

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

COUNTY COUNCIL

Joseph F. Flowers, MD, Chairman Evon Robinson, Sr. Gene Whetsell Steven D, Murdaugh Phillip M. Taylor, Sr.

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

J. Kevin Griffin

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Jon Carpenter

Prepared by: Finance Department

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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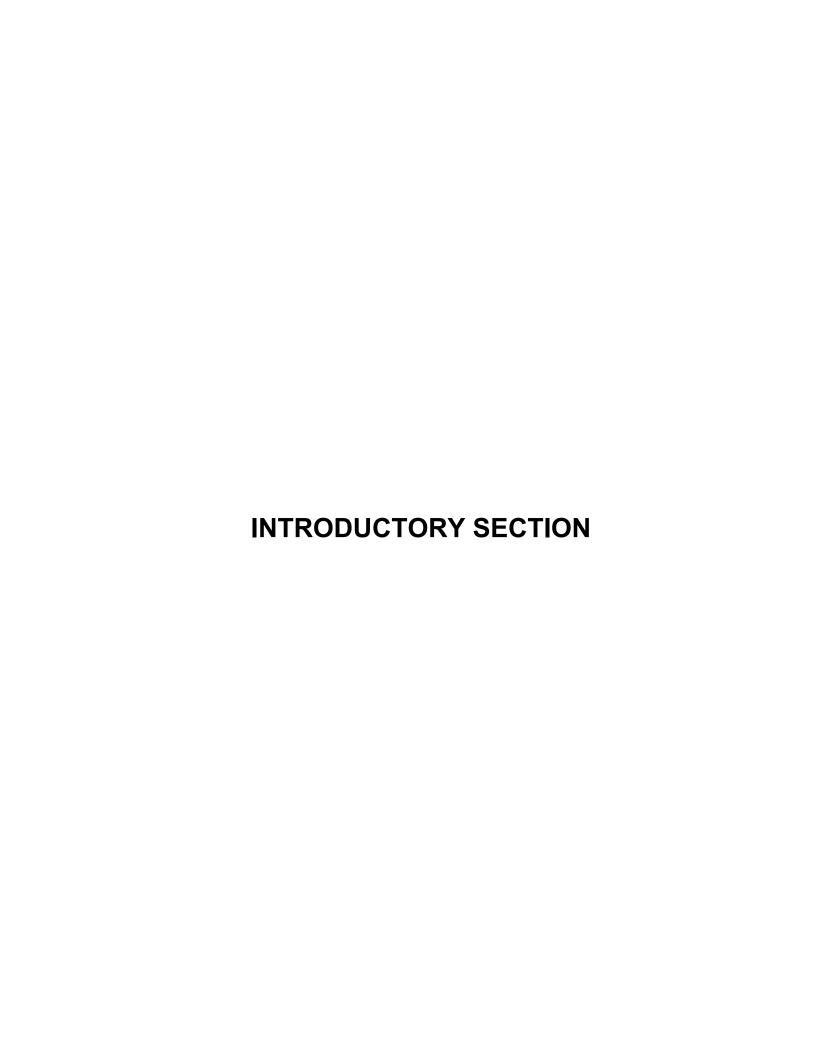
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December 17, 2018

To The Honorable Chairman & Honorable Members of County Council and the Citizens of Colleton County, South Carolina:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Colleton County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework, that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile enough reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Colleton County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement presentation; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Colleton County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Colleton County was founded in 1682 through a land grant to Sir John Colleton by King Charles II, of England and was one of the original proprietary counties in the present-day Carolinas. It was officially formed in 1798 and is in the southeastern part of South Carolina bordering on the Atlantic Ocean. It's location in the Lowcountry region of South Carolina places it midway between Charleston, South

Carolina and Savanah, Georgia on the I-95 corridor. The County occupies a large land area that is 1,056.48 square miles and has an estimated population of slightly less than 38,000.

The County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The County operates under the Council-Administrator form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of five members. In addition to policy-making and legislative authority that are vested with the Council, they also have the responsibility to pass ordinances, adopt the budget, appoint committees, and hire both the County Administrator and County Attorney. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all the departments of the County government which County Council has the authority to control. The powers and duties of the County Administrator include: (1) executing policies, directives and legislative actions of County Council; (2) directing operational and administrative activities of the County; (3) preparing annual budgets; (4) supervising the expenditure of funds; and (5) employing and discharging personnel. The five Council members are each elected from residence districts or at-large for four-year staggered terms, with three council members elected every two years, and two elected every two years. County elections occur in the fall of even-numbered years.

The County provides a full range of services including:

- (1) Public Safety (including law enforcement, county-wide emergency dispatch services and detention facilities);
- (2) Fire and Rescue (including emergency preparedness, emergency medical services and fire protection in the unincorporated areas of the County);
- (3) Animal and Environmental Control
- (4) Public Works (including street and drainage maintenance);
- (5) Solid Waste Management (solid waste disposal and recycling);
- (6) Judicial Administration (including prosecuting and public defender legal services, criminal, civil, probate and family court administration);
- (7) Tax Collection and Dispersal;
- (8) Libraries;
- (9) Recreation;
- (10) Planning and Zoning Administration; and
- (11) Veterans Assistance.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit requests for appropriations to administration during the spring of each year. The County Administrator uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The County Administrator then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review during May of each year. The Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget prior to June 30th, the close of the County's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. Budgetary control (that is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained by the Administrator at the fund level and may be amended as necessary during the fiscal year. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each individual department by governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information for governmental funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Economic Factors:

The County's fiscal year 2018 assessable property tax base is \$176,013,020 which represented growth of 2.9% from 2017's assessable property tax base of \$171,104,050. This growth was due in part to increases in both residential and commercial construction activity, which for calendar year 2016

increased by roughly 37% from calendar year 2015 as tracked through building permit values. The growth in assessed values is expected to continue based calendar year 2017 construction values that have increased by roughly 50% from calendar year 2016 values. As reported by the US Census Bureau, per capita income for the County in 2018 was forecasted at \$34,362 compared to \$40,421 for the State of South Carolina and for the county this did represent continued annual steady growth of roughly 5%. This continued steady growth in per capita income was supported by the County continuing to see low unemployment, with the unemployment rate at June 2018 at 4.2% which represents a decrease from 4.8% unemployment as of June 2017. The unemployment rate for the County is still slightly higher then the State, which saw 3.6% at June 2018 and 4.4% at June 2017. The U.S. Census Bureau estimated the 2018 population for the County to be relatively unchanged at 37,611 as compared to the last several fiscal years. For 2018 this does represent roughly a 3% decrease in population from the last full census in 2010. Housing in the County continues to be dominated with owner occupied units with over 75% as compared to the State of South Carolina average of roughly 70% based on the most recently available data. Even though population has not changed significantly over the last several fiscal years, the County has begun to experience significant business investment and job growth with the addition of several industries to the County (discussed below). County population continues to be primarily located within the Walterboro City Census Division (CCD) as well as near the other CCDs within the County, including the Hendersonville CCD and Cottageville CCD

A large part of Colleton County is served with easy access to Interstate 95 with five interchanges that include exits 42, 53, 57, 62 and 68. In addition to this major interstate artery, the County has direct access to both Highway 17 and Highway 17A that provide connection to the cities and towns of Charleston, Beaufort, Savannah, and Summerville. The City of Walterboro, which is the County seat as well as being home to the largest industrial and economic activity in the County is situated between exits 53 and 57 off Interstate 95 as well as has having easy access to the other highways noted above.

Economic Development Goals & Strategies

In 2018, Colleton County has added three new manufacturing announcements. The first is Lowcountry Aviation Company, a fully-integrated aviation service provider is launching new operations in Colleton County. The company's \$3.7 million investment is projected to create 36 new jobs in the initial phase and 122 jobs over five years. The company will assemble and produce the Sky Arrow Aircraft and will perform FAA Part 21 production of FAR 23 composite light aircraft and provide technical support for the Sky Arrow family of airplanes. Located at the Lowcountry Regional Airport in Walterboro, S.C., the company's new aviation facility will also provide FAA Part 135 charter services, Part 145 repair station services, engineering services, aircraft management, aircraft storage and fuel services for the General Aviation and Business Aviation (GA/BA) market.

The second is Carolina Composites, the manufacturer of Pioneer Boats, has announced that the company will expand its operations at their facility in Walterboro, South Carolina, investing \$3 million and creating an additional 92 jobs over the next 5 years. Currently, the company employs 90 at their manufacturing facility, located at 208 Upchurch Lane in Walterboro, just off Exit 57 on I-95, where, in addition to the renowned Pioneer Boats, the company also manufactures Bulls Bay and Avenger boats.

The most recent manufacturing investment is Evanesce, Inc. who announced in September of 2018 that they will be investing 70 million dollars and creating 370 new jobs in Colleton County at the Colleton County Commerce Center located on I- 95. They will be purchasing and upfitting the shell building that was developed by the County in fiscal year 2014. Evanesce, Inc. has a cutting-edge manufacturing process that will produce environmentally friendly disposable food trays, cups and other items that will biodegrade in 45 days after use. Evanesce has already secured multiple contracts for this product with nationally known food producers and retail restaurant establishments.

As part of the County's ongoing economic development efforts, in 2017 the County provided financing for the acquisition of the assets of the Hampton and Branchville Railroad (the "H&B Railroad"), by Palmetto Railways, a division of the South Carolina Department of Commerce (the "Intermodal Project"). The H&B Railroad is a well-maintained, 40+ mile, industrial-grade, short-line railroad which

transverses Colleton County and connects to the lines of CSX Transportation in neighboring Hampton, South Carolina. It also connects to several prospective industrial sites within the County, including a 167-acre site at the location of the former SCE&G coal fired power plant located at the terminus of the H&B Railroad along the Edisto River in the County's unincorporated community of Canadys. The site already possesses significant assets important to the "transload" rail market (loading goods from rail car into ocean-going containers). In addition to the branch tracks that make the Canadys Plant site capable of handling unit-trains without any modification to the site, there are also material handling assets that have been left in place during the plant demolition at the request of the County and its railroad partner, Palmetto Railways. The County has identified the preservation of this functioning industrial railway as important elements in the County's economic recruitment and development efforts. The County also believes its working partnership with Palmetto Railways, which serves as owner and operator of the railroad, brings both the experience of a seasoned railroad operator and the focused industrial recruitment efforts of the South Carolina Department of Commerce, Palmetto Railways' corporate parent, due to its participation in the Intermodal Project. The South Carolina Department of Commerce is the State entity from which many of the most qualified industrial location projects in the State matriculate. Currently a 1500-acre "Mega Site" which is located on the railroad and just off I-95 Exit 57 has been acquired and is in the process of being enhanced. Joining the County in this endeavor was the South Carolina Department of Commerce and Coastal Electric Cooperative that jointly pledged \$3 million for acquisition and development of this site.

In addition to these sites, the County is continuing to develop industrial sites is located within the Colleton County Commerce Center and is pursing grant funds to fund the due diligence phase for a new industrial park to be known as Colleton Venture Park.

To continue to attract employers to the area, Colleton County continues to focus on work force development with both the Thunderbolt Career and Technology Center (Colleton County High School Vocational Education Center) as well as the Colleton Career Skills Center (adult technical education program). These two facilities are located on the adjoining properties to the Lowcountry Regional Airport Park, making mutual use of these facilities easily accomplished as needed. These facilities provide all types of training including vocational and attainment of nationally recognized NCCER certifications for the purpose of filling local industry needs. Class offerings include the areas of welding, machine tool, CND, industrial maintenance and commercial driver's license. To provide more training opportunities to area adults, the Colleton Career Skills Center is now offering certification training programs on the weekends.

Recreation and culture

Colleton County offers some of the best opportunities for residents and visitors to enjoy both indoor and outdoor activities. The Ace Basin Sports Complex continues to be a prime venue in the area in hosting numerous baseball and softball tournaments as it continued to host over thirty in 2018. As one of the projects under the voter approved 2015 Capital Sales Tax Project referendum, the County recreation center is currently undergoing renovation that will provide residents a larger and improved facility including a splash pad, with all work expected to be completed during the current fiscal year. Dogwood Hills Golf Course and Restaurant with its nine-hole golf course open six days a week and its restaurant that offers lunch and dinner menu service two days a week as well as facility rental, catering and a monthly Sunday lunch buffet continued to see their popularity with residents grow based on fiscal year revenue growth of 3% and 2% respectively in only their second full year of operation. In addition to these venues, the Colleton County Museum, Farmers Market, and Commercial Kitchen continue to grow in popularity with visitors as well as businesses who utilize the Commercial Kitchen services to help increase their product offerings. The businesses utilizing the Commercial Kitchen have continue to exceed ten during the most recent fiscal year with one of the biggest success stories continuing to be the business that provides lunch offerings to the public at museum. This business has continued to see their sales volume grow over 200% during the previous fiscal year. The County continues to expand the classes offered to young and old through the Memorial Library and mostly recently has started tutoring/homework help program that is open to county students. In addition, a library branch was opened in the Town of Cottageville that has hours on Saturday from 10 to 5. In addition to all the opportunities sponsored by the County, the area boasts easy access to many of South Carolina's best eco-tourism spots, including the ACE Basin, the Walterboro Wildlife Sanctuary, Edisto State Park, Colleton State Park, and several other South Carolina Department of Natural Resources wildlife management areas.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The County closed FY18 with a strong financial position and continues to hold the rating of Aa3 with Moody's Investor Services and AA- with Standard and Poor's Rating Services that were both reaffirmed as of October 2018. Total fund balance as of June 30, 2018, in the General Fund was \$9,213,371 of which \$8,158,084 was unassigned as compared to total fund balance of \$8,525,672 of which \$7,739,608 was unassigned in 2017. These total fund balance figures represent 33% and 30% of total expenditures, respectively. County budget ordinance requires the total general fund balance to be 20% of total expenditures. As an additional reference point, GFOA recommends at a minimum that a general-purpose government maintain an unrestricted fund balance of no less than two months operating expenditures as outlined in its September 2015 Appropriate Level of Unrestricted Fund Balance in the General Fund "Best Practice" bulletin and currently the County has roughly 3.5 months in its General Fund unassigned fund balance.

Pension Plans

Eligible employees of the County are participants in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and the South Carolina Police Officer's Retirement System (PORS), both of which are cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Benefit Association (PEBA). SCRS and PORS provide retirement and disability benefits, cost of living adjustments on an ad-hoc basis, life insurance benefits and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plans' provisions are established under Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A comprehensive annual financial report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System and the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System are issued and publicly available by writing to PEBA, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omission, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The County, along with other counties in the state, is insured under the Insurance Reserve Fund. The Insurance Reserve Fund functions as a governmental insurance operation with the mission to provide insurance specifically designed to meet the needs of governmental entities at the lowest possible cost. The Insurance Reserve Fund operates like an insurance company, by issuing policies, collecting premiums (based on actuarially calculated rates), and by paying claims from the accumulated premiums in accordance with the terms and conditions of the insurance policies it has issued. The Insurance Reserve Fund uses Towers Watson, as its consulting actuaries in determining rates, IBNR reserves, adequacy of loss reserves, and adequacy of policyholders' equity in making management recommendations to the State Fiscal Accountability Authority regarding the financial management of the Fund.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. Since 2014, the County has been awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report will conform to certificate of achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report would not have been possible without the assistance of the Finance Department staff, the Treasurer's office and several other county departments and staff. The hard work and dedication of these individuals significantly contributed to

the completion of this document. Moreover, the support and leadership of the County Council have been instrumental in the development of this project.

