and Related Party Transactions

County Council is also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. County Council appoints the board members of the Colleton County Disabilities Board, as well as a majority of the board of the Walterboro/Colleton County Recreation and Parks Commission.

The County pays rent on a monthly basis to elected magistrates for use of the magistrates' home as an office. The total amount of rent paid during the year ended June 30, 2004 was \$5,730.

#### F. Subsequent Events

In August of 2004, the County entered into a lease purchase agreement with South Carolina Bank & Trust in the amount of \$898,000 to purchase certain vehicles and equipment.

In September of 2004, the County passed an ordinance to delay for additional year the

implementation of reassessment of property throughout Colleton County ordered for Tax Year 2002 under South Carolina Code of Laws.

Also in September 2004, the County was conveyed 10.892 acres of land by the Walterboro-Colleton County Airport Commission and the City of Walterboro, entered into a water service agreement with the Town of Edisto Beach, and entered into a lease with the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources for a solid waste Convenience Site at Bennett's Point.

The County has entered into a contract with the town of Edisto Beach in the amount of \$74,750 to receive fire protection services for those portions of Edisto Island falling within the County. The contract period is from July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts,
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Over (Under)	GAAP Basis
Revenues:	+ +2 505 000	<b>↑ 13 EUE 000</b>	\$ 14,550,199	\$ (31,987) (1)	\$ 14,582,186
Taxes	\$ 13,585,000	\$ 13,585,000	545,657	φ (31,307) (1) -	545,657
Licenses and permits	383,308	383,308	712,026	_	712,026
Fines and fees	1,029,050	1,029,050	1,979,263	_	1,979,263
Intergovernmental revenues	1,962,316	1,933,574	284,394	(340,493) (1)	624,887
Charges for services	440,000	440,000	32,636	(1) (35,070)	32,636
Interest	65,000	65,000		-	39,417
Other	4,000	4,000	39,417	<del></del>	39,417
Total revenues	17,468,674	17,439,932	18,143,592	(372,480)	18,516,072
Expenditures:					
Current:	- 450 747	E 24E E74	E 012 742	_	5,012,742
General government	5,159,747	5,215,574	5,012,742		1,336,388
Judicial	1,398,331	1,366,355	1,336,388	_	6,821,787
Public safety	6,699,722	6,760,577	6,821,787	-	75,199
Streets and highways	80,227	80,227	75,199	372,608 (2)	281,398
Recreation and culture	625,806	665,036	654,006	3/2,006 (2)	445,875
Health and human services	448,268	453,942	445,875	-	136,125
Economic development	179,191	184,722	136,125		590,600
Intergovernmental	590,600	590,600	590,600	-	390,000
Debt service:			760 200		769 200
Principal retirement	768,211	768,211	768,208	- 0.031 (3)	768,20 <b>8</b>
Interest and fiscal charges	56,720	56,720	56,648	8,021 (2)	48,627
Total expenditures	16,006,823	16,141,964	15,897,578	380,629	15,516,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	1,461,851	1,297,968	2,246,014	(753,109)	2,999,123
Other financing sources (uses):					
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	562,000	-	562,000
Operating transfers in	-	-	18,744	-	18,744
Operating transfers (out)	(1,784,397)	(1,841,552)	(2,024,026)	380,629 (2)	(2,404,655)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(1,784,397)	(1,841,552)	(1,443,282)	380,629	(1,823,911)
Net change in fund balance	(322,546)	(543,584)	802,732	(372,480)	1,175,212
Fund balances at beginning of year					
(as restated)	4,490,004	4,490,004	4,490,004		4,490,004
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,167,458	\$ 3,946,420	\$ 5,292,736	\$ (372,480)	5,665,216

# COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		get to GAAP ifferences
Explanation of differences:		
(1) The County budgets certain revenue accounts on the cash basis rather than on the modified		
accrual basis of accounting required by GAAP.		
Property taxes	\$	(31,987)
EMS revenues		(340,493)
(2) The County budgets for activity associated with a component unit as expenditures in the		
general fund as opposed to an operating transfer out.		
Expenditures		(372,608)
Operating transfer out		372,608
The general fund made interest payments on a capital lease reported in the proprietary fund.		
Expenditures		(8,021)
Operating transfer out		8,021
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance - budget to GAAP	_\$	(372,480)