Sincerely,

J. Kevin Griffin County Administrator Jon Carpenter Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Colleton County South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

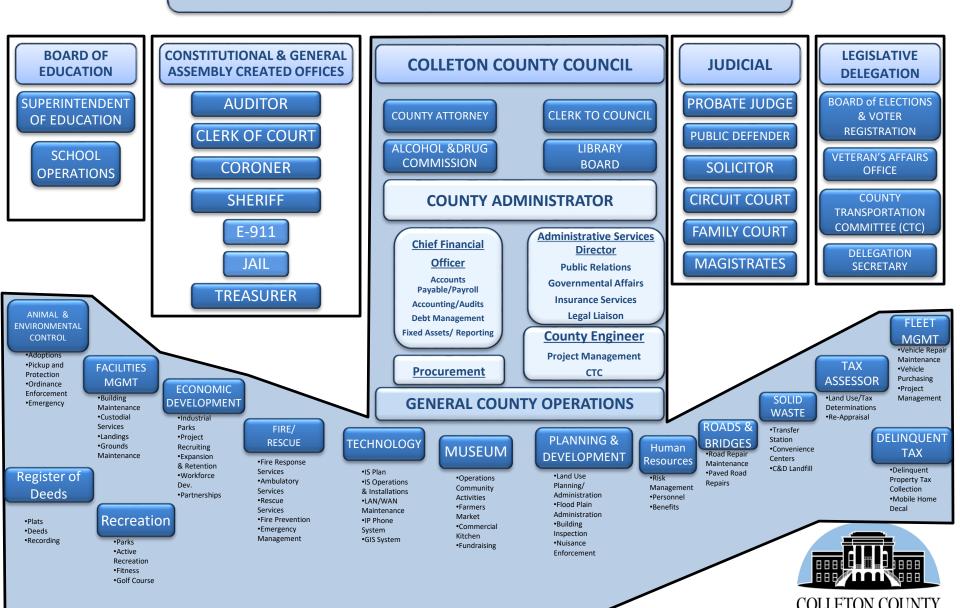
June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Movill

Executive Director/CEO

COLLETON COUNTY VOTERS

COLLETON COUNTY GOVERNMENT



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2018

County Administrator	J. Kevin Griffin
Chairman	Joseph F. Flowers, M.D.
Council Member	Evon Robinson, Sr.
Council Member	Phillip M. Taylor Sr.
Council Member	Gene Whetsell
Council Member	Steven D. Murdaugh
Finance Director	Jon Carpenter
Auditor	Jeff Slocum
Clerk of Court	Patricia Grant
Treasurer	Becky S. Hill
Sheriff	R.A. Strickland
Coroner	Richard M. Harvey
Probate Judge	Ashley H. Amundson
Chief Magistrate	Elbert O. Duffie, III





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Colleton County Council of Colleton County Walterboro, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Colleton County**, **South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Colleton County, South Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, which represents 2% of the assets, 7% of the net position and 5% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colleton County, South Carolina as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 6 and 11, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as of July 1, 2017. This standard significantly changed the accounting for the County's net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and the related disclosures. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 14 through 25), the Budgetary Comparison Schedule of the General Fund (on page 88), the Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on pages 89 through 91), the Schedules of Pension Contributions (on pages 92 through 94), and the Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (on pages 95 through 97) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Colleton County, South Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the individual financial statements and schedules of the County's discretely presented component units, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Uniform Schedule or Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of South Carolina, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the individual financial statements and schedules of the County's discretely presented component units, the Uniform Schedule or Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the individual financial statements and schedules of the County's discretely presented component units, the Uniform Schedule or Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Columbia, South Carolina December 17, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Colleton County, South Carolina, (the "County") we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read this information in conjunction with the detail statements and notes to the financial statements to achieve a better understanding of the County's financial performance for the fiscal year.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County exceed its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36,457,035 (net position). The County's net position decreased by \$2,777,291 after taking into account the restatement of net position of (\$1,080,023) due to the implementation of GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.
- At the close of the current fiscal year the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,556,344, a decrease of \$8,408,958 resulting from the expenditures on the projects approved under the 2015 Capital Project Sales Tax Fund.
- FY 2018 general fund revenues were \$31,173,889 and general fund expenditures were \$28,219,563 with other financing uses of \$2,266,627. The County's general fund increased \$687,699 from \$8,525,672 at the beginning of FY 2018 to \$9,213,371 at the end of FY 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Colleton County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the financial position of the County and are similar to financial statements issued in the private sector. They include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements appear on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Component Units, which are other governmental units over which the County can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented as a separate column in the government-wide statements and as combining statements of activities in the fund financial statements. The focus of the statements is clearly on the primary government and the presentation allows the reader to address the relative relationship with the component units to the primary government. The non-major component units to the primary government are the Colleton County Memorial Library, the Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission, and the Alcohol and Drug Commission.

The statement of net position shows the County's assets less its liabilities at June 30, 2018. The difference between these assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Changes in net position over time may be helpful in indicating an improving or deteriorating financial position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities follows the statement of net position and presents information showing how the net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Some included items, such as accounts payable or earned but unused vacation leave, will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period. This report includes all major and non-major funds of the County.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of Colleton County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County has no business-type activities. Governmental activities reported in the statements include general government, judicial, public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, recreation and culture, health and human services, intergovernmental, and economic development.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, Colleton County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of Colleton County can be divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds, presented on pages 27 and 29, essentially account for the same functions as those reported under the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities. However, this set of financial statements focuses on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of available resources as well as on the balance available at the end of the fiscal year and is a narrower focus than the government-wide financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements and available resources.

By comparing functions between the two sets of statements for governmental funds and governmental activities, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Governmental funds individually presented in the County's statements include two major funds, the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Colleton County's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 31 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are presented on pages 32 to 86 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budget on page 87. Also included is the schedule of total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 94 through 96. Historical pension information is located on pages 88 through 93 for the County and its components units.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and other budgetary schedules. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 97 to 120 of this report.

Component unit financial statements are presented for the memorial library and the fire and rescue commission on pages 121 to 132 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The government-wide statements encompass all the funds of the county, not just the general operational fund. The County's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$36,457,035 at June 30, 2018, as compared to \$40,314,349 at June 30, 2017.

COLLETON COUNTY. SOUTH CAROLINA NET POSITION

	Governn	Governmental Activities				
	2018		2017			
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 48,525,063	\$	55,841,393			
Capital assets	56,666,148		53,799,252			
Total assets	105,191,211	<u>-</u>	109,640,645			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,550,868	<u>-</u>	4,588,988			
Liabilities		<u>-</u>				
Long-term liabilities	69,274,631		69,144,658			
Other liabilities	5,226,634		4,030,513			
Total liabilities	74,501,265		73,175,171			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	783,779		740,113			
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	35,243,087		37,187,490			
Fund balance						
Restricted	14,691,101		12,733,361			
Unrestricted	(13,477,153)		(9,606,502)			
Total net position	\$ 36,457,035	\$	40,314,349			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

By far the largest portion of the County net position \$35,243,087 (97%) represents its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) for governmental activities, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding at June 30, 2018, as compared to \$37,187,490 (92%) at June 30, 2017. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities. At June 30, 2018, the County had a net position restricted for debt service in the amount of \$7.140,900, which was an increase of \$685,541 from June 30, 2018.

The restricted portion of net position of \$14,691,101 (40%) represents the balances of net position that have restricted resources and are not available to fund other commitments. The restricted net position relates to solid waste landfill post-closure, debt service accounts, economic development, emergency and law enforcement services, and other revenue sources that are earmarked for specific County functions.

The remaining net position represents a deficit balance of \$(13,477,153) (-37%) in unrestricted net position which is an increase of \$3,870,651 from the prior year. The overall decrease in net position was due in part to a \$(1,080,023) restatement of the July 1, 2017 beginning net position as a result of the implementation of GASB 75. In addition to the restatement of beginning net position, overall total assets have reduced based on the funding of other entities projects that are part of the approved Capital Sales Tax Project referendum approved in November 2014

Governmental Activities. The County's total net position decreased \$2,777,291 in 2018 compared to an increase of \$3,402,891 in 2017. Key elements of this change in net position are as shown in the following table.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental Activities

The County's total net position decreased \$2,777,292 in 2018 compared to an increase of \$3,402,891 in 2017. Key elements of this change in net position are as shown in the following table.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION

_	2018	2017
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 7,879,558	\$ 6,556,873
Operating and capital grants and contributions	10,111,884	12,448,200
General Revenues		
Property taxes	25,615,202	24,289,100
Other taxes	3,704,278	4,401,917
Grants and contributions not		
restricted to specific programs	2,577,176	1,508,783
Miscellaneous income	638,280	1,287,099
Total Revenues	50,526,378	50,491,972
Expenses		
Governmental Activities:		
General government	8,428,469	9,810,028
Judical	6,498,833	6,309,402
Public safety	13,309,631	8,702,190
Roads and bridges	3,398,083	2,975,077
Solid waste	3,215,275	2,575,815
Recreation and culture	3,825,057	2,927,170
Health and human services	2,392,807	1,888,520
Economic development	11,530,791	1,377,821
Intergovernmental	-	9,763,973
Interest and fiscal charges	704,723	759,085
Total Expenses	53,303,669	47,089,081
Change in Net Position	(2,777,291)	3,402,891
Net Position, beginning of year	40,314,349	36,911,458
Prior period adjustment	(1,080,023)	<u>-</u>
Net Position, end of year	\$ 36,457,035	\$ 40,314,349

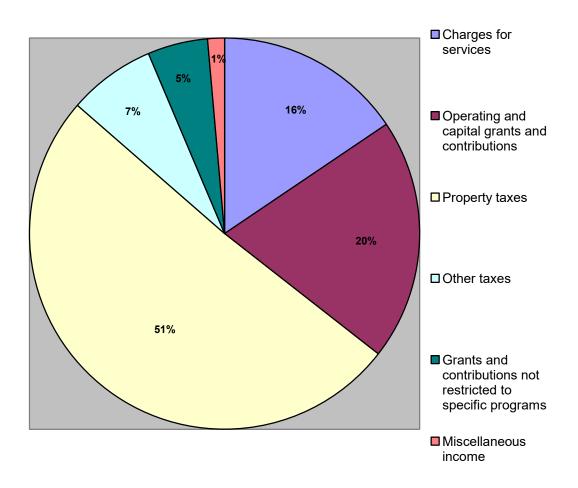
During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities decreased \$2,777,291 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$35,457,034 after considering the prior period adjustment that was related to the implementation of GASB 75. Overall revenues were primarily unchanged, due to a reduction in operating grants and contributions. Property taxes and other taxes did increase by \$628,463 or 2.2% due to growth in the industrial taxpayer assessed values. Total expenditures did increase by \$6,214,588 and was primarily in functions of economic development and in public safety. The increases in economic development were related to the funding of several infrastructure projects throughout the county and the increases in public safety were related to both personnel and capital items.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental Activities (Continued)

The County's governmental revenues by source during FY 2018 were as follows:

Revenue by Source-Governmental Activities

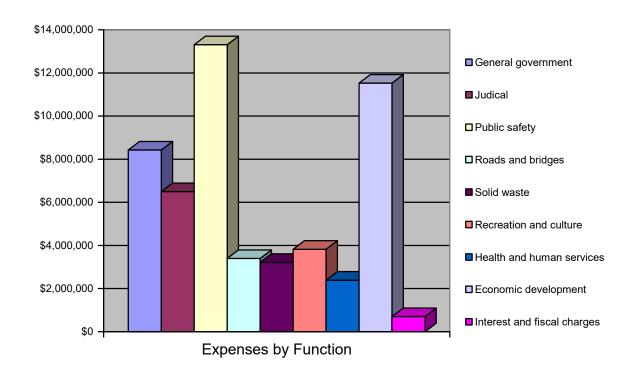


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental Activities (Continued)

The County's governmental expenses by source during FY 2018 were as follows:

Expenses-Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County, itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the County Council.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$41,556,344, a decrease of \$8,408,958 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 20% of this amount or \$8,158,084 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, with is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$280,676), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$14,691,101), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$17,289,535), 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$1,136,948).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2018, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$8,158,084. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 29% of total general expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 33%. County ordinance requires that total fund balance be maintained at 20% of total general fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$687,699. This increase represents an increase of 8.1% in fund balance that was based on revenues increasing by 3.5% while operating expenses remained flat. Operating transfers out did increase by \$1.2 million and were primarily used in Capital Projects Fund to fund Council approved capital projects.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the County's capital projects fund decreased by \$9,125,487. This decrease was primarily related to the funds provided for the projects that were approved as part of the Capital Projects Sales Tax referendum approved by the voters in November 2014 as well as vehicles and equipment that were approved under the 2017 lease purchase financing.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund - The County's actual amounts reported for revenues of \$31,173,889 were \$100,235 less than the final budgeted amount of \$31,274,124. These decreases of \$(559,229) related to other income and \$(109,439) related to taxes. Other income was under budget due to lower usage of the commercial kitchen operation as well as registrations for some of the youth and adult recreation leagues. These decreases were offset by increases of \$374,550 in ingovernmental and \$193,882 in fees and fines primarily based on continued growth in both residential and commercial building permit activity. Overall expenditures of \$28,219,563 were under the final budgeted amount of \$30,426,618 by \$2,207,055. Most of this expenditure savings \$1,363,843 in current general government, \$223,905 in current public safety, \$429,958 in current roads and bridges, \$214,054 in current recreation and culture and \$156,830 in capital recreation and culture. Most of the current functional expenditure savings were due to unfilled positions (public safety), lower road maintenance needs (roads and bridges) and employee and commercial insurance savings. These savings were offset by overbudget expenditures of \$151,371 in current solid waste and \$200,000 in intergovernmental, with solid waste due to increases in maintaining the landfill. Other financing sources (uses) reported an actual amount of \$(2,266,627) were \$(1,419,121) higher than the budgeted amount of \$(847,506) due to end of year transfers to capital projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018, amounts to \$56,666,148 (net of accumulated depreciation) as compared to \$53,799,252 at June 30, 2017. This investment in capital assets of \$2,866,896 (net of accumulated depreciation and disposals) of both purchased and donated, includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, bridges, and easements.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal 2018 include some of the following:

- \$1.1 million for new/replacement public safety vehicles.
- \$238 thousand for new/replacement public safety equipment
- \$262 thousand for new heavy equipment for use in facility maintenance, solid waste and roads and bridges departments.
- \$77 thousand for various facility safety and convenience improvements
- \$27 thousand for solid waste landfill and convenience site equipment
- \$11.2 million for construction in progress related to capital sales tax projects approved in the November 2014 referendum, including:
 - o \$6.5 million for the law enforcement center
 - o \$782 thousand for the new solid waste transfer station
 - o \$2.1 million for the Hampton Street auditorium renovations
 - o \$1.8 million for renovations at the recreation center
 - o \$31 thousand for the new customer service center
- \$324 thousand for construction in progress related to various ongoing county road and other infrastructure improvement projects.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 5 on page 45 in the notes to the financial statements.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF DEPRECIATION

	Governmental Activities					
	2018	2017				
Land and land infrastructure	\$ 7,489,018	\$ 7,204,545				
Construction in progress	11,902,420	9,389,415				
Buildings and improvements	18,365,108	17,602,241				
Improvements other than buildings	7,021,457	7,266,515				
Equipment and vehicles	6,304,980	6,121,866				
Infrastructure	5,583,165	6,214,670				
Total	\$ 56,666,148	\$ 53,799,252				

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Debt Administration

On June 30, 2018, Colleton County had long term obligations of \$69,274,631 compared to outstanding debt at June 30, 2017 totaling \$70,253,835 that has been restated by \$1,109,177 based on the implementation of GASB 75 on the Total OPEB Obligation. During the fiscal year, one new capital lease agreement in the amount of \$582 thousand was issued to finance the debt service on the \$7.5 million Colleton County Intermodal Corporation Taxable Economic Development Bonds Series 2017. Because of the County's implementation of the GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the County is reporting a \$30,738,579 net pension liability. Payments on debt were made in accordance with the scheduled debt payments.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Governmental Activities				
	2018			2017	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	31,897,356	\$	35,440,618	
Capital Leases		1,603,291		2,473,923	
Total OPEB Obligation		2,930,305		2,948,154	
Note Payable		880,032		880,032	
Landfill Closure and Post Closure Cost		509,640		491,709	
Compensated Absences		715,428		697,027	
Net Pension Liability		30,738,579		27,322,372	
Total	\$	69,274,631	\$	70,253,835	

Additional information on the County's long-term obligations can be found in note 6 on page 48 in the notes to the financial statements.

In accordance with State Law, the amount of General Obligation Bonds (GOB) a government entity may issue (without referendum) is equal to eight percent of its total assessed value. The current General Obligation Bond debt limitation for Colleton County based on information received from the County Auditor related to the 2018 tax assessment value of \$176,013,020 is \$14,081,042 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. As of June 30, 2018, the County has net debt applicable to the limit of \$8,416,034 which equals a 59.77% total net debt applicable to the limit percentage.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Debt Rating

During October 2018, Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services reaffirmed their ratings previously issued in April 2017 and September 2016 respectively. The County continued to receive a rating of AA-/Stable from Standard and Poor's and Aa3 from Moody's. In their analysis the following positive attributes of Colleton County and its management were noted:

- Strong budgetary performance with balanced operating results in the general fund and an operating surplus at the total government-fund level;
- Strong and stable fund balance position with an available fund balance in fiscal 2017 of 28% of operating expenditures;
- Strong liquidity with total government available cash at 40.3% of total governmental-fund expenditures
- Manageable debt and pension burdens, with debt service carrying charges at 9% of expenditures and net direct debt that is 76.7% of total governmental-fund revenue.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The County passed budget ordinance no. 18-O-03 to provide for the levy of taxes in Colleton County, South Carolina with third and final reading on August 14, 2018 to be effective July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. The budget included a 1.5 operating mill increase which was needed to fund the state mandated increases of 1% in employer retirement match and an 8.2% increase in employer health insurance premiums. In addition to the operating millage increase, the budget increased the annual solid waste fee that is included on homeowner tax bills by \$10 to offset increased operating cost at the County landfill. Revenues other than property taxes and solid waste were budget to remain consistent with current fiscal year actuals. Non-personnel expenses were maintained at the amounts needed in the current fiscal year adjusted for contractual inflationary increases. Personnel expenses were adjusted to provide a 2% cost of living adjustment to all full time and permanent part time positions in addition to other salary adjustments to keep pace with the area market for those positions in high demand. Retirees insurance cost has been budgeted to continue at a fifty percent funding split between the County and the Retiree.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)

The following budgets and millages were approved by this ordinance:

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA 2018-2019 ORIGINAL FUND BUDGET

	Amount	Millage
General Fund	\$ 27,291,752	116.31
Debt Service Fund	1,969,722	10.24
Fire Rescue Commission	8,971,681	33.56
Fire Rescue Commission Debt Service	2,241,554	22.66
Capital Projects Sales Tax Debt Service	4,200,000	-
Capital Fund	3,685,710	-
Special Revenue Fund (various grants)	1,104,810	-
State Aid to Library	-	-
Memorial Library Fund	638,023	-
IV-D Sheriff Unit Costs	11,196	-
IV-D Clerk of Court Unit Costs	153,119	-
IV-D Clerk of Court Fund Incentives	40,000	-
Victim Witness Services	58,776	-
Animal Care and Control	145,915	-
Solicitor Special Revenue	-	-
Non-GOB Related Debt Service	1,819,252	-
Emergency Telephone Fund	348,893	-
Infrastructure/Industrial Development Fund	235,315	-
CC 2015 \$5.4M GOB Proceeds	1,500,000	
Fire Bond Series 2018	5,500,000	
County Hospitality Tax Fund	575,000	-
County Accomodations Tax Fund	549,294	-
Recreation Fund	1,497,684	-
Road and Bridges Fund	2,198,882	-
School District	-	113.42
Solid Waste Fund	2,779,870	
Total	\$ 67,516,448	296.19

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's Finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or request for information may be addressed to Colleton County Director of Finance, P.O. Box 157, Walterboro, SC 29488.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

					Component Units		
	Governmental			Memorial	Fire and Rescue	Alcohol & Drug	
		Activities		Library	Commission	Commission	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	38,176,827 -	\$	99,581 -	\$ 235,983 -	\$ 56,384 103,237	
Receivables, net of allowances Due from state agency		7,145,322 -		5,276 -	1,879,073 -	16,936 66,267	
Prepaids and deposits		280,676		9,192	141,072	-	
Assets held for resale		2,922,238		-	-	-	
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable		19,391,438		-	542,365	-	
Depreciable, net		37,274,710		370,561	8,680,224		
Total assets		105,191,211	_	484,610	11,478,717	242,824	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows for pension		6,519,314		154,808	2,640,012	-	
Deferred outflows for other post employment benefits		31,554		3,827	5,760		
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,550,868		158,635	2,645,772		
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		3,740,267		2,771	197,015	51,100	
Payroll liabilities		357,510		9,219	181,407	4,230	
Accrued liabilities		325,253		-	65,354	7,333	
Unearned revenues		803,604		23,681	-	-	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year		5,722,763		3,386	797,736	-	
Due in more than one year		63,551,868		1,179,436	16,022,012	-	
Total liabilities		74,501,265		1,218,493	17,263,524	62,663	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows for pension		482,244		9,337	258,465	-	
Deferred inflows for other post employment benefits		301,535		36,573	55,039		
Total deferred inflows of resources		783,779	_	45,910	313,504		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		35,243,087		370,561	3,467,595	-	
Emergency services		395,256		-	-	-	
Court administration		136,187		-	-	-	
Law enforcement		402,617		-	-	-	
Solid waste		797,008		-	-	-	
Economic development							
Expendable		2,922,238		-	-	-	
Nonexpendable		2,556,234		-	-	-	
Debt service		7,140,900		-	145,576	-	
Other purposes		340,661		-	-	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(13,477,153)		(991,719)	(7,065,710)	180,161	
Total net position	_	36,457,035	_	(621,158)	(3,452,539)	180,161	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	111,742,079	\$	643,245	\$ 14,124,489	\$ 242,824	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

					Changes in Net Position			
			Program Revenues		Primary Government		Component Units	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Memorial Library	Fire and Rescue Commission	Alcohol & Drug Commission
Primary government:	Expenses	<u> </u>	- CONTRIBUTIONS	Contributions	Activities	Library		
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 8,428,469	\$ 1,547,365	\$ 115,383	\$ -	\$ (6,765,721)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial	6,498,833	1,004,415	3,964,123	11,020	(1,519,275)	-	-	-
Public safety	13,309,631	1,234,198	501,257	273,051	(11,301,125)	-	-	-
Roads and bridges	3,398,083	1,031,641	1,695,459	-	(670,983)	-	-	-
Solid waste	3,215,275	2,035,603	66,189	-	(1,113,483)	-	-	-
Recreation and culture	3,825,057	987,145	9,199	31,000	(2,797,713)	-	-	-
Health and human services	2,392,807	39,191	686,707	-	(1,666,909)	-	-	-
Economic development	11,530,791	-	2,758,496	-	(8,772,295)	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	704,723		<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	(704,723)			
Total governmental activities	53,303,669	7,879,558	9,796,813	315,071	(35,312,227)		-	-
Component Units:								
Memorial Library	862,390	29,424	697,614	-		(135,352)	-	-
Fire and Rescue Commission	11,273,991	763,249	3,339,392	-		-	(7,171,350)	-
Alcohol & Drug Commission	544,076	173,289	320,527	-		-	-	(50,260)
Total component units	\$ 12,680,457	\$ 965,962	\$ 4,357,533	\$ -		(135,352)	(7,171,350)	(50,260)
			General revenues:					
			Property taxes		25,615,202	-	5,666,782	-
			Alcohol excise ta:	X	-	-	-	81,496
			Local options sale	es tax	2,394,955	-	-	-
			Local accommod	ations tax	563,987	-	-	-
			Hospitality tax		594,599	-	-	-
			Franchise fees		150,737	-	-	-
			Grants and contri					
			restricted to spe	cific programs	2,577,176	-	-	-
			Miscellaneous		638,280	50,695	50,164	316
			Total general revenues	and transfers	32,534,936	50,695	5,716,946	81,812
			Change in net position		(2,777,291)	(84,657)	(1,454,404)	31,552
			Net position, beginn		40,314,349	(405,505)	(1,800,997)	148,609
			Prior period adjustm		(1,080,023)	(130,996)	(197,138)	
				ing of year, as restated	39,234,326	(536,501)	(1,998,135)	148,609
			Net position, end of	year	\$ 36,457,035	\$ (621,158)	\$ (3,452,539)	\$ 180,161

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

400570	General			Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Prepaid expenditures Assets held for resale	\$	7,973,766 4,591,689 258,279	\$	20,781,686 1,258,450 - 2,922,238	\$	9,421,375 1,295,183 22,397	\$	38,176,827 7,145,322 280,676 2,922,238
Total assets	\$	12,823,734	\$	24,962,374	\$	10,738,955	\$	48,525,063
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	1,247,051 281,004 3,159 139,985 1,671,199	\$	2,024,783 - - - 586,014 2,610,797	\$	468,433 76,506 - 77,605 622,544	\$	3,740,267 357,510 3,159 803,604 4,904,540
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - fees Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - spec assessments Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources		26,215 1,613,853 299,096 - 1,939,164		- - - - -		- 120,015 - 5,000 125,015		26,215 1,733,868 299,096 5,000 2,064,179
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures		258,279		-		22,397		280,676
Restricted for: Public safety Recreation and culture Judicial services		- - -		- - -		797,873 6,047 136,187		797,873 6,047 136,187
Solid waste reserve Economic development Debt service		797,008 - -		5,478,472 -		- - 7,140,900		797,008 5,478,472 7,140,900
Other purposes Assigned: Judicial services Public safety		- - -		- - -		334,614 1,014,142 122,806		334,614 1,014,142 122,806
Committed: Recreation and culture Capital projects Unassigned		- - 8,158,084		16,873,105 -		416,430		416,430 16,873,105 8,158,084
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	9,213,371	\$	22,351,577 24,962,374	\$	9,991,396	\$	41,556,344 48,525,063

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balances:		\$	41,556,344			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	ise of the					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are the government funds.	not reported in		56,666,148			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, the funds:	are deferred in					
Property taxes and other special assessments	2,032,964					
Solid waste receivables	26,215					
Intergovernmental receivables	5,000		2,064,179			
Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are the funds. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension related experience difference changes, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments:						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	6,519,314					
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits	31,554		6,550,868			
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	e in the current					
General obligation bonds	(31,457,353)					
Notes payable	(880,032)					
Bond premiums	(440,003)					
Capital leases	(1,603,291)					
Compensated absences	(715,428)					
Landfill closure and post closure cost	(509,640)					
Accrued interest	(322,094)					
Net pension liability	(30,738,579)					
Total other post employment benefits liability	(2,930,305)		(69,596,725)			
			(09,390,723)			
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, the reported in the funds. These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension related differed projected and actual earnings on plan investments.						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(482,244)					
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits	(301,535)		(783,779)			
Net position of governmental activities		\$	36,457,035			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		General	Capital Projects			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	_		_		_		_		
Taxes	\$	21,848,333	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	7,282,082	\$	29,130,415	
Intergovernmental		2,790,679		3,276,120		7,467,446		13,534,245	
Fines and fees		5,821,354		-		644,602		6,465,956	
Other income		713,523		304,750		103,025		1,121,298	
Total revenues		31,173,889		3,580,870		15,497,155		50,251,914	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		8,454,480		-		8,365		8,462,845	
Judicial		1,215,435		-		4,792,561		6,007,996	
Public safety		6,822,657		43,478		1,256,007		8,122,142	
Roads and bridges		1,713,165		-		38,098		1,751,263	
Solid waste		2,581,416		4,082		-		2,585,498	
Recreation and culture		1,673,673		5,035		484,733		2,163,441	
Health and human services		822,755		-		1,053,071		1,875,826	
Economic development		259,046		678,073		1,048,905		1,986,024	
Intergovernmental		4,173,778		2,897,848		489,312		7,560,938	
Capital outlay									
General government		476,337		165,110		-		641,447	
Judicial		-		-		15,584		15,584	
Public safety		-		7,496,497		86,312		7,582,809	
Roads and bridges		-		153,517		71,487		225,004	
Solid waste		26,821		800,936		86,888		914,645	
Recreation and culture		-		3,902,336		-		3,902,336	
Debt service:									
Principal		-		-		4,925,632		4,925,632	
Interest		-		-		795,505		795,505	
Total expenditures		28,219,563		16,146,912		15,152,460		59,518,935	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		2,954,326		(12,566,042)		344,695		(9,267,021)	
OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		,				,			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		17,297		114,999		11,163		143,459	
Proceeds from issuance of debt		- 		582,353		-		582,353	
Insurance recoveries		103,511		19,099		9,641		132,251	
Transfers in		2,234,401		2,821,012		1,345,978		6,401,391	
Transfers out		(4,621,836)		(96,908)		(1,682,647)		(6,401,391)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,266,627)		3,440,555		(315,865)		858,063	
Net change in fund balances		687,699		(9,125,487)		28,830		(8,408,958)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		8,525,672		31,477,064		9,962,566		49,965,302	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	9,213,371	\$	22,351,577	\$	9,991,396	\$	41,556,344	

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (8,408,958)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay \$ 13,450,164 Depreciation expense (3,400,614)	10,049,550
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position	(7,182,654)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Property taxes and other special assessments Solid waste receivables Intergovernmental receivables The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither	142,213
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows: Repayment of the principal of long-term debt Issuance of long-term debt Amortization of premium on long-term debt To,615	4,413,894
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting:	
Pension liability Landfill closure and post-closure liability Compensated absences (18,401) Accrued interest on long-term debt Other post employment benefits liability \$ (1,228,012) (17,931) (18,401) 20,167	(1,525,463)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (265,873)
	\$ (2,777,291)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	 Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,917,415
Taxes receivable	 1,426
Total assets	\$ 8,918,841
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 111
Assets held for others	 8,918,730
Total liabilities	\$ 8,918,841

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Reporting Entity

Colleton County, South Carolina (the County), is governed by a five-member County Council (the Council) under the Council-Administrator form of government, pursuant to the South Carolina Home Rule Act. Members of the Council are elected from resident districts. The County Council acts as the governing body of the County with power to pass ordinances and adopt resolutions. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The nine members of the **Colleton County Memorial Library's (the Library)** governing board are appointed by the Council. The Library is fiscally dependent upon the government because the Council approves the Library's budgets, and can significantly influence the decisions of the Library. The Library does not issue separate financial statements.

The five members of the Colleton County Fire and Rescue Commission (the Fire and Rescue Commission) are selected by the Council from ten members presented by the Fire Control Board, an advisory board comprised of a member from each of the participating fire departments. The Fire and Rescue Commission is fiscally dependent upon the government because the Council approves the Fire and Rescue Commission's budgets, levies taxes and must approve any debt issuances. The Fire and Rescue Commission does not issue separate financial statements.

The nine members of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse's (the Alcohol and Drug Commission) governing board are appointed by the Council. The Alcohol and Drug Commission is fiscally dependent upon the government because the County Council approves the Alcohol and Drug Commission's budgets and can significantly influence the decisions of the Alcohol and Drug Commission. Separately issued financial statements may be obtained at 1439 Thunderbolt Drive, Walterboro, South Carolina, 29488.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units

The Colleton County Development Board (the "Commission"), an entity legally separate from the County, is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the Colleton County Council. For financial reporting purposes, the Commission is reported as if it is part of the County's operations because all fiscal and hiring matters are subject to the authority of the Council, as represented by the County Administrator.

The **Colleton County Advisory/Planning Commission** does not have separate corporate powers from the County and thus is included in the County's operations.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has three discretely presented component units. While the Alcohol & Drug Commission is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the transactions of the acquisition of capital assets and construction of major capital projects.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

In addition, the County reports the following non-major fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects) such as grants, fire and other special purpose fees, and economic development.

The **Debt Service Funds** account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal and interest. The County's Debt Service Fund was established and is maintained in accordance with acts passed by the General Assembly of South Carolina authorizing the sale of general obligation bonds of the County. The Non-GOB Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of funds and payment of various capital leases and notes payable. The Capital Sales Tax Debt Service Fund collects the local option special purpose sales taxes to pay the debt service for the Capital Penny Sales Tax Bond that was passed by voter referendum.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the presentation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within the first 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for grant reimbursements for which the availability period is 120 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 120 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, the fire and rescue fund, and the memorial library fund. All other special revenue funds and debt service funds (excludes the GO Bond Fund, and State Accommodations Fund) that have appropriated budgets also conform to generally accepted accounting principles but tend to follow the revenue source generated by those funds (i.e., grant awards and projects funds). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's departmental heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the County Administrator. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The Council may make supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for good and services (i.e., purchase order, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executor contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Deposits

The "deposits" classification is used only in the notes, not on the face of the statement of net position. Deposits include cash on hand, pooled money market funds and certificates of deposit.

The County considers cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes to be currency on hand, demand deposits with banks, amounts included in pooled cash and investment accounts, and liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.

The County and its component units have a number of financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Debt securities are reported at cost or amortized cost.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors for services that will benefit period beyond June 30, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording the asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year which the services are consumed. Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by an equal amount with a reserve of fund balance to indicate that they are not available for general appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items,) are reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets other than infrastructure are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets is \$50,000 for individual items and networks. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction of governmental-type activities is not capitalized.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land and certain infrastructure assets are depreciated. Useful lives for infrastructure are estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

			Component Units	
Asset Class	County	Memorial Library	Fire and Rescue Commission	Alcohol & Drug Commission
Buildings and improvements				
Buildings	45	45	45	N/A
Building improvements	10	10	10	N/A
Improvements other than buildings				
Improvements other than buildings	10	10	10	N/A
Radio and fire towers	10	10	10	N/A
Library Materials	N/A	5	5	N/A
Machinery and equipment				
Furniture and office equipment	5	5	5	3 - 20
Fire and medical equipment	5	5	5	N/A
Heavy vehicles and equipment	10	10	10	N/A
Vehicles				
Airplanes	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Law enforcement vehicles	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other vehicles	5	5	5	3 - 20
Infrastructure	20	N/A	N/A	N/A

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County reports deferred outflows related to its net pension liability and net other post-employment benefits liability in the statement of net position.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has unavailable revenues from property taxes and special assessments, fees, and intergovernmental revenue that arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category and is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The statement of net position reports deferred inflows related to its net pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balance Policies (Continued)

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governments highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the administrator to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Continued)

Property Taxes

The County ordinance provides for the taxation of all real and personal property located within the County limits on the first day of January. Motor vehicle taxes are billed and collected by the County Treasurer on a monthly basis. Other personal and real property taxes are levied by the County after September of each year and become due and payable immediately upon receipt by the taxpayer. Real property taxes are delinquent after January 15th. Assessed property is subject to lien one year from the levy date if taxes remain unpaid.

Compensated Absences

Vacation - The County's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable and is paid from the general fund for the most part with a small portion related to other nonmajor governmental funds.

Sick Leave - Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employment of the County and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. In accordance with South Carolina state statutes, the County's investment decisions are at the discretion of the elected County Treasurer, subject to the statutes that authorize the County and its component units to invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies:
- 3. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- 4. Savings and loan association deposits to the extent insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
- 5. Certificates of Deposit and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a fair value not less than the amount of certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements so secured, including interest; and
- 6. No-load open and closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company, savings and loan association, or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit.