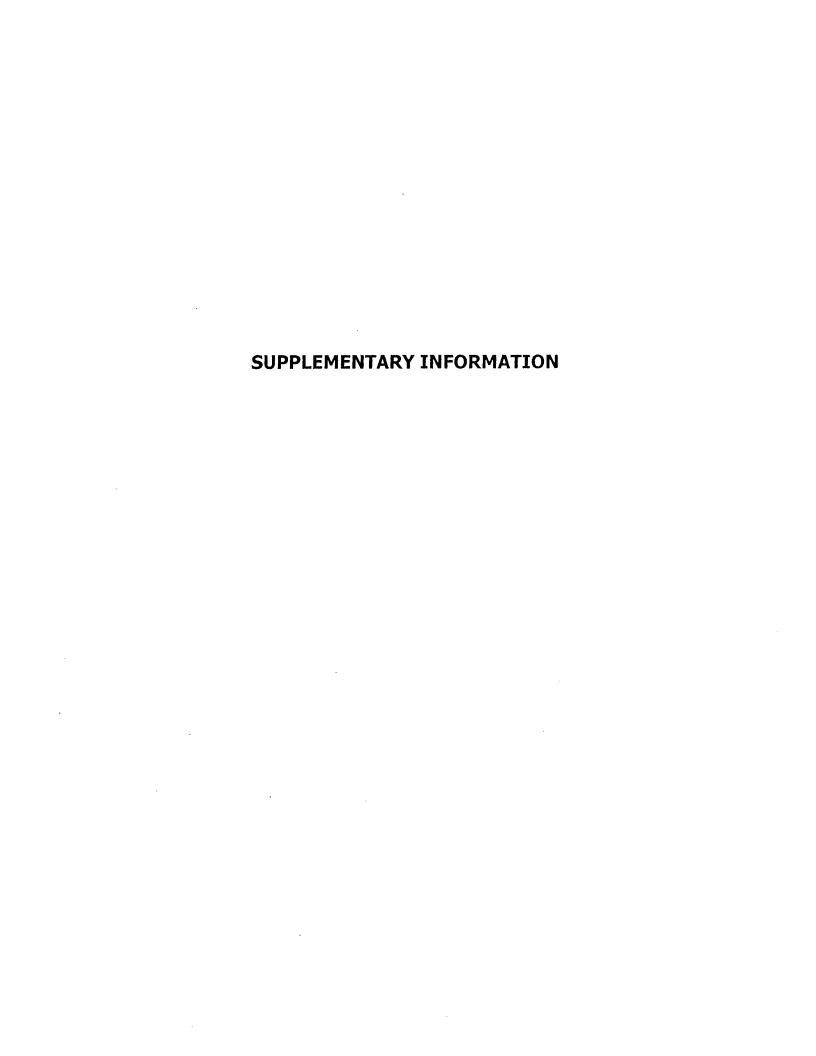
#### COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2004

#### A. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on the modified-accrual basis with the exception of property taxes and other specific revenue accounts, which are adopted on the cash basis. This basis is not a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. An appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund and certain special revenue funds annually. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end other than unexpended appropriations of state and federal grant funds, state accommodations tax funds not committed to the general fund, capital improvement and special projects.

In January of each year, notice is sent by the County Administrator to each department head of County Government to prepare a budget request for the fiscal year to begin July 1. After preparation by the department heads, these budget requests are forwarded to the County Administrator. The Finance Director compiles all budget requests, which are subsequently presented to County Council. The proposed budget is given three readings at three separate meetings of County Council. Prior to final reading and adoption of the budget ordinance, the County Council holds a public hearing on the budget. Any adjustments made in a particular department's budget request are subject to the right of the department head to appear before County Council to justify that department's request. The final budget as finally adopted by County Council is approved prior to June 30 of each year. Budget ordinance must be amended by Council to effect changes in fund totals. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are originally passed by ordinance and subsequently amended. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary. The results were increases and decreases within the individual departments within the funds.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. These encumbrances, however, are excluded from actual expenditures in the budget comparison due to immateriality. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are funded in the subsequent year's budget by available fund balance. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations for other than capital outlays lapse at year-end.



				Sp	ecial Revenu	e		 
	(	Animal Care and Control	mergency Telephone		Clerk of Court Jnit Cost		Clerk of Court ncentives	County ccommo- ations Tax
Assets:								
Restricted:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,269	\$ 82,663	\$	1,565	\$	51,704	\$ 402,314
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles) Due from other funds		67 -	31,498		9,250		1,696 -	 52,096 -
Total assets	\$	24,336	\$ 114,161	\$	10,815	\$	53,400	\$ 454,410
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		-	962		214		-	597
Due to other funds		571	7,157		10,601		966	42,952
Due to component unit		-	-		-		-	-
Deferred revenue			 		-		52,434	 
Total liabilities		571	 8,119		10,815		53,400	 43,549
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		-	-		-		-	-
Capital projects		-	-		-		-	-
Debt service		•	-		-		-	_
Special revenue		-	•		-		-	•
Unreserved:								
Designated for subsequent years'		22.765	106,042		_		_	410,861
appropriation		23,765	 100,042					 <del></del>
Total fund balances		23,765	 106,042					 410,861
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	24,336	\$ 114,161	\$	10,815	\$	53,400	\$ 454,410

Special Revenue

1	Program Income Projects	of T	motion ourism oard	F	Roads and Bridges	Sheriff's deral Asset	Sł	neriff's entives		Special	 Special Project Tourism Board	C	County Promotion of Tourism spitality Tax	 State Grant
\$	2,525	\$	63	\$	367,185	\$ 196,792	\$	117	\$	225,837	\$ 11,921	\$	710,711	\$ 33,774
	-		-		773 1,528	-		- 3		229,289	 51,206		52,610	 <u>-</u>
\$	2,525	\$	63	\$	369,486	\$ 196,792	\$	120	\$	455,126	\$ 63,127	\$	763,321	\$ 33,774
\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$ 4	\$	-	\$	139,857	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	-		-		6,291 30,417 -	-		120 - -		39,639 10,352	- -		14,500	- -
			-		46,708	 4		120	_	158,450 348,298	 -		14,500	 -
	_		-		_	-		_		-	-		_	-
	-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-	-				-	-		-	-
	2,525		63		322,778	 196,788				106,828	 63,127		748,821	 33,774
	2,525		63		322,778	 196,788				106,828	 63,127		748,821	 33,774
\$	2,525	\$	63	\$	369,486	\$ 196,792	\$	120	\$	455,126	\$ 63,127	\$	763,321	\$ 33,774

	 	Special	Revenue				Сар	ital Pro	jects .
Assets:	 Victims Witness Services		strial Park roject		Total		Industrial Development		Government Bond 2002
Restricted:								_	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances	\$ 53,239	\$	-	\$	2,164,679	\$	351,959	\$	492,970
for uncollectibles)  Due from other funds	 10,396		-		387,675 52,737		-		-
Total assets	\$ 63,635	\$	-	\$	2,605,091	\$	351,959	- <u>-</u>	492,970
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:	 <u> </u>	<del></del>		====		<del></del>	<del></del>	=	
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and fringe benefits Due to other funds	\$ 868	\$	-	\$	149,861 9,052	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other rands  Due to component unit  Deferred revenue	4,018		-		150,821 10,352 210,884		-		14,567 -
Total liabilities	 4,886	<del></del>			530,970		<del></del>		14,567
Fund Balances:									11,507
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances Capital projects	-		-		-		44,355		56,240
Debt service	~		-		-		307,604		422,163
Special revenue	-		-		-		-		-
Unreserved:	-		-		-		-		-
Designated for subsequent years'									
appropriation	 58,749		-		2,074,121		_		_
Total fund balances	 58,749				2,074,121		351,959		478,403
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 63,635	\$		\$	2,605,091	\$	351,959	\$	492,970

 Capita	l Projec	ts	 		Debt	Service	2	 	
SSRB Economic evelopment		Total	 ounty Debt Service		n GOB Service		SSRB Canady's	 Total	 Total
\$ 162,013	\$	1,006,942	\$ 477,364	\$	-	\$	118	\$ 477,482	\$ 3,649,103
-		-	104,884		-		<i>-</i>	104,884	492,559 52,737
\$ 162,013	\$	1,006,942	\$ 582,248	\$	-	\$	118	\$ 582,366	\$ 4,194,399
\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ -	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 149,861 9,052
· -		14,567 - -	208,665 - 105,995		-		-	208,665 - 105,995	374,053 10,352 316,879
 		14,567	 314,660					 314,660	 860,197
- 162,013 - -		100,595 891,780 - -	- - 267,588 -		- - -		- 118 - -	- 118 267,588 -	100,595 891,898 267,588
 -		- 007 275	 	-	-		118	 767 706	 2,074,121
\$ 162,013	\$	992,375	\$ 267,588 582,248	\$	-	\$	118	\$ 267,706 582,366	\$ 3,334,202 4,194,399