In addition, South Carolina state statues authorize the County to invest in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool (SCLGIP). The SCLGIP is an investment mechanism authorized by the Legislature and signed into law on May 13, 1983, to provide local governments an opportunity to acquire maximum returns on investments by pooling available funds with funds from other political subdivisions. The SCLGIP is permitted under South Carolina 1976 Code of Laws section 6-6-10, section 12-45-220 and section 11-1-60 to purchase obligations of the United States government treasuries, United States government agencies, repurchase agreements fully collateralized by United States government treasuries or agencies, corporate securities and commercial paper that bear an investment grade rating of at least two nationally recognized rating services.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer. The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. See below for additional information regarding investment credit risk and concentration of credit risk. All funds of the Fire and Rescue Commission and the Library are included in the funds administered by the County Treasurer. The only exception to this is that the funds of the Alcohol and Drug Commission are not included in the funds administered by the County Treasurer.

		Percentage	
	Fair Value	of Portfolio	Credit Rating
Repurchase agreements	\$ 41,232,532	87%	Unrated
Savings accounts	159,980	0%	N/A
Checking accounts	6,028,807	13%	N/A
Cash on hand	 8,487	0%	N/A
Deposits held by County Treasurer	\$ 47,429,806	100%	•

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits of the County are subject to South Carolina state statutes for custodial credit risk. The statutes provide that banks accepting deposits of funds from local government units must furnish an indemnity bond or pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, South Carolina, political subdivisions of South Carolina, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. Driven by the aforementioned statute, the County's informal policy requires deposits to be secured by collateral valued at fair or par whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. Deposited funds may be invested in demand or time deposits, continuously and fully secured with direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America having a fair value not less than the amount of such monies. Custodial credit risk for deposits is not formally addressed by bond indentures. Indentures require that restricted deposits be maintained by the trustee bank, as custodian, specified in the indenture.

As of June 30, 2018, the County's bank balance of \$47,421,319 was fully collateralized by pledging financial institutions trust departments in the County's name.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk — Investments

In the case of investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal investment policy regarding custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate and component units, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Primary Government							(Component Units			
		General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor vernmental	_(Fire and Rescue Commission		Memorial Library	_ <u>c</u>	Alcohol & Drug commission
Taxes receivable	\$	4,733,987	\$	-	\$	371,438	\$	1,485,304	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable		1,563,346		-		-		11,284,580		-		16,936
Other receivables		1,926,809		1,258,450		1,134,218		-		5,276		-
Less: allowance		(3,632,453)		-		(210,473)		(10,890,811)		-		<u>-</u>
Net receivables	\$	4,591,689	\$	1,258,450	\$	1,295,183	\$	1,879,073	\$	5,276	\$	16,936

NOTE 4. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Major Governmental Funds	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 2,234,401	\$ 4,621,836
Capital Projects Fund	2,821,012	96,908
Nonmajor Governmental	1,345,978	1,682,647
Total interfund balances	\$ 6,401,391	\$ 6,401,391

Transfers are used (1) to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the fund with expenditure authorization, and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Cover where a rate I a attivitate a	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfera	Balance
Governmental activities	June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 2,697,027	\$ 245,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,942,048
Land - infrastructure	4,507,518	39,452	-	-	4,546,970
Construction in progress	9,389,415	10,649,612	(7,003,333)	(1,133,274)	11,902,420
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	16,593,960	10,934,085	(7,003,333)	(1,133,274)	19,391,438
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	30,479,249	803,022	(67,151)	679,689	31,894,809
Improvements other than buildings	11,683,167	91,207	-	198,206	11,972,580
Equipment and vehicles	23,595,415	1,621,850	(945,288)	255,379	24,527,356
Infrastructure	12,789,508	-	-	-	12,789,508
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	78,547,339	2,516,079	(1,012,439)	1,133,274	81,184,253
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(12,877,008	(719,845)	67,152	-	(13,529,701)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,416,652		-	-	(4,951,123)
Equipment and vehicles	(17,473,549	(1,514,793)	765,966	-	(18,222,376)
Infrastructure	(6,574,838	(631,505)			(7,206,343)
Total accumulated depreciation	(41,342,047	(3,400,614)	833,118		(43,909,543)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	37,205,292	(884,535)	(179,321)	1,133,274	37,274,710
25,0014104,1101	0.,200,202	(551,555)	(170,021)	1,100,214	
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 53,799,252	\$ 10,049,550	\$ (7,182,654)	\$ -	\$ 56,666,148

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 336,350
Judicial	53,881
Roads and bridges	796,982
Public Safety	731,198
Solid waste	309,121
Recreation and culture	550,781
Health and human services	95,404
Economic Development	 526,897
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,400,614

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Fire and Rescue Commission activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

		Balance					Balance
Fire and Rescue Commission	J	une 30, 2017	 Additions	 Deletions	Transfers	,	June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated		_	_	_			
Land	\$	529,165	\$ 13,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$	542,365
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated		529,165	 13,200	 	 -		542,365
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements		6,908,991	-	-	-		6,908,991
Improvements other than buildings		147,532	-	-	-		147,532
Equipment and vehicles		18,847,426	107,873	(579,503)	-		18,375,796
Total capital assets							
being depreciated		25,903,949	 107,873	 (579,503)	 -		25,432,319
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and improvements		(1,935,856)	(139,925)	-	-		(2,075,781)
Improvements other than buildings		(118,278)	(8,018)	-	-		(126,296)
Equipment and vehicles		(14,291,188)	 (638,693)	 379,863	 -		(14,550,018)
Total accumulated depreciation		(16,345,322)	 (786,636)	379,863			(16,752,095)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		9,558,627	(678,763)	(199,640)	-		8,680,224
Fire and rescue commission							
capital assets, net	\$	10,087,792	\$ (665,563)	\$ (199,640)	\$ -	\$	9,222,589

Depreciation expense incurred by the Fire and Rescue Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was \$786,636.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Memorial Library activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Balance					Balance
Memorial Library	 une 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Transfers		June 30, 2018
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 119,026	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	119,026
Library materials	2,050,431	88,311	(29,147)	-		2,109,595
Equipment and vehicles	375,613	-	(14,190)	-		361,423
Total capital assets						
being depreciated	2,545,070	88,311	 (43,337)	 -		2,590,044
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and improvements	(119,026)	-	-	_		(119,026)
Library materials	(1,833,289)	(80,982)	29,147	_		(1,885,124)
Equipment and vehicles	 (210,926)	(18,597)	 14,190	 	_	(215,333)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (2,163,241)	(99,579)	43,337	 		(2,219,483)
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	 381,829	 (11,268)	 	 -		370,561
Memorial library						
capital assets, net	\$ 381,829	\$ (11,268)	\$ 	\$ 	\$	370,561

Depreciation expense incurred by the Memorial Library for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was \$99,579.

As of June 30, 2018, the County owns several parcels of land in the Colleton County Commerce Center for speculative purposes and to date on one parcel has constructed an industrial building for sale that have a fair market value of \$2,922,238 and are actively being marketed. These assets are considered held for sale and have been separated from capital assets on the Statement of Net Position and no depreciation will be taken on this asset since it is considered held for sale.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Be ginning Balance		Additions	R	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Primary Government										
Governmental activities:										
Bonds:										
General obligation	\$	34,930,000	\$ 582,353	\$	4,055,000	\$	31,457,353	\$	4,687,353	
Bond premiums		510,618	=		70,615		440,003		-	
Capital leases		2,473,923	=		870,632		1,603,291		756,667	
Net pension liability		27,322,372	7,311,409		3,895,202		30,738,579		-	
Total OPEB liability		2,948,154	349,456		367,305		2,930,305		=	
Note payable		880,032	=		-		880,032		171,429	
Compensated absences		697,027	292,743		274,342		715,428		107,314	
Landfill closure and										
post-closure costs		491,709	17,931		-		509,640		-	
Governmental activity										
long-term liabilities	\$	70,253,835	\$ 8,553,892	\$	9,533,096	\$	69,274,631	\$	5,722,763	
Component Units		Balance	Additions	R	eductions		Balance		One Year	
Component Units Fire and rescue commission		Balance	 Additions	R	eductions		Balance		One Year	
•	\$	Balance 4,790,000	\$ Additions -		eductions 940,000	· 	Balance 3,850,000	\$	One Year 450,000	
Fire and rescue commission	\$		 Additions - -			\$				
Fire and rescue commission General obligation	\$	4,790,000	 Additions 2,428,257		940,000	\$	3,850,000		450,000	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839	 -		940,000 292,845	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994		450,000	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690	 - - 2,428,257		940,000 292,845 956,084	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863		450,000	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129	 - 2,428,257 63,786		940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871		450,000 299,583 -	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129	 - 2,428,257 63,786		940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871		450,000 299,583 -	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences Governmental activity		4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129 303,282	\$ 2,428,257 63,786 162,221	\$	940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044 144,483		3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871 321,020	\$	450,000 299,583 - - 48,153	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences Governmental activity long-term liabilities		4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129 303,282	\$ 2,428,257 63,786 162,221	\$	940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044 144,483		3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871 321,020	\$	450,000 299,583 - - 48,153	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences Governmental activity long-term liabilities Memorial library	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129 303,282 16,565,940	\$ 2,428,257 63,786 162,221 2,654,264	\$	940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044 144,483 2,400,456	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871 321,020 16,819,748	\$	450,000 299,583 - - 48,153	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences Governmental activity long-term liabilities Memorial library Net pension liability	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129 303,282 16,565,940 686,801	\$ 2,428,257 63,786 162,221 2,654,264 191,435 42,385	\$	940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044 144,483 2,400,456	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871 321,020 16,819,748	\$	450,000 299,583 - - 48,153	
Fire and rescue commission General obligation Capital leases Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Compensated absences Governmental activity long-term liabilities Memorial library Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	\$	4,790,000 2,197,839 8,736,690 538,129 303,282 16,565,940 686,801 357,582	\$ 2,428,257 63,786 162,221 2,654,264	\$	940,000 292,845 956,084 67,044 144,483 2,400,456 73,403 44,550	\$	3,850,000 1,904,994 10,208,863 534,871 321,020 16,819,748 804,833 355,417	\$	450,000 299,583 - - 48,153 797,736	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government

Bonds Payable

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. Management believes the County is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The South Carolina constitution permits the County to incur general obligation (general purpose) bonded indebtedness not to exceed 8% of the assessed value of taxable property in the County. At June 30, 2018, the County was in compliance with this requirement.

The following is a summary of each long-term bond obligation of the governmental activities of the County at June 30, 2018:

General Obligation Bonds	 Amount
\$5,395,000 General Obligation Bond, Series 2015, with interest of 3.498%, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2017, matures 2032, for the purpose of refunding the special source revenue bond and for economic development purposes.	\$ 4,830,000
\$4,000'000 General Obligation, Series 2012, with interest of 2.0% to 3.0%, semi-annual principal and interest payments beginning 2013, matures 2032, for the purpose of economic development at the business park.	2,960,000
\$29,000,000 General Obligation, Series 2015, 1.82% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in 2016, matures 2024, for the purpose of county-wide projects by voters	23,085,000
\$582,353 General Obligation Bond, Series 2018, with interest of 2.5%, to mature in fiscal year 2019, for the purpose of repaying a portion of the \$7,610,000 Taxable Economic Revenue Bonds on behalf of the Colleton County Intermodal Corporation.	582,353
	\$ 31,457,353

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds							
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total			
2019	\$	4,687,353	\$	685,290	\$	5,372,643		
2020		4,185,000		597,428		4,782,428		
2021		4,275,000		510,078		4,785,078		
2022		4,370,000		420,728		4,790,728		
2023		4,480,000		329,328		4,809,328		
2024-2028		6,880,000		765,475		7,645,475		
2029-2033		2,580,000		231,042		2,811,042		
	\$	31,457,353	\$	3,539,369	\$	34,996,722		

Refunding

In prior years, the County issued \$5.395 million General Obligation Bond Series 2015 that fully refunded the \$4.72 million Special Source Revenue Bond Series 2012. The refunding resulted in the County saving \$150,608 in debt service required from 2016 through 2023 to service the Series 2012 Special Source Revenue Bonds versus servicing the new debt Series 2015 General Obligation Bonds including the costs associated with the completing the refunding.

Capital Leases Payable	 Amount
Lease #2 - The County has entered into a capital lease agreement, secured by 221.1 acres of land being entitled "Dogwood Hills Golf Club," bearing interest at 2.53% with annual payments of \$90,000 plus interest, maturing 2021.	\$ 270,000
Lease #2 - The County has entered into a capital lease agreement, secured by vehicles & equipment, bearing interest at 1.2% with annual payments of	
\$666,667, maturing 2020.	 1,333,291
	\$ 1,603,291

Equipment Under Capitalized Leases

The County has entered into the above lease agreements for leasing vehicles, equipment, golf course, and the civic center. The cost of these assets is \$2,319,485 with accumulated amortization of \$238,792 for a net value of \$2,080,693. Depreciation expense was \$210,042 for the current year. The lease on the vehicles and equipment is payable from the general fund while the civic center and golf course leases are payable from the County's debt service fund.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Equipment Under Capitalized Leases (Continued)

The remaining lease payments as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Leases						
June 30,		Principal		nterest	Total		
2019	\$	756,667	\$	22,067	\$	778,734	
2020		756,667		11,767		768,434	
2021		89,957		1,450		91,407	
	\$	1,603,291	\$	35,284	\$	1,638,575	

The interest paid on the capital lease obligations for the year ended June 30, 2018, was approximately \$34,880.

Notes Payable	 Amount
\$1.2 million loan from the South Carolina Public Authority for economic development with annual interest payments only at a rate of 2% until January 2021. Each year beginning with January 2021 through the remainder of the loan term the interest rate for any outstanding balance shall be reset to the current	
rate of interest on the ten year United State Treasury note.	\$ 880,032

Future debt service requirements for notes payable at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending	Notes Payable							
June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total			
2019	\$	171,429	\$	188,378	\$	359,807		
2020		171,429		220,858		392,287		
2021		107,435		196,795		304,230		
2022		107,435		162,263		269,698		
2023		107,435		155,417		262,852		
2024-2028		214,869		616,804		831,673		
	\$	880,032	\$	1,540,515	\$	2,420,547		

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when each site stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for twenty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The \$509,640 reported as an accrual for landfill closure and post closure care costs at June 30, 2018, includes the cumulative amount reported less amounts paid to date for the open site based on the following information.

		Es				
Estimated Remaining Landfill Life	Percentage Balance of Capacity Used	Closure	F	ostclosure	Total	emaining to be ecognized
17 years	53.61%	\$ 635,910	\$	161,098	\$ 797,008	\$ 242,885

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in fiscal year 2018. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Council has designated cash of \$797,008 for payment of closure and post closure care costs.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Fire and rescue general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

General Obligation Bonds		Amount
\$6,445,000 Fire Protection Service General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012, 0.4% to 2.26% annual interest, annual principal and interest payments beginning in	¢	2 950 000
2013, matures 2026.	D	3,850,000

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

Future debt service requirements for fire and rescue general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds							
June 30,		Principal			Total			
2019	\$	450,000	\$	493,526	\$	943,526		
2020		455,000		464,638		919,638		
2021		465,000		434,748		899,748		
2022		475,000		403,960		878,960		
2023		485,000		372,274		857,274		
2024-2026		1,520,000		326,540		1,846,540		
	\$	3,850,000	\$	2,495,686	\$	6,345,686		

Capital Leases Payable	 Amount
\$3,036,957 lease payable for radios at an interest rate of 2.32% with annual payments of \$343,779 beginning in fiscal year 2015.	
	\$ 1,904,994

Equipment Under Capitalized Lease

The fire and rescue has entered into the above lease agreement for Motorola radios. The cost of these assets is \$3,422,784 with accumulated amortization of \$832,721 with a net value of \$2,590,063. Depreciation expense was \$171,139 for the year. The lease on the radios is payable from the fire and rescue debt service fund. The remaining lease payments as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Leases							
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$	299,583	\$	493,526	\$	793,109		
2020		306,533		464,638		771,171		
2021		313,644		434,748		748,392		
2022		320,921		403,960		724,881		
2023		328,366		372,274		700,640		
2024		335,947		326,540		662,487		
	\$	1,904,994	\$	2,495,686	\$	4,400,680		

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Administration and Benefits

The County, as authorized by the County Commission, administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The Plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the County's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established by the County Council. Retiree medical coverage levels for retirees and their families are the same as coverage provided to active County employees in accordance with the terms and conditions of the current State Health Insurance Plan. The cost assistance provided by the County is calculated based on 50% of the cost of the single plan under which the employee is covered for healthcare added to 50% of the cost of the single plan for dental coverage. The employees pay the remaining 50% plus any additional coverage for spouse or children and a \$3.00 administrative charge. Retirees not meeting the condition stated above must pay 100% of the total premium plus the \$3.00 administrative charge.