		- ,	Special Rever	nue	
Revenues:	Animal Care and Control	Emergency Telephone	Clerk of Court Unit Cost	Clerk of Court Incentives	County Accommo- dations Tax
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -			
Fines and fees	13,446	300,235	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 411,684
Intergovernmental	13,440	300,233	100 000		-
Interest	20	67	100,809	14,084	-
Other	5,657	67	2	46	283
o tirei				- <del></del>	
Total revenues	19,123	300,302	100,811	14,130	411,967
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	20	-	91,831	14,130	
Public safety	10,641	293,164		-	
Streets and highways	-	-		_	_
Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-	56,585
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	50,505
Economic development		-	-	_	_
Intergovernmental	-	-	_	-	168,655
Capital outlay	-	•	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	_
Interest and fiscal charges	<del></del>	<u> </u>			
Total expenditures	10,661	293,164	91,831	14,130	225,240
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	8,462	7,138	8,980		186,727
Other financing sources (uses):					-
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	_
Operating transfers (out)			(8,980)	-	(119,515)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	<u> </u>	(8,980)	-	(119,515)
Net change in fund balance	8,462	7,138	-	-	67,212
Fund balances at beginning					
of year (as restated)	15,303	98,904		-	343,649
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 23,765	\$ 106,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 410,861

Special Revenue

				Special Reve	nue			
Program Income Projects	Promotion of Tourism Board	Roads and Bridges	Sheriff's Federal Asset	Sheriff's Incentives	Special	Special Project Tourism Board	County Promotion of Tourism Hospitality Tax	State Grant
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 806,461	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 620,592 60	\$ -
- - -	52,567 10	215 7,353	1,352,519 1,821	15,706 1	1,532,081 1,381 1	113,896 57	5,385 -	- - -
	52,577	814,029	1,354,340	15,707	1,533,463	113,953	626,037	-
	-	-	136	97	105,000	-	25	-
-	-	1 210 174	1,165,428	15,610	374,446 -	-	•	-
-	52,567	1,310,174	-	-	18,600	121,328	18,000	-
37,563	32,307 -	-	-	_	385,882	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	, <u>-</u>	-	67	
-	-	-	÷	-	713,750	-	55, <del>44</del> 9	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-
37,563	52,567	1,310,174	1,165,564	15,707	1,597,678	121,328	73,541	
(37,563)	. 10	(496,145)	188,776	-	(64,215)	(7,375)	552,496	
-	-	584,789	-	-	-	-	- (406,494)	<u>.</u>
	-	584,789	-		-		(406,494)	
(37,563)	10	88,644	188,776	-	(64,215)	(7,375)	146,002	-
40,088	53	234,134	8,012	-	171,043	70,502	602,819	33,774
\$ 2,525	\$ 63	\$ 322,778	\$ 196,788	\$ -	\$ 106,828	\$ 63,127	\$ 748,821	\$ 33,774
		<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del>	<del></del>	

		Special Revenue		Сарі	ital Projects
	Victims Witness Services	Industrial Park Project	Total	Industrial Development	Government Bond 2002
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 797,768	\$ 2,636,505	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and fees	127,736		441,477	100 777	-
Intergovernmental			3,181,662	109,273	
Interest	66		9,354	1,122	523
Other			13,011		<del>.</del>
Total revenues	127,802	797,768	6,282,009	110,395	523
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	211,239	-	
Public safety	161,608	-	2,020,897	-	-
Streets and highways		-	1,310,174	-	-
Recreation and culture	-	-	267,080	-	-
Health and human services	-	_	423,445	-	-
Economic development	-	-	67	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	937,854	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	28,677	611,283
Debt service:				•	•
Principal retirement	-		-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-			
Total expenditures	161,608		5,170,756	28,677	611,283
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(33,806)	797,768	1,111,253	81,718	(610,760)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	-	584,789	-	-
Operating transfers (out)		(797,768)	(1,332,757)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(797,768)	(747,968)		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(33,806)	-	363,285	81,718	(610,760)
Fund balances at beginning					
of year (as restated)	92,555		1,710,836	270,241	1,089,163
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 58,749	\$ -	\$ 2,074,121	\$ 351,959	\$ 478,403