Even the provided benefits shown above are only "promised" on an annual basis and are not guaranteed beyond the annual appropriation and sufficiency of the annual appropriation to cover 50% of the cost. There are no "opt-out" benefits paid under any conditions nor are employees grated and sick-leave "pay-out" credit toward health insurance costs.

An employee who retires with twenty years of full-time employment, but is not age 62 at retirement may continue under the County's benefit program paying 100% of the plan costs until reaching the age of 62 at which time, he or she will be eligible for the 50% coast assistance for the employee.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 and a separate report was not issued for the PHCB Plan.

Plan Membership

Membership of the Retiree Health Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants	388
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	23
Total plan members	411

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established annually by the County Council. The required contribution is based on a projected "pay as you go" financing requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County contributed \$41,141 for the pay as you go benefits for the Retiree Health Plan.

Total OPEB Liability of the County

Effective July 1, 2017, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which significantly changed the County's accounting for OPEB amounts. The information disclosed below is presented in accordance with this new standard.

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate: 3.56%

Healthcare cost trend rate: Initial rate of 6.75% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.15% after 15 years

Inflation rate: 2.25%

Salary increase: 3.50% to 9.50% for PORS and 3.00% to 7.00% for SCRS, including inflation

Participation rate: 70% if retiree has at least 20 years of service and is at

least 60 years old at retirement.

35% if retiree has at least 20 years of service and is at

least 60 years old at retirement.

20% for retirees that have fewer than 20 years of service.

Mortality rates were based on the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010-2014.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.56%. This rate was determined using an index rate of 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher – which was 3.56% as determined by the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index Rate as of June 30, 2018.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the County

The changes in the total OPEB liability of the County, and respective component units, for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability							
		Primary	Fire	& Rescue	Memorial			
	G	overnment	Co	mmission		Library		
Beginning Balance	\$	2,948,155	\$	\$ 538,129		357,582		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		260,008		47,459		31,526		
Interest		89,458		16,329		10,847		
Effect of assumption changes		(338, 163)		(61,725)		(41,003)		
Benefit payments		(29,153)		(5,321)		(3,535)		
Net changes		(17,850)		(3,258)		(2,165)		
Ending Balance	\$	2,930,305	\$	534,871	\$	355,417		

The required schedule of changes in the County's total OPEB liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, and the respective component units, as well as what the County's, and respective component unit's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56%) than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (2.56%) (3.56%)					1% Increase (4.56%)		
Primary Government Component Units	\$	3,479,670	\$	2,930,305	\$	2,485,824		
Fire and Rescue Commission Memorial Library	\$	635,142 421,916	\$	534,871 355,417	\$	453,736 301,410		

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, and respective component units, as well as what the County's and component unit's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

_	Current Healthcare Cost								
	1%	Decrease	Trend Assumption Rate			1% Increase			
Primary Government	\$	2,322,523	\$	2,930,305	\$	3,747,221			
Component Units Fire and Rescue Commission Memorial Library	\$	423,929 281,610	\$	534,871 355,417	\$	683,978 454,357			

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		eferred utflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources		
Assumption changes	\$	-	\$	301,535	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		31,554		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	31,554	\$	301,535	

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$31,554, for the Retiree Health plan are deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the County related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	\$	(36,619)
		(36,619)
		(36,619)
		(36,619)
		(36,619)
_		(118,440)
	\$	(301,535)
	-	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the Fire and Rescue Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	eferred utflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources		of Resources		
Assumption changes	\$	-	\$	55,039	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,760		-	
Total	\$	5,760	\$	55,039	

Fire and Rescue Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,760, for the Retiree Health plan are deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the Fire and Rescue Commission related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2019	\$	(6,684)
2020		(6,684)
2021		(6,684)
2022		(6,684)
2023		(6,684)
Thereafter		(21,619)
Total	\$	(55,039)

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the Memorial Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Assumption changes	\$	-	\$	36,573	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,827			
Total	\$	3,827	\$	36,573	

Memorial Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,827, for the Retiree Health plan are deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the Memorial Library related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2019		\$ (4,440)
2020		(4,440)
2021		(4,440)
2022		(4,440)
2023		(4,440)
Thereafter		(14,373)
Total		\$ (36,573)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County, Fire and Rescue Commission, and the Memorial Library recognized OPEB expense of \$312,848; \$57,104; and \$37,933, respectively.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Expense (Continued)

OPEB expense for the Retiree Health plan is calculated as follows:

	Primary		Fire & Rescue		M	Memorial	
Description		Government		Commission		Library	
Service cost	\$	260,008	\$	47,459	\$	31,526	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		89,458		16,329		10,847	
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources							
due to liabilities		(36,618)		(6,684)		(4,440)	
Total employer OPEB expense	\$	312,848	\$	57,104	\$	37,933	

Pension Plan

Description of the Entity

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board (restructured into the Department of Administration on July 1, 2015), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the South Carolina Retirement Systems ("Systems") and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina, and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions. The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

<u>SCRS</u> - Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

<u>PORS</u> - To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

<u>SCRS</u> - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five or eight year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the accidental death benefit program. The Town does not participate in the employer accidental death program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

<u>PORS</u> - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Upon recommendation by the actuary in the annual actuarial valuation, the PEBA Board may adopt and present to the State Fiscal Accountability Authority for approval, an increase the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9% of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5% for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the Board may not provide for an increase of more than ½ of 1% in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the Board are insufficient to maintain a 30-year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the Board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the 30-year amortization period; this increase is not limited to ½ of 1% per year.

Required employee contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

South Carolina Retirement System

Employee Class Two 9.00% of earnable compensation Employee Class Three 9.00% of earnable compensation

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System

Employee Class Two 9.75% of earnable compensation Employee Class Three 9.75% of earnable compensation

Required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

South Carolina Retirement System

Employee Class Two 13.41% of earnable compensation Employee Class Three 13.41% of earnable compensation Employer incidental death benefit 0.15% of earnable compensation

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System

Employee Class Two

Employee Class Three

Employer incidental death benefit

Employer accidental death program

15.84% of earnable compensation
0.20% of earnable compensation
0.20% of earnable compensation

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The most recent annual actuarial valuation reports adopted by the PEBA Board and SFAA are as of July 1, 2016. The net pension liability of each defined benefit pension plan was therefore determined based on the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuations, using membership data as of July 1, 2016, projected forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by the systems' consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company.

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position.

As of June 30, 2018, the County's net pension liability amounts for SCRS and PORS are as follows:

Total		Plan	Employers'		Plan Fiduciary
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	N	et Pension	Net Position as a percentage of
System	Liability	Liability		Liability	the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 47,272,411	\$ 25,214,366	\$	22,058,045	53.3%
PORS	\$ 22,223,361	\$ 13,542,827	\$	8,680,534	60.9%

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the change in the County's net pension liability for the SCRS Plan is calculated as follows:

Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 787,857
Interest	3,251,199
Difference between actual and expected experience	53,484
Assumption changes	1,711,458
Benefit payments	 (2,973,967)
Net change in total pension liability	2,830,031
Total pension liability - beginning June 30, 2017	 44,442,380
Total pension liability - ending June 30, 2018	47,272,411
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	1,145,297
Contributions - member	809,889
Refunds of contributions to members	(103,050)
Retirement benefits	(2,848,696)
Death benefits	(22,220)
Net investment income	2,734,978
Administrative expense	(13,198)
Net transfers to affiliated systems	 (1,519)
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position	1,701,481
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning June 30, 2017	23,512,885
Plan fiduciary net position - ending June 30, 2018	 25,214,366
Net pension liability	\$ 22,058,045

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the County's change in the net pension liability for the PORS Plan is calculated as follows:

Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 528,144
Interest	1,498,921
Difference between actual and expected experience	15,982
Benefit payments	(1,193,922)
Assumption changes	 1,055,736
Net change in total pension liability	1,904,861
Total pension liability - beginning June 30, 2017	 20,318,500
Total pension liability - ending June 30, 2018	 22,223,361
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	608,384
Contributions - member	405,071
Refunds of contributions to members	(63,256)
Retirement benefits	(1,118,461)
Death benefits	(12,204)
Net investment income	1,444,596
Administrative expense	(6,849)
Net transfers to affiliated systems	 4,048
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position	1,261,329
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning June 30, 2017	12,281,498
Plan fiduciary net position - ending June 30, 2018	13,542,827
Net pension liability	\$ 8,680,534

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the Fire and Drug Commission's net pension liability amounts for SCRS and PORS are as follows:

System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Liability	Employers' Net Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 1,143,203	\$ 609,767	\$ 533,436	53.3%
PORS	\$ 24,770,425	\$ 15,094,998	\$ 9,675,427	60.9%
		018, the change ir culated as follows:		ue Commission's net pension liability for the
	Total pension lia	ability		
	Service cost			\$ 19,053
	Interest			78,625
	Difference between	en actual and expe	cted experience	1,293
	Assumption chan	ges		41,389

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the change in the Fire and Rescue Commission's net pension liability for the PORS Plan is calculated as follows:

Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 588,676
Interest	1,670,715
Difference between actual and expected experience	17,813
Benefit payments	(1,330,759)
Assumption changes	 1,176,736
Net change in total pension liability	2,123,181
Total pension liability - beginning June 30, 2017	 22,647,244
Total pension liability - ending June 30, 2018	24,770,425
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	678,113
Contributions - member	451,497
Refunds of contributions to members	(70,506)
Retirement benefits	(1,246,650)
Death benefits	(13,603)
Net investment income	1,610,164
Administrative expense	(7,633)
Net transfers to affiliated systems	 4,512
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position	1,405,894
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning June 30, 2017	 13,689,104
Plan fiduciary net position - ending June 30, 2018	 15,094,998
Net pension liability	\$ 9,675,427

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the Memorial Library's net pension liability amount for SCRS is as follows:

	Total	Plan	Employers'	Plan Fiduciary
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension	Net Position as a percentage of
System	Liability	Liability	Liability	the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 1,724,832	\$ 919,999	\$ 804,833	53.3%

As of June 30, 2018, the change in the Memorial Library's net pension liability for the SCRS Plan is calculated as follows:

Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 28,747
Interest	118,627
Difference between actual and expected experience	1,951
Assumption changes	62,446
Benefit payments	(108,511)
Net change in total pension liability	 103,260
Total pension liability - beginning June 30, 2017	1,621,572
Total pension liability - ending June 30, 2018	 1,724,832
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	41,789
Contributions - member	29,550
Refunds of contributions to members	(3,760)
Retirement benefits	(103,941)
Death benefits	(811)
Net investment income	99,791
Administrative expense	(480)
Net transfers to affiliated systems	(55)
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position	 62,083
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning June 30, 2017	857,916
Plan fiduciary net position - ending June 30, 2018	 919,999
Net pension liability	\$ 804,833

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined during the valuation process are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

South Carolina state statutes requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed on data through June 30, 2015, and the next experience study is scheduled to be conducted after the June 30, 2020, annual valuation is complete.

The following provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2016, valuations for SCRS and PORS.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases	levels off at 3.5%	levels off at 4.0%
Includes inflation at	2.75%	2.75%
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500	lesser of 1% or \$500

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. This assumption includes base rates which are automatically adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000. Assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuations for SCRS and PORS are as follows:

Former Job Class	Males	Females		
Educators	RP-2000 Males (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 110%	RP-2000 Females (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 95%		
General Employees and Members				
of the General Assembly	RP-2000 Males multiplied by 100%	RP-2000 Females multiplied by 90%		
Public Safety and Firefighters	RP-2000 Males (with Blue Collar	RP-2000 Females (with Blue Collar		
	adjustment) multiplied by 115%	adjustment) multiplied by 115%		

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 30-year capital market outlook at the end of the third quarter 2015. The actuarial long-term expected rates of return represent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class and were developed in coordination with the investment consultant for the Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC) using a building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economic forecasts. The actuarial long-term assumptions for other asset classes are based on historical results, current market characteristics and professional judgment.

The expected real rates of investment return, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted annually by the RSIC. For actuarial purposes, the long-term expected rate of return is calculated by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and then adding the actuarial expected inflation which is summarized in the table on the following page. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

		Expected	Long-Term
	Target Asset	Arithmetic Real	Expected Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	45.0%		
Global public equity	31.0%	6.72%	2.08%
Private equity	9.0%	9.60%	0.86%
Equity options securities	5.0%	5.91%	0.30%
Real assets	8.0%		
Real estate (private)	5.0%	4.32%	0.22%
Real estate (REITs)	2.0%	6.33%	0.13%
Infrastructure	1.0%	6.26%	0.06%
Opportunistic	17.0%		
GTAA/Risk parity	10.0%	4.16%	0.42%
Hedge funds (non-PA)	4.0%	3.82%	0.15%
Other opportunistic strategies	3.0%	4.16%	0.12%
Diversified credit	18.0%		
Mixed credit	6.0%	3.92%	0.24%
Emerging markets	5.0%	5.01%	0.25%
Private debt	7.0%	4.37%	0.31%
Conservative fixed income	12.0%		
Core fixed income	10.0%	1.60%	0.16%
Cash and short duration (net)	2.0%	0.92%	0.01%
	100%		
	Total expected real re	turn	5.31%
	Inflation for actuarial p	ourposes	2.25%
	Total expected nomin	al return	7.56%

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for the County and the respective component units.

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

				Current		
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
Primary Government						
SCRS	\$	28,429,790	\$	22,058,045	\$	18,191,893
PORS	\$	11,720,320	\$	8,680,534	\$	6,286,066
Component Units						
Fire and Rescue Commission						
SCRS	\$	687,526	\$	533,436	\$	439,940
PORS	\$	13,063,609	\$	9,675,427	\$	7,006,524
Memorial Library						
SCRS	\$	1,037,319	\$	804,833	\$	663,769

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,172,160 for the SCRS plan. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Fire and Rescue Commission and the Memorial Library recognized pension expense of \$52,531 and \$79,256, respectively, for the SCRS plan.

Pension expense for the SCRS plan is calculated as follows:

		Primary	Fire	& Rescue	N	lemorial
Description	Government		Commission		Library	
Service cost	\$	1,052,939	\$	25,464	\$	38,419
Interest on the total pension liability		2,988,333		72,268		109,035
Member contributions		(807,573)		(19,530)		(29,466)
Projected earnings on plan investments		(1,822,683)		(44,078)		(66,504)
Administrative expenses		13,576		328		495
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources						
due to liabilities		577,576		13,968		21,074
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources						
due to assets		142,843		3,454		5,212
Other		(8,062)		(195)		(294)
Total proportionate share of collective pension expense		2,136,949		51,679		77,971
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate						
share and differences between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of total plan employer contributions		35,211		852		1,285
Total employer pension expense	\$	2,172,160	\$	52,531	\$	79,256

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,197,007 for the PORS plan. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Fire and Rescue Commission recognized pension expense of \$1,334,198 for the PORS plan.

Pension expense for the PORS plan is calculated as follows:

	Primary		Fire & Rescue		
Description	G	Government		ommission	
Service cost	\$	395,182	\$	440,474	
Interest on the total pension liability		1,630,772		1,817,679	
Member contributions		(406,233)		(452,793)	
Projected earnings on plan investments		(865,099)		(964,250)	
Administrative expenses		6,620		7,379	
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources					
due to liabilities		291,826		325,273	
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources					
due to assets		67,624		75,374	
Other		762		849	
Total proportionate share of collective pension expense		1,121,454		1,249,985	
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate					
share and differences between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of total plan employer contributions		75,553		84,213	
Total employer pension expense	\$	1,197,007	\$	1,334,198	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS and PORS pensions plans, respectively, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
SCRS	of	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	98,334	\$	12,226
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		615,757		-
Assumption changes		1,291,262		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		939,787		243,683
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,297,681		
Total	\$	4,242,821	\$	255,909

		Deferred Outflows	_	Deferred Inflows
PORS	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	77,406	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		309,323		-
Assumption changes		823,863		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		341,219		226,335
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		724,682		
Total	\$	2,276,493	\$	226,335

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,297,681 and \$724,682, for the SCRS plan and the PORS plan, respectively, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions are deferred outflows/inflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	SCRS		PORS	
2019	\$	753,841	\$	372,973
2020		1,158,117		508,893
2021		925,369		370,106
2022		(148,096)		73,504
Total	\$	2,689,231	\$	1,325,476

At June 30, 2018, the Fire and Rescue Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS and PORS pensions plans, respectively, from the following sources:

	_	eferred outflows		eferred nflows
SCRS	of F	of Resources of Re		esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,377	\$	296
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		14,891		-
Assumption changes		31,227		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		22,727		5,893
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		31,380		
Total	\$	102,602	\$	6,189

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

		Deferred Outflows	_	Deferred Inflows
PORS	of	of Resources of		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	86,277	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		344,780		-
Assumption changes		918,287		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		380,326		252,276
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		807,740		
Total	\$	2,537,410	\$	252,276

The Fire and Rescue Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$31,380 and \$807,740, for the SCRS plan and the PORS plan, respectively, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions are deferred outflows/inflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	SCRS		PORS	
2019	\$	18,230	\$	415,721
2020		28,007		567,219
2021		22,378		412,525
2022		(3,582)		81,929
Total	\$	65,033	\$	1,477,394

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the Memorial Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS pensions plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
SCRS	of R	esources	ces of Resource	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,588	\$	446
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		22,467		-
Assumption changes		47,114		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		34,290		8,891
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		47,349		_
Total	\$	154,808	\$	9,337

The Memorial Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$47,349 for the SCRS plan and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions are deferred outflows/inflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	 SCRS	
2019	\$ 27,505	
2020	42,256	
2021	33,764	
2022	 (5,403)	
Total	\$ 98,122	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.retirement.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

NOTE 7. OTHER INFORMATION

Deferred Compensation Plans

Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, offered through the State of South Carolina, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all regular full-time employees, permits participants to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employee or his beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death, disability, or an approved hardship.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are held in trust for the contributing employee and are not subject to claims of the County's general creditors. The plan is administered by the State of South Carolina.

Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) Plan.

The County also offers its participation in a deferred compensation plan, offered through the State of South Carolina, created in accordance with internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The 401(k) plan has the same eligibility requirements as the 457 plan, although the withdrawal provisions are more lenient under the 401(k) plan. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are held in trust for the contributing employee and are not subject to claims of the County's general creditors. The funds are administered by the State of South Carolina.

NOTE 7. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Risk Management

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters, for which the County carries commercial insurance, and policies with the South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The County and its component units are covered under the same risk management umbrella and pay a pro-rata share of an annual premium for general insurance coverage. The County pays annual premiums to the State Insurance Reserve Fund for certain general insurance coverage. The State Insurance Reserve Fund is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for certain claims.

Contingent Liabilities

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies in previous years are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

The County is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These lawsuits involve environmental issues, alleged failure to appropriate proper budgets, employment matters, and certain claims under contractual agreements. In the opinion of County management, based on the advice of legal counsel with respect to litigation, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position. Additionally, the County would be allowed to appropriate any required funds in a subsequent year.

NOTE 7. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Commitments

Construction Commitments.

On June 30, 2018, the County has commitments under contracts for various architectural and engineering services and construction projects not completed of approximately \$3,953,381 that relate to the capital penny sales tax project approved by voter referendum.

As discussed earlier in note 1, budgetary basis of accounting, the encumbrances and related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, but are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget because performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year.

Encumbrances

As discussed in note 1, budgetary basis of accounting, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Governmental Fund	Amou		
Capital Projects Fund	\$	3,989,498	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		48,636	
Total	\$	4,038,134	

Operating Leases

The County participates in certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Future minimum rental payments required over the next five years under the non-cancellable operating leases having a remaining term in excess of one year at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Total
2019	\$ 59,476
2020	30,391
2021	21,620
2022	15,664
Total Payments	\$ 127,151

NOTE 7. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

On May 12, 2017, Colleton County Intermodal Corporation, a non-profit corporation that was created for the purposes of promoting economic development of the County and economic development projects located in or for the benefit of the County issued \$7.61 million Taxable Economic Revenue Bonds for the purposes of acquiring the Hampton and Branchville Railroad so that It can be maintained in service. As part of the Deposit and Reimbursement agreement on these bonds, the County has provided the following:

The debt service on the Bonds will be primarily payable from the payment of Project Revenues made by Palmetto Railways to the Issuer under the terms of the Loan Agreement. It is not anticipated however, that the Project Revenues will be sufficient to pay all debt service on the Bonds for the foreseeable future until industrial sites are developed near the Project. In the event that Project Revenues are insufficient to make such payments, the Deposit and Reimbursement Agreement provides that the County will provide Reimbursement Payments to pay debt service on the Bonds. The Deposit and Reimbursement Agreement provides that the County will budget for each fiscal year Reimbursement Payments to pay debt service on the Bond for such fiscal year. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, in adopting its general operating budget, the County Council may, in its sole discretion. determine not to appropriate the Reimbursement Payments through an Event of Nonappropriation.

NOTE 8. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following summarizes the amounts included in the calculation for the net investment in capital assets. The County received the proceeds of \$30,272,627 million bond in May 2015 and has unspent funds on hand of \$12,957,618. The list of projects includes asset acquisitions as well as assistance to other entities within the County. The net investment in capital assets is summarized below:

		County	Component Units			Units
	Governmental		Governmental Fire & Rescue			Memorial
		Activities		Commission		Library
Capital assets, net	\$	56,666,148	\$	9,222,589	\$	370,561
Long-term obligations		(34,380,679)		(5,754,994)		-
Bond proceeds on hand		12,957,618		-		-
Investment in capital assets	\$	35,243,087	\$	3,467,595	\$	370,561

NOTE 9. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The County has tax abatement agreements with the following as of June 30, 2018:

Purpose	Percentage of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year	Amount of County Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year	Amount of Fire & Rescue Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year	Term of Agreement
Manufacturing facility locates in the area and provides employment	7/%	\$ 133,554	\$ 59,308	25 Years
Manufacturing facility locates in the area and provides employment	10%	\$ 38,466	\$ 17,081	25 Years
Provide health care to citizens in the	48%	\$ 19,350	-	25 Years

Industries that invest at least \$2.5 million within a five to six-year investment period in South Carolina may negotiate for a fee-in-lieu of property taxes under the authority of South Carolina Code of Laws Title 12, Chapter 44 Title 4 Chapter 29 and Chapter 12. This can result in a savings of about 40% on property taxes otherwise due for a project. Certain large investments may be able to further reduce their liability by negotiating the assessment ratio from 10.5% down to 6%. For large investments, the assessment ratio can be reduced to 4% and the investment period is extended to an eight-year investment period. The County and the industry may agree to either set the millage rate for the entire agreement period or have the millage change every five years in step with the average millage rate for the area where the project is located. Any personal property subject to the fee in lieu of property taxes depreciates in accordance with South Carolina law, while the real property is either set at cost for the life of the agreement or can be appraised every five years.

If the project would incur costs of designing, acquiring, constructing, improving, or expanding improved or unimproved real estate or personal property to be used in the operation of a manufacturing or commercial enterprise, infrastructure servicing the project or certain aircraft, the industries may negotiate a Special Source Revenue Credit under the authority of South Carolina Code of Laws Section 4-29-68, 4-1-170 and 12-44-70. This can result in additional savings of 15% on property taxes otherwise due for a project and is applied manually as credit to the applicable tax bill.

In each of the agreements disclosed above the County has provided no additional commitments other than the abatement of taxes which would continue in effect for the term of agreement as long as the industry complies with investment and job creation that are outlined in each agreement within the investment period of not to exceed five years.

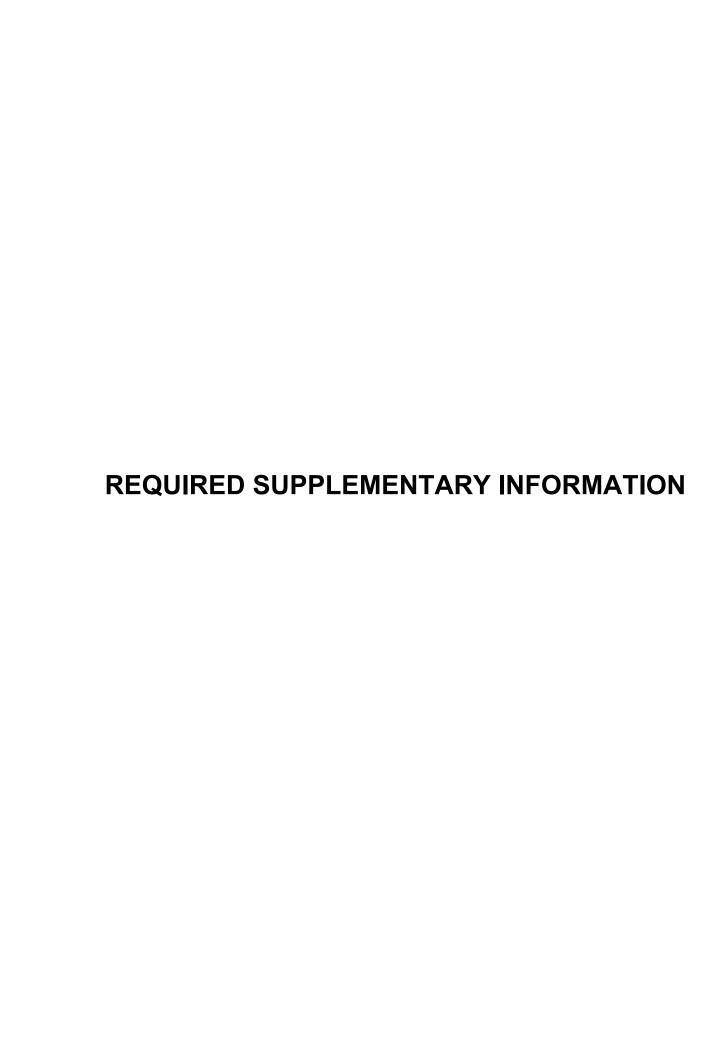
NOTE 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 15, 2018, \$6,000,000 in fire protection service general obligation bonds were issued to defray a portion of the cost of equipping certain fire service buildings; the acquisition of new and used fire trucks, ambulances and other fire protection service vehicles; acquisition of various firefighting, rescue, medical and protective equipment; and costs of renovation of certain fire stations for use by the Colleton County Fire-Rescue department. The bonds pay interest semi-annually on March 1 and September 1, beginning in 2019 and pay principal annually on March 1, beginning in 2020. The bonds have a ten-year maturity and pay interest of 3%. As part of this issuance, the County had its bond rating of AA- with Standard and Poor's and Aa3 with Moody's confirmed.

NOTE 11. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The County has determined that a restatement to its July 1, 2017, beginning net position for governmental activities for the primary government, and discretely presented component units were required to recognize the change in accounting principle for implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, through which accounting for OPEB plans and the related disclosure requirements were modified.

Primary Government		
Governmental activities net position, as previously reported	\$	40,314,349
Change in accounting principle due to the implementation		
of GASB Statement No. 75		(1,080,023)
Governmental activities net position, as restated	\$	39,234,326
'		
Memorial Library		
Memorial Library net position, as previously reported	\$	(405,505)
Change in accounting principle due to the implementation		,
of GASB Statement No. 75		(130,996)
Memorial Library net position, as restated	\$	(536,501)
		<u> </u>
Fire and Rescue Commission		
Fire and Rescue Commission net position, as previously reported	\$	(1,800,997)
Change in accounting principle due to the implementation		,
of GASB Statement No. 75		(197, 138)
Fire and Rescue Commission net position, as restated	\$	(1,998,135)
• •	<u> </u>	(, = = 0, 100)



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Position (s	I Am courts		Variance
		d Amounts	Actual	with Final
DEVENUES.	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES: Taxes	\$ 21,957,772	\$ 21,957,772	¢ 24 040 222	\$ (109,439)
	. , ,	. , ,	\$ 21,848,333	. , , ,
Intergovernmental	1,966,394	2,416,129	2,790,679	374,550
Fines and fees	5,627,472	5,627,472	5,821,354	193,882
Other income	860,786	1,272,751	713,523	(559,228)
Total revenues	30,412,424	31,274,124	31,173,889	(100,235)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	9,812,451	9,818,323	8,454,480	1,363,843
Judicial	1,294,119	1,294,119	1,215,435	78,684
Public safety	7,173,061	7,046,562	6,822,657	223,905
Roads and bridges	2,147,624	2,143,123	1,713,165	429,958
Solid waste	2,244,850	2,430,045	2,581,416	(151,371)
Recreation and culture	1,713,017	1,887,727	1,673,673	214,054
Health and human services	829,133	829,133	822,755	6,378
Economic development	265,905	265,905	259,046	6,859
Intergovernmental	3,973,778	3,973,778	4,173,778	(200,000)
Capital outlay:				,
General government	421,986	546,900	476,337	70,563
Public safety	2,450	2,450	-	2,450
Roads and bridges	2,451	2,451	-	2,451
Solid waste	2,451	29,272	26,821	2,451
Recreation and culture	300,000	156,830	-	156,830
Total expenditures	30,183,276	30,426,618	28,219,563	2,207,055
Excess of revenues under expenditures	229,148	847,506	2,954,326	2,106,820
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	-	17,297	17,297
Proceeds from issuance of debt				
Insurance recoveries	36,019	129,644	103,511	(26,133)
Transfers in	2,228,377	2,247,377	2,234,401	(12,976)
Transfers out	(2,433,373)	(3,224,527)	(4,621,836)	(1,397,309)
Total other financing sources, net	(168,977)	(847,506)	(2,266,627)	(1,419,121)
Net change in fund balances	60,171	-	687,699	687,699
Fund balances, beginning of year	8,525,672	8,525,672	8,525,672	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,585,843	\$ 8,525,672	\$ 9,213,371	\$ 687,699

FOR THE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Plan Year Ended June 30	County's proportion of the net pension liability	oportion of the net pension		County's covered employee payroll	County's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2017	0.097985%	\$	22,058,045	\$ 10,023,134	220%	53.34%	
2016	0.092799%	\$	19,526,510	\$ 8,800,266	222%	52.90%	
2015	0.092174%	\$	17,480,579	\$ 8,710,229	201%	57.00%	
2014	0.094651%	\$	16,295,759	\$ 8,614,344	189%	59.90%	

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Plan Year Ended June 30	County's proportion of the net pension liability	County's County's		County's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2017	0.316857%	\$	8,680,534	\$ 4,547,825	191%	60.94%
2016	0.318141%	\$	7,795,862	\$ 3,956,317	197%	60.40%
2015	0.330253%	\$	7,197,930	\$ 3,964,012	182%	64.60%
2014	0.314595%	\$	6,022,663	\$ 3,641,573	165%	67.50%

Notes to the Schedules:

FOR THE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION

Plan Year Ended June 30	Commission's proportion of the net pension liability	Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Commission's covered employee payroll	Commission's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.002370%	\$ 533,436	\$ 128,815	414%	53.34%
2016	0.001193%	\$ 525,824	\$ 297,612	177%	52.90%
2015	0.003117%	\$ 591,963	\$ 243,862	243%	57.00%
2014	0.002650%	\$ 456,236	\$ 189,312	241%	59.90%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM – FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION

Plan Year Ended June 30	Commission's proportion of the net pension liability	Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Commission's covered employee payroll	Commission's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.353173%	\$ 9,675,427	\$ 4,473,174	216%	60.94%
2016	0.312920%	\$ 8,210,866	\$ 4,078,445	201%	60.40%
2015	0.340447%	\$ 7,420,061	\$ 4,404,638	168%	64.60%
2014	0.349565%	\$ 6,692,122	\$ 4,343,910	154%	67.50%

Notes to the Schedules:

FOR THE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – MEMORIAL LIBRARY

Plan Year Ended June 30	Library's proportion of the net pension liability	Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Library's covered employee payroll	Library's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.003575%	\$ 804,833	\$ 335,043	240%	53.34%
2016	0.003102%	\$ 686,800	\$ 320,215	214%	52.90%
2015	0.003354%	\$ 635,958	\$ 322,367	197%	57.00%
2014	0.003503%	\$ 603,114	\$ 350,642	172%	59.90%

Notes to the Schedules:

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions relative to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	County's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2018	\$ 1,297,681	\$ 1,297,681	\$ -	\$ 9,569,920	13.56%
2017	\$ 1,158,674	\$ 1,158,674	\$ -	\$ 10,023,134	11.56%
2016	\$ 973,309	\$ 973,309	\$ -	\$ 8,800,266	11.06%
2015	\$ 949,415	\$ 949,415	\$ -	\$ 8,710,229	10.90%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions relative to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	County's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2018	\$ 724,682	\$ 724,682	\$ -	\$ 4,461,857	16.24%
2017	\$ 647,610	\$ 647,610	\$ -	\$ 4,547,825	14.24%
2016	\$ 543,598	\$ 543,598	\$ -	\$ 3,956,317	13.74%
2015	\$ 531,574	\$ 531,574	\$ -	\$ 3,964,012	13.41%

Notes to the Schedules:

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	(Statutorily required contribution	Contributions relative to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Commission's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2018	\$	31,380	\$ 31,380	\$ -	\$ 231,432	13.56%
2017	\$	14,891	\$ 14,891	\$ -	\$ 128,815	11.56%
2016	\$	32,916	\$ 32,916	\$ -	\$ 297,612	11.06%
2015	\$	26,581	\$ 26,581	\$ -	\$ 243,862	10.90%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PLOICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM – FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions relative to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Commission's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2018	\$ 807,740	\$ 807,740	\$ -	\$ 4,973,240	16.24%
2017	\$ 636,980	\$ 636,980	\$ -	\$ 4,473,174	14.24%
2016	\$ 560,378	\$ 560,378	\$ -	\$ 4,078,445	13.74%
2015	\$ 590,662	\$ 590,662	\$ -	\$ 4,404,638	13.41%

Notes to the Schedules:

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – MEMORIAL LIBRARY

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions relative to statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Library's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2018	\$ 47,349	\$ 47,349	\$ -	\$ 349,178	13.56%
2017	\$ 38,731	\$ 38,731	\$ -	\$ 335,043	11.56%
2016	\$ 35,416	\$ 35,416	\$ -	\$ 320,215	11.06%
2015	\$ 35,138	\$ 35,138	\$ -	\$ 322,367	10.90%

Notes to the Schedules:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE PRIMARY GOVERNMENT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018				
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	260,008			
Interest on total OPEB liability		89,458			
Effect of assumption changes		(338,163)			
Benefit payments		(29,153)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		(17,850)			
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,948,155 2,930,305			
Covered-employee payroll	\$	12,826,065			
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.8%			

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The County is not accumulating assets in a trust fund that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 for payment of future OPEB benefits.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018			
Total OPEB liability		_		
Service cost	\$	47,459		
Interest on total OPEB liability		16,329		
Effect of assumption changes		(61,725)		
Benefit payments		(5,321)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,258)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	538,129 534,871		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,341,133		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.8%		

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The Fire and Rescue Commission is not accumulating assets in a trust fund that meets the criteria in paragraph of GASB Statement No. 75 for payment of future OPEB benefits.