	Capita	al Projec	rts		 Debt	Servic	ie		_	
Ec	SSRB conomic elopment		Total	 County Debt Service	Non GOB ebt Service		SSRB Canady's	 Total		Total
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,208,220	\$ -	\$		\$ 1,208,220	\$	3,844,725
	-		- 109,273	-	-			-		441,477 3,290,935
	12		1,657	411	-		119	530		11,541
			<u> </u>	 -	 -		<del></del>	 	_	13,011
	12		110,930	 1,208,631	 		119	 1,208,750	_	7,601,689
	_		_	2,621	_			2,621		213,860
	-		-	2,021	-			2,021		2,020,897
	-		-	-	-		-	-		1,310,174
	-		-	-	-		-	-		267,080
	-		-	-	-		-	-		423,445
	_		_	-	-			-		67 937,854
	-		639,960	-	-		-	-		639,960
	-		-	734,413	248,383		445,363	1,428,159		1,428,159
			-	 341,266	 277,627		190,405	 809,298		809,298
	-		639,960	 1,078,300	 526,010		635,768	 2,240,078		8,050,794
	12		(529,030)	 130,331	 (526,010)		(635,649)	 (1,031,328)		(449,105)
	162,001		162,001	 -	 526,010		635,767	 1,161,777		1,908,567 (1,332,757)
	162,001		162,001	-	 526,010		635,767	 1,161,777		575,810
	162,013		(367,029)	130,331	-		118	130,449		126,705
	-		1,359,404	 137,257	 -		-	 137,257		3,207,497
\$	162,013	\$	992,375	\$ 267,588	\$ -	\$	118	\$ 267,706	\$	3,334,202

# COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	Clerk of Court	Family Court		Madistrates	Probate Judge	Schools	Tax	Shoriff	Transportation	Matarote	7	F - 194
									כמווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווווו	NACIOI SI I	, ,	LOIGI
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 715,791	₩.		\$ 279,834	\$ 30,715	\$ 2,326,440	\$ 367,100	\$ 59,061	\$ 3,475,325	\$ 1,278	78	\$ 7.255.544
Investments	•		,	•	,	2,500,000		•	2,500,000			2,000,000
Due from other governments	•		21	1	•	4,530	•	•	'			4 551
Due from third parties	,		,	1		150	•	,	•		1	155,
Due from primary government			·	'		378,934		,				378,934
Total assets	\$ 715,791	₩.	21	\$ 279,834	\$ 30,715	\$ 5,210,054	\$ 367,100	\$ 59,061	\$ 5,975,325	\$ 1,278		\$ 12,639,179
Liabilities:	<del>4</del>	t	7	. 4	÷	4						
Due to third parties	715,791	<del>^</del>	77	279,834	30,715	5,210,054	\$ 351,138	59,061	\$ 5,975,325	\$	754	\$ 21
Due to primary government	,		•				15,962			. 5	524	16,486
Total liabilities	\$ 715,791 \$		21	21 \$ 279,834	\$ 30,715	\$ 5,210,054	\$ 367,100	\$ 59,061	\$ 5,975,325	\$ 1,2	1,278	\$ 12,639,179

# COLLETON COUNTY FIRE-RESCUE COMMISSION (A Component Unit of Colleton County, South Carolina) COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2004

		General Operating		Debt Service		Total	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	689,235	\$	-	\$	689,235	
Restricted:							
Cash and cash equivalents		512,296		272,976		785,272	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		182,072		87,235		269,307	
Due from other governments		56,671		-		56,671	
Due from primary government		1,846		25,360		27,206	
Total assets	\$	1,442,120	\$	385,571	\$	1,827,691	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	38,622	\$	-	\$	38,622	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		28,321		*		28,321	
Due to primary government		67,759		-		67,759	
Deferred revenues		188,260		86,192		274,452	
Other current liabilities		773_		<del></del>		773	
Total liabilities		323,735		86,192		409,927	
Fund Balances:							
Reserved for:							
Capital acquisitions		135,601		-		135,601	
Debt service		-		299,379		299,379	
Encumbrances		311,515		-		311,515	
Unreserved		671,269		<u> </u>		671,269	
Total fund balances		1,118,385		299,379		1,417,764	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,442,120	\$	385,571	\$	1,827,691	

# COLLETON COUNTY FIRE-RESCUE COMMISSION (A Component Unit of Colleton County, South Carolina) COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

June 30, 2004

Revenues:		General Operating		Debt Service		Total	
Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Other	\$	1,786,404 87,332 5,776 8,551	\$	1,127,062 - 218 -	\$	2,913,466 87,332 5,994 8,551	
Total revenues	1	,888,063		1,127,280		3,015,343	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service:		,650,541 ,229,661		- -		1,650,541 3,229,661	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		- -		711,229 273,113		711,229 273,113	
Total expenditures	4,	880,202		984,342		5,864,544	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,	992,139)		142,938		(2,849,201)	
Other financing sources (uses): Bond proceeds	2,5	500,000		_		2,500,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,5	00,000		-		2,500,000	
Net change in fund balance	(4	92,139)		142,938		(349,201)	
Fund balances at beginning of year (as restated)	1,6	10,524		156,441		1,766,965	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,1	18,385 \$		299,379	\$	1,417,764	

# COLLETON COUNTY FIRE-RESCUE COMMISSION (A Component Unit of Colleton County, South Carolina) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts			Budget to GAAP	A-4	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts, GAAP Basis	
Revenues:					(1)	
Taxes	\$ 1,649,443	\$ 1,649,443	\$ 1,837,994	\$ 51,590		
Intergovernmental	-	156,672	120,501	•	120,501	
Interest	-	-	468	-	468	
Other		2,167	4,227	-	4,227	
Total revenues	1,649,443	1,808,282	1,963,190	51,590	1,911,600	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Bonding	350	340	340	•	340	
Building insurance	15,000	14,351	14,351	-	14,351	
Contingency	10,000	2,147	2,147	-	2,147	
Fuel and oil	45,000	51,184	51,184	-	51,184	
Infection control	4,500	3,325	3,325	-	3,325	
Lettering and signage	1,500	3,250	3,250	-	3,250	
Medical equipment	-,	477	477	-	477	
Miscellaneous	25,300	19,244	19,034	-	19,034	
Physicals	56,350	40,305	40,305	-	40,305	
Professional fees	9,000	9,000	9,000	-	9,000	
Public education	6,000	4,949	4,949	-	4,949	
Salaries and wages	907,378	948,406	945,063	-	945,063	
<del>_</del>	15,500	13,721	13,696	-	13,696	
Supplies	25,000	25,055	25,055	_	25,055	
Telephone	5,000	4,392	4,392		4,392	
Tort - fire fighters	19,500	· ·	13,468		13,468	
Training, seminars, and conferences	4,300	13,468 ". 3,876	3,851	-	3,851	
Travel and per diem	•		36,165	-	36,165	
Uniform and clothing	33,250	37,145		-	53,598	
Utilities	55,000	53,597	53,598	-	•	
Vehicle and equipment insurance	60,000	67,683	67,683	•	67,683	
Vehicle and equipment repair	114,810	127,085	127,039	-	127,039	
Volunteer benefits	8,700	8,594	8,253	-	8,253	
Volunteer incentives	75,000	75,000	74,999	-	74,999	
Water supply	10,120	2,670	2,670	-	2,670	
Workman's compensation Capital outlay:	65,805	38,609	37,980	-	37,980	
Vehicle and mechanical equipment	43,880	46,353	46,275	_	46,275	
	10,000	173,209	96,145	_	96,145	
Firefighting equipment	6,000	3,745	3,727	_	3,727	
Radio system Communication equipment	17,200	17,102	17,102	-	17,102	
•	1,649,443	1,808,282	1,725,523		1,725,523	
Total expenditures	1,045,443	1,000,202	1,725,525			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		-	237,667	51,590	186,077	
Fund balance at beginning of year (as restated)	547,766	547,766	547,766		547,766	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 547,766	\$ 547,766	\$ 785,433	\$ 51,590	\$ 733,843	

Explanation of differences:

\$ 51,590

<sup>(1)</sup> The Fire Rescue Commission budgets property taxes on the cash basis rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting required by GAAP.