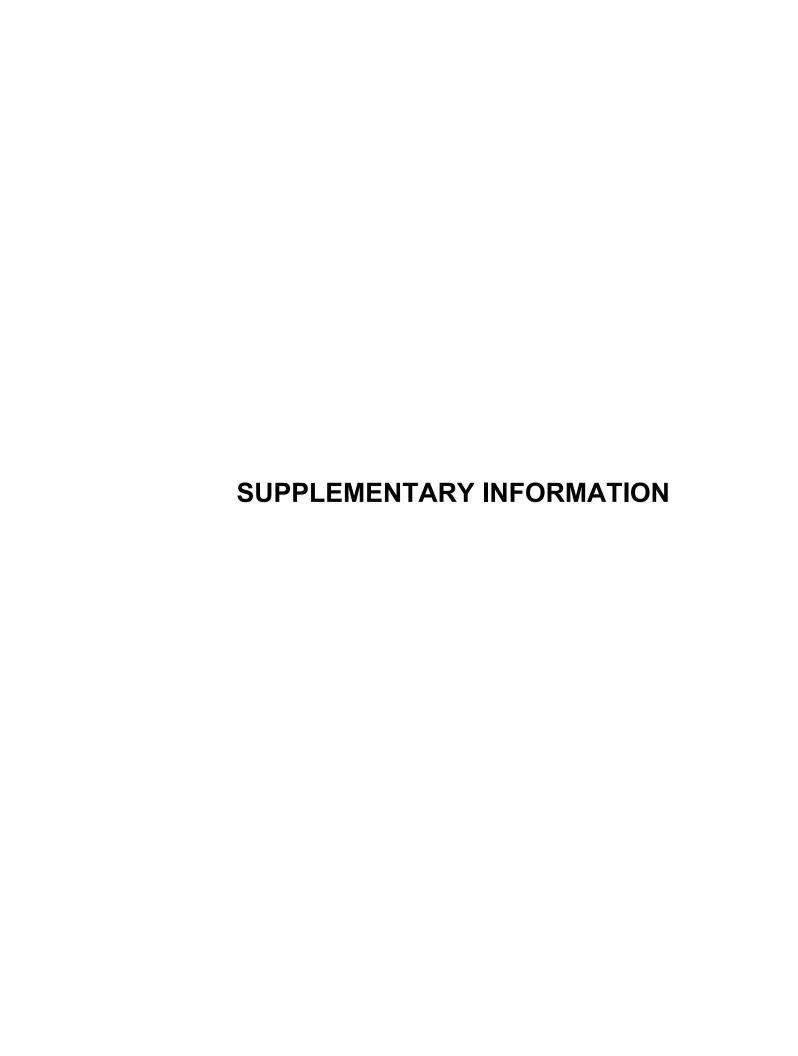
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE MEMORIAL LIBRARY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018				
Total OPEB liability		_			
Service cost	\$	31,526			
Interest on total OPEB liability		10,847			
Effect of assumption changes		(41,003)			
Benefit payments		(3,535)			
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,165)			
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	357,582 355,417			
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,555,181			
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.9%			

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The Library is not accumulating assets in a trust fund that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 for payment of future OPEB benefits.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Sheriff's Discretionary Funds - to account for the program and activities associated with the sheriff department.

Sheriff's Title N D Fund - to account for federal child enforcement funds received and disbursed by the Sheriff.

Clerk of Court V Incentives Fund - to account for federal child enforcement incentives received and disbursed by the Clerk of Court.

Clerk of Court V Unit Costs Fund - to account for federal child enforcement funds received and disbursed by the Clerk of Court.

Victim Witness Services Fund - to account for victims funds for the County.

14th Circuit Court Solicitor Fund - to account for the activities of the 14th Circuit Court Solicitor mandated by State Statute to prosecute within 14th Circuit Court System that Colleton County acts as Host County.

Special Revenue Fund - to account for all grants and contributions awarded to the County.

Animal Care Control Donations Fund - to account for projects and activities for animal control.

Emergency Telephone Fund - to account for operations of the County's Emergency 911 communication system.

County Hospitality Tax Fund - to account for local hospitality tax collected by the County.

County Accommodations Tax Fund - to account for local accommodations tax collected by the County.

State Accommodations Tax Fund - to account for state accommodations tax collected by the State.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund - used for the accumulation of resources for payment of principal and interest on County general obligation debt.

GO Bond Fund - used to set aside funds to pay interest and principal related to the General Obligation Bond Series 2015.

Capital Sales Tax Debt Service - used to collect local option special purpose taxes and disburse debt payments for the Capital Penny Sales Tax Bond.

Debt Service Non-GOB - used to set aside funds to pay interest and principal on County non-general obligation debt.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Sheriff's Discretionary Funds		Sheriff's Title IV D		Clerk of Court IV Incentives		Clerk of Court IV Unit Costs		Victim Witness Services	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Prepaid expenditures	\$	239,185 5,995	\$	5,623 2,013	\$	58,815 11,614	\$	21,637 50,276	\$	154,942 519
Total assets	\$	245,180	\$	7,636	\$	70,429	\$	71,913	\$	155,461
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,471 -	\$	2,824 1,860	\$	4,930 730
Unearned revenues Total liabilities		-		-		- 1,471		4,684		5,660
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for: Public safety		245,180		7,636		-		-		149,801
Debt service Recreation and culture				-		-		-		
Judicial services		-		-		68,958		67,229		-
Other purposes Assigned:		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial services Public safety Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation and culture		-				-		-		-
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows		245,180		7,636		68,958		67,229		149,801
of resources, and fund balances	\$	245,180	\$	7,636	\$	70,429	\$	71,913	\$	155,461

Special Revenue Funds

4th Circuit Court Solicitor	Special Revenue		Animal Care Control Donations		Emergency Telephone		County Hospitality Tax		Acco	County mmodations Tax	State Accommodations Tax	
\$ 1,051,912 93,060 22,397	\$	- 784,033 -	\$	128,521 - -	\$	361,459 46,909	\$	91,248 58,493	\$	202,035 81,307	\$	6,047 - -
\$ 1,167,369	\$	784,033	\$	128,521	\$	408,368	\$	149,741	\$	283,342	\$	6,047
\$ 65,015 65,815 -	\$	371,814 - 77,605	\$	715 - -	\$	11,201 1,911 -	\$	651 - -	\$	9,812 6,190 -	\$	- - -
130,830		449,419		715		13,112		651		16,002		-
 - - -				5,000 5,000	_	- - -				- - -		- - -
22,397		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		395,256		-		-		-
- - -		- - - 334,614		- - -		- - -						6,047 -
1,014,142		-		- 122,806		-		-		-		-
 1,036,539		334,614		122,806		395,256		149,090 149,090		267,340 267,340		6,047
\$ 1,167,369	\$	784,033	\$	128,521	\$	408,368	\$	149,741	\$	283,342	\$	6,047

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_ <u>D</u>	ebt Service		GO Bond	Capital Sales Tax Debt Service		Debt Service Non-GOB			Totals
ASSETS	_		_	. = 0.1.0=0	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Prepaid expenditures	\$	914,311 160,964 -	\$	1,521,652 - -	\$	4,534,020 - -	\$	129,968 - -	\$	9,421,375 1,295,183 22,397
Total assets	\$	1,075,275	\$	1,521,652	\$	4,534,020	\$	129,968	\$	10,738,955
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	468,433 76,506
Total liabilities				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				77,605 622,544
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		120,015		-		-		-		120,015
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources		120,015		-		-		-		5,000 125,015
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid expenditures Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		22,397
Public safety		_		_		_		_		797,873
Debt service		955,260		1,521,652		4,534,020		129,968		7,140,900
Recreation and culture		-		-		-		-		6,047
Judicial services		-		-		-		-		136,187
Other purposes		-		-		-		-		334,614
Assigned:										
Judicial services		-		-		-		-		1,014,142
Public safety Committed		-		-		-		-		122,806
Recreation and culture								_		416,430
Total fund balances		955,260		1,521,652		4,534,020		129,968		9,991,396
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		555,255	_	1,021,002	_	7,00-7,020		120,000		0,001,000
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,075,275	\$	1,521,652	\$	4,534,020	\$	129,968	\$	10,738,955

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Dis	Sheriff's cretionary Funds		Sheriff's Title IV D		lerk of Court / Incentives		erk of Court Unit Costs		Victim Witness Services	
Revenues:	ф		Φ		Φ.		Φ		Φ.		
Taxes	\$	40.000	\$	7 700	\$	- 04.750	\$	-	\$	70.400	
Intergovernmental		19,396		7,788		24,753		200,022		73,486	
Fines and fees		-		-		-		404		4.005	
Other revenues	•	30,612	Φ.	23	•	425	Φ.	121	Φ.	1,095	
Total revenues	\$	50,008	\$	7,811	\$	25,178	\$	200,143	\$	74,581	
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Judicial services		-		-		1,470		149,541		-	
Public safety		95,043		1,491		-		-		67,382	
Roads and bridges		-		,		-		-		-	
Recreation and culture		-		-		-		-		-	
Health and human services		-		-		-		-		-	
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		-		-	
Capital outlay											
Judicial services		_		_		-		_		_	
Public safety		86,312		_		_		_		_	
Roads and bridges		-		_		_		_		_	
Recreation and culture		_		_		_		_		_	
Debt service:											
Principal		_		_		_		_		_	
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		_		_		_	
Total expenditures		181,355		1,491		1,470		149,541		67,382	
Total experiences		101,000		1,101		.,				0.,002	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(131,347)		6,320		23,708		50,602		7,199	
Other financing sources (uses)											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		11,163		_		_		_		_	
Insurance recoveries		5,099				_		_		_	
Transfers in		5,099		_		-		15,988		-	
Transfers out		(84,810)		-		- (15,988)		15,966		-	
		<u> </u>				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		15 000	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(68,548)				(15,988)		15,988		<u>-</u> _	
Net change in fund balances		(199,895)		6,320		7,720		66,590		7,199	
Fund balances, beginning of year		445,075		1,316		61,238		639		142,602	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	245,180	\$	7,636	\$	68,958	\$	67,229	\$	149,801	

1	4th Circuit Court Solicitor		Special Revenue	(imal Care Control onations		mergency elephone		County Hospitality Tax	Acc	County ommodations Tax		State nmodations Tax
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	594,599	\$	563,987	\$	_
•	3,540,608	*	3,505,155	*	13,264	*	82,974	*	-	•	-	*	-
	333,713		-		18,104		278,763		-		-		-
	19,750		9,447		935		2,448		860		3,278		362
\$	3,894,071	\$	3,514,602	\$	32,303	\$	364,185	\$	595,459	\$	567,265	\$	362
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,365	\$	-	\$	-
	4,386,069		255,481		-		-		-		-		-
	-		759,524		38,694		293,873		-		-		-
	-		32,073		-		-		- 17.065		6,025		-
	-		3,634 1,053,071		-		-		17,365		463,734		-
	-		924,753		_		-		124,152		_		_
	_		457,610		_		_		6,000		25,702		_
			.07,010						3,333		20,1 02		
	15,584		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		71,487		-		-		-		-		-
	-		86,888		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		_		-		-		-
									-				
	4,401,653		3,644,521		38,694		293,873		155,882		495,461		-
	(507,582)		(129,919)		(6,391)		70,312		439,577		71,804		362
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	4,542		_		_		_		_		_		_
	240,988		163,244		-		-		-		_		-
	(75,687)		(92,191)		-		(34,747)		(388,957)		(300,000)		-
	169,843		71,053		-		(34,747)		(388,957)		(300,000)		-
	(337,739)		(58,866)		(6,391)		35,565		50,620		(228,196)		362
	1,374,278		393,480		129,197		359,691		98,470		495,536		5,685
\$	1,036,539	\$	334,614	\$	122,806	\$	395,256	\$	149,090	\$	267,340	\$	6,047

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Debt Service Funds									
	<u>D</u>	ebt Service		GO Bond		Capital Sales Tax ebt Service		ebt Service Non-GOB		Totals
Revenues:	•	4 040 000	•		•	4 00 4 400	•		•	7 000 000
Taxes	\$	1,819,000	\$	-	\$	4,304,496	\$	-	\$	7,282,082
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		7,467,446
Fines and fees		14,022		-		-		-		644,602
Other revenues	_	7,158	_	10,995	_	15,112	_	404	_	103,025
Total revenues	\$	1,840,180	\$	10,995	\$	4,319,608	\$	404	\$	15,497,155
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,365
Judicial services		-		-		-		-		4,792,561
Public safety		-		-		-		-		1,256,007
Roads and bridges		-		-		-		-		38,098
Recreation and culture		-		-		-		-		484,733
Health and human services		-		-		-		-		1,053,071
Economic development		-		-		-		-		1,048,905
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		489,312
Capital outlay										
Judicial services		-		-		-		-		15,584
Public safety		-		-		-		-		86,312
Roads and bridges		-		-		-		-		71,487
Recreation and culture		-		_		_		-		86,888
Debt service:										,
Principal		465,000		-		3,590,000		870,632		4,925,632
Interest and fiscal charges		249,528		_		490,850		55,127		795,505
Total expenditures		714,528		-		4,080,850		925,759		15,152,460
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		1,125,652		10,995		238,758		(925,355)		344,695
over (under) experialities		1,125,052		10,995		230,730		(920,333)		344,093
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		11,163
Insurance recoveries		-		-		-		-		9,641
Transfers in		-		-		-		925,758		1,345,978
Transfers out		(690, 267)		-		-		-		(1,682,647)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(690,267)						925,758		(315,865)
Net change in fund balances		435,385		10,995		238,758		403		28,830
Fund balances, beginning of year		519,875		1,510,657		4,295,262		129,565		9,962,566
Fund balances, end of year	\$	955,260	\$	1,521,652	\$	4,534,020	\$	129,968	\$	9,991,396

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SHERIFF'S DISCRETIONARY FUNDS

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 53,728	\$ 19,396	\$ (34,332)
Other revenues		143,726	30,612	(113,114)
Total revenues	-	197,454	50,008	(147,446)
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety	-	58,726	95,043	(36,317)
Capital outlay		,	•	, ,
Public safety	_	55,284	86,312	(31,028)
Total expenditures	-	114,010	181,355	(67,345)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		83,444	(131,347)	(214,791)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	11,163	11,163
Insurance proceeds	-	-	5,099	5,099
Transfers out	-	(83,444)	(84,810)	(1,366)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(83,444)	(68,548)	14,896
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(199,895)	(199,895)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	445,075	445,075	445,075	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 445,075	\$ 445,075	\$ 245,180	\$ (199,895)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SHERIFF'S TITLE IV D

	В	Original sudgeted amounts		Final udgeted mounts		Actual	Va	ariance
REVENUES	•	4.4.400	•	4.4.400	•		•	(0.100)
Intergovernmental	\$	14,190	\$	14,190	\$	7,788	\$	(6,402)
Other revenues		- 44.400		- 11100		23		23
Total revenues		14,190		14,190		7,811		(6,379)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety		14,190		14,190		1,491		12,699
Total expenditures		14,190		14,190		1,491		12,699
Excess of revenues over expenditures		_		_		6,320		6,320
•						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	·
Net change in fund balance		-		-		6,320		6,320
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		1,316		1,316		1,316		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	1,316	\$	1,316	\$	7,636	\$	6,320

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CLERK OF COURT IV INCENTIVES

DEVENUES		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		/ariance
REVENUES	œ.	20.075	φ	20.075	Φ	04.750	œ.	(40,000)
Intergovernmental	\$	36,975	\$	36,975	\$	24,753	\$	(12,222)
Other revenues		-		-		425		425
Total revenues		36,975		36,975		25,178		(11,797)
EXPENDITURES								
Judicial services		5,000		5,000		1,470		3,530
Total expenditures		5,000		5,000		1,470		3,530
Excess of revenues over expenditures		31,975		31,975		23,708		(8,267)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(31,975)		(31,975)		(15,988)		15,987
Total other financing uses		(31,975)		(31,975)		(15,988)		15,987
ŭ				, , ,		, , ,		<u>, </u>
Net change in fund balance		-		-		7,720		7,720
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		61,238		61,238		61,238		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	61,238	\$	61,238	\$	68,958	\$	7,720

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CLERK OF COURT IV UNIT COSTS

REVENUES		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		/ariance
1.212.1020	Φ	422.002	Φ	422.002	Φ	200 022	φ	67,000
Intergovernmental	\$	133,002	\$	133,002	\$	200,022	\$	67,020
Other revenues		-		-		121		121
Total revenues		133,002		133,002		200,143		67,141
EXPENDITURES								
Judicial services		164,977		164,977		149,541		15,436
Total expenditures		164,977		164,977		149,541		15,436
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(31,975)		(31,975)		50,602		82,577
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		31,975		31,975		15,988		(15,987)
Total other financing sources		31,975		31,975		15,988		(15,987)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		66,590		66,590
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		639		639		639		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	639	\$	639	\$	67,229	\$	66,590

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA VICTIM WITNESS SERVICES

DEVENUES	B 		Final udgeted mounts	 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	57,802	\$	75,802	\$ 73,486	\$	(2,316)
Other revenues		-		-	1,095		1,095
Total revenues		57,802		75,802	 74,581		(1,221)
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety		57,802		75,802	67,382		8,420
Total expenditures		57,802	-	75,802	67,382		8,420
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures					 7,199		7,199
Net change in fund balance		-		-	7,199		7,199
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		142,602		142,602	 142,602		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	142,602	\$	142,602	\$ 149,801	\$	7,199

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA 14TH CIRCUIT COURT SOLICITOR

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	•			A (1)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 3,558,108	\$ 3,540,608	\$ (17,500)
Fines and fees	-	333,713	333,713	-
Other revenues		19,750	19,750	- (1
Total revenues		3,911,571	3,894,071	(17,500)
EXPENDITURES				
Judicial services	-	4,124,598	4,386,069	(261,471)
Capital outlay		, ,		, ,
Judicial services	-	4,338,678	15,584	4,323,094
Debt service:				
Principal		35,691	-	35,691
Interest and fiscal charges	-	82,447	-	82,447
Total expenditures		8,581,414	4,401,653	4,179,761
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(4,669,843)	(507,582)	4,162,261
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from issuance of debt		4,500,000	-	(4,500,000)
Insurance proceeds	-	4,542	4,542	-
Transfers in	-	240,988	240,988	-
Transfers out	-	(75,687)	(75,687)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,669,843	169,843	(4,500,000)
Net change in fund balance	-		(337,739)	(337,739)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	1,374,278	1,374,278	1,374,278	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 1,374,278	\$ 1,374,278	\$ 1,036,539	\$ (337,739)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE

DEVENUE	E	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	920,774	\$	6,216,428	\$	3,505,155	\$	(2,711,273)
Other revenues	Φ	920,774	φ	24,011	φ	9,447	φ	(14,564)
Total revenues		920,774		6,240,439		3,514,602		(2,725,837)
Total Tovolidos	-	020,111		0,2 10, 100		0,011,002		(2,: 20,00:)
EXPENDITURES								
Judicial services		-		378,496		255,481		123,015
Public safety		340,807		647,475		759,524		(112,049)
Roads and bridges		-		199,164		32,073		167,091
Recreation and culture		-		19,085		3,634		15,451
Health and human services		552,225		1,669,975		1,053,071		616,904
Economic development		-		1,070,907		924,753		146,154
Intergovernmental		-		443,869		457,610		(13,741)
Capital outlay								
Roads and bridges		-		1,366,616		71,487		1,295,129
Solid waste		52,500		-		86,888		(86,888)
Recreation and culture		-		553,824				553,824
Total expenditures		945,532		6,349,411		3,644,521		2,704,890
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(24,758)		(108,972)		(129,919)		(20,947)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_		_		_		_
Transfers in		24,758		183,972		163,244		(20,728)
Transfers out		24,700		(75,000)		(92,191)		(17,191)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	24,758		108,972		71,053		(37,919)
3 (,		,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(= ,= =)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(58,866)		(58,866)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		393,480		393,480		393,480		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	393,480	\$	393,480	\$	334,614	\$	(58,866)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ANIMAL CARE CONTROL DONATIONS

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final udgeted mounts	 Actual	Va	ariance
REVENUES	_	_			<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 16,000	\$ 13,264	\$	(2,736)
Fines and fees	20,000	20,000	18,104		(1,896)
Other revenues	-	-	935		935
Total revenues	20,000	 36,000	32,303		(3,697)
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety	20,000	36,000	38,694		(2,694)
Total expenditures	20,000	36,000	38,694		(2,694)
Deficiency of revenues					
under expenditures	 	 	(6,391)		(6,391)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(6,391)		(6,391)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	129,197	 129,197	 129,197		<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 129,197	\$ 129,197	\$ 122,806	\$	(6,391)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

REVENUES		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance
Intergovernmental	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	82,974	\$	(2,026)
Fines and fees	•	260,000	Ť	260,000	•	278,763	т.	18,763
Other revenues		-		34,747		2,448		(32,299)
Total revenues		345,000		379,747		364,185		(15,562)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety		345,000		345,000		293,873		51,127
Total expenditures		345,000		345,000		293,873		51,127
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures				34,747		70,312		35,565
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out				(34,747)		(34,747)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(34,747)		(34,747)		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		35,565		35,565
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		359,691		359,691		359,691		<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	359,691	\$	359,691	\$	395,256	\$	35,565

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY HOSPITALITY TAX

	E	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	615,000	\$ 615,000	\$ 594,599	\$	(20,401)	
Other revenues		-	-	860		860	
Total revenues		615,000	615,000	595,459		(19,541)	
EXPENDITURES							
General government		-	15,000	8,365		6,635	
Recreation and culture		95,891	80,891	17,365		63,526	
Economic development		124,152	124,152	124,152		-	
Intergovernmental		6,000	6,000	6,000		-	
Total expenditures		226,043	226,043	155,882		70,161	
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		388,957	 388,957	439,577		50,620	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(388,957)	(388,957)	(388,957)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(388,957)	(388,957)	(388,957)			
Net change in fund balance		-	-	50,620		50,620	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		98,470	98,470	98,470			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	98,470	\$ 98,470	\$ 149,090	\$	50,620	

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY ACCOMMODATIONS TAX

	E	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	 /ariance
REVENUES			,	_	_	 _
Taxes	\$	500,915	\$	500,915	\$ 563,987	\$ 63,072
Other revenues		309,049		309,049	 3,278	 (305,771)
Total revenues		809,964		809,964	 567,265	(242,699)
EXPENDITURES						
Roads and bridges		8,112		8,112	6,025	2,087
Recreation and culture		476,150		476,150	463,734	12,416
Intergovernmental		25,702		25,702	25,702	-
Total expenditures		509,964		509,964	495,461	14,503
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		300,000		300,000	 71,804	(228,196)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(300,000)		(300,000)	(300,000)	_
Total other financing uses		(300,000)		(300,000)	(300,000)	-
Net change in fund balance		-		-	(228,196)	(228,196)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		495,536		495,536	 495,536	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	495,536	\$	495,536	\$ 267,340	\$ (228,196)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DEBT SERVICE

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	,	/ariance
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,773,283	\$ 1,773,283	\$ 1,819,000	\$	45,717
Fines and fees	7,100	7,100	14,022		6,922
Other revenues	 <u>-</u>		 7,158		7,158
Total revenues	1,780,383	1,780,383	1,840,180		59,797
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:					
Principal	1,047,353	840,588	465,000		375,588
Interest and fiscal charges	249,528	249,528	249,528		-
Total expenditures	1,296,881	1,090,116	714,528		375,588
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	 483,502	690,267	1,125,652		435,385
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(690,267)	(690,267)	(690,267)		-
Total other financing uses	 (690,267)	(690,267)	(690,267)		-
Net change in fund balance	(206,765)	-	435,385		435,385
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 519,875	519,875	 519,875		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 313,110	\$ 519,875	\$ 955,260	\$	435,385

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL SALES TAX DEBT SERVICE

		Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	\	/ariance
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	4,080,850	\$ 4,080,850	\$ 4,304,496	\$	223,646
Other revenues			 -	 15,112		15,112
Total revenues		4,080,850	4,080,850	4,319,608		238,758
EXPENDITURES Debt service:						
Principal		3,590,000	3,590,000	3,590,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		490,850	 490,850	 490,850		
Total expenditures	-	4,080,850	 4,080,850	 4,080,850		-
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u>-</u>	 	238,758		238,758
Net change in fund balance		-	-	238,758		238,758
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		4,295,262	 4,295,262	4,295,262		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	4,295,262	\$ 4,295,262	\$ 4,534,020	\$	238,758

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DEBT SERVICE NON-GOB

REVENUES	В	Original sudgeted amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance
Other revenues	\$	_	\$	_	\$	404	\$	404
Total revenues	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	404	Ψ	404
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:		070 000		4 405 000		070.000		055.000
Principal		870,632		1,125,632		870,632		255,000
Interest and fiscal charges		55,126		382,479		55,127		327,352
Total expenditures		925,758		1,508,111		925,759		582,352
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(925,758)		(1,508,111)		(925,355)		582,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-		582,353		-		(582,353)
Transfers in		925,758		925,758		925,758		-
Total other financing sources		925,758		1,508,111		925,758		(582,353)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		403		403
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		129,565		129,565		129,565		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	129,565	\$	129,565	\$	129,968	\$	403

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 193,051	\$ 2,257,813	\$ 3,276,120	\$ 1,018,307
Other revenues	1,216,213	 7,767,914	304,750	 (7,463,164)
Total revenues	 1,409,264	 10,025,727	 3,580,870	 (6,444,857)
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	198,861	-	198,861
Public safety	-	720,205	43,478	676,727
Solid waste	-	323,722	4,082	319,640
Recreation and culture	-	6,003	5,035	968
Economic development	-	279,161	678,073	(398,912)
Intergovernmental	-	5,575,266	2,897,848	2,677,418
Capital outlay				
General government	498,503	2,010,435	165,110	1,845,325
Public safety	73,051	17,112,069	7,496,497	9,615,572
Roads and bridges	-	178,068	153,517	24,551
Solid waste	-	1,032,694	800,936	231,758
Recreation and culture	-	5,141,952	3,902,336	1,239,616
Economic development	-	18,479	-	18,479
Total expenditures	571,554	32,596,915	16,146,912	16,450,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 837,710	 (22,571,188)	 (12,566,042)	 10,005,146
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	70,000	114,999	44,999
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	21,320,263	582,353	(20,737,910)
Insurance proceeds	-	-	19,099	19,099
Transfers in	378,503	1,277,833	2,821,012	1,543,179
Transfers out	-	(96,908)	(96,908)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	378,503	22,571,188	3,440,555	(19,130,633)
Net change in fund balance	1,216,213	-	(9,125,487)	(9,125,487)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 31,477,064	 31,477,064	 31,477,064	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 32,693,277	\$ 31,477,064	\$ 22,351,577	\$ (9,125,487)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Sheriff's Seizure Fund - to account for the fund the sheriff derives from search and seizure.

Willow Swamp Water Shed Fund - to account for the resources used for the Willow Swamp water shed.

Law Officer's Memorial Fund - to account for contributions on behalf of law enforcement officials.

Treasurer Fund - to account for receipts and disbursements by the Treasurer that will be disbursed to other entities.

14th Circuit Court Solicitor Fund - to account for receipts and disbursements by the 14th Circuit Solicitor that will be disbursed to other entities.

Delinquent Tax Fund - to account for delinquent taxes collected.

Clerk of Court Fund - to account for child support payments, bonds, restitution, and fines collected by the clerk of court and held in trust for others.

Magistrates Fund - to account for fines collected that have not been disposed of by the court.

Firemen's Fund - represents the receipts and disbursements by the treasurer that will be disbursed to the various fire departments within the county.

Colleton County School Fund - used to account for receipts and disbursements by the treasurer of assets earmarked for the school district.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		June 30, 2017	_	ncreases		Decreases	_	June 30, 2018
Sheriff's Seizure Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u> \$	215,410	\$	41,877	\$	(40,641)	\$	216,646
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	215,410	\$	41,877	\$	(40,641)	\$	216,646
LIABILITIES								
Assets held for others	\$	215,410	\$	41,877		(40,641)	\$	216,646
Total liabilities	\$	215,410	\$	41,877	\$	(40,641)	\$	216,646
Willow Swamp Water Shed Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,910	\$	17,675	\$	-	\$	45,585
Total assets	<u>\$</u> \$	27,910	\$	17,675	\$		\$	45,585
LIABILITIES								
Assets held for others	\$	27,910	\$	17,675	\$	-	\$	45,585
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	27,910	\$	17,675	\$	-	\$	45,585
Law Officer's Memorial Fund ASSETS	<u> </u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	680	\$	2,147	\$	_	\$	2,827
Total assets	\$	680	\$	2,147	\$		\$	2,827
LIABILITIES								
Assets held for others	\$	680	\$	2,147	\$		\$	2,827
Total liabilities	\$	680	\$	2,147	\$	-	\$	2,827
Treasurer Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	255,583	\$	6,479,784	\$	(6,297,148)	\$	438,219
Taxes receivable		1,516		58,968		(59,058)		1,426
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	257,099	\$	6,538,752	\$	(6,356,206)	\$	439,645
LIABILITIES	•	057.000	•	7 000 000	•	(7.047.107)	•	400 04=
Assets held for others	<u>\$</u> \$	257,099	\$	7,999,653	\$	(7,817,107)	\$	439,645
Total liabilities	\$	257,099	\$	7,999,653	\$	(7,817,107)	\$	439,645

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		June 30,						June 30,
		2017		Increases		Decreases		2018
14th Circuit Court Solicitor Fund		2011				200104000		2010
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,799	\$	658,443	\$	(681,971)	\$	11,271
Taxes receivable		862		5,492		(6,354)		-
Total assets	\$	35,661	\$	663,935	\$	(688,325)	\$	11,271
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	314,314	\$	(314,314)	\$	_
Assets held for others	•	35,661	*	663,935	*	(688,325)	*	11,271
Total liabilities	\$	35,661	\$	978,249	\$	(1,002,639)	\$	11,271
Delinquent Tax Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,592,264	\$	10,008,841	\$	(10,255,376)	\$	1,345,729
Total assets	\$	1,592,264	\$	10,008,841	\$	(10,255,376)	\$	1,345,729
LIABILITIES								
Assets held for others	\$	1,592,264	\$	2,992,335	\$	(3,238,870)	\$	1,345,729
Total liabilities	\$	1,592,264	\$	2,992,335	\$	(3,238,870)	\$	1,345,729
Clerk of Court Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	273,471	\$	107,124	\$	(19,241)	\$	361,354
Total assets	\$	273,471	\$	107,124	\$	(19,241)	\$	361,354
LIABILITIES								
Assets held for others	\$	273,471	\$	107,124	\$	(19,241)	\$	361,354
Total liabilities	\$	273,471	\$	107,124	\$	(19,241)	\$	361,354
Magistrate Fund								
ASSETS			_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	93,168	\$	413	\$	(19,660)	\$	73,921
Total assets	\$	93,168	\$	413	\$	(19,660)	\$	73,921
LIABILITIES								
Assets held for others	\$	93,168	\$	413	\$	(19,660)	\$	73,921
Total liabilities	\$	93,168	\$	413	\$	(19,660)	\$	73,921

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Firemonia Fund					
Fireman's Fund ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,036	\$ 141,963	\$ (184,238)	\$ 47,761
Total assets	\$	90,036	\$ 141,963	\$ (184,238)	\$ 47,761
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	40,837	\$ 119,433	\$ (160,159)	\$ 111
Assets held for others		49,199	 141,963	(143,512)	 47,650
Total liabilities	\$	90,036	\$ 261,396	\$ (303,671)	\$ 47,761
Colleton County School Fund					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,293,207	\$ 9,731,980	\$ (11,651,085)	\$ 6,374,102
Total assets	\$ \$	8,293,207	\$ 9,731,980	\$ (11,651,085)	\$ 6,374,102
LIABILITIES					
Assets held for others	\$	8,293,207	\$ 68,642,214	\$ (70,561,319)	\$ 6,374,102
Total liabilities	\$	8,293,207	\$ 68,642,214	\$ (70,561,319)	\$ 6,374,102
Totals					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,876,528	\$ 27,190,247	\$ (29,149,360)	\$ 8,917,415
Taxes receivable		2,378	 64,460	(65,412)	 1,426
Total assets	\$	10,878,906	\$ 27,254,707	\$ (29,214,772)	\$ 8,918,841
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	40,837	\$ 433,747	\$ (474,473)	\$ 111
Assets held for others		10,838,069	80,609,336	(82,528,675)	 8,918,730
Total liabilities	\$	10,878,906	\$ 81,043,083	\$ (83,003,148)	\$ 8,918,841

COMPONENT UNITS

Major Component Units

Component Units are used to account for organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the governmental unit and for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

Fire and Rescue Commission - used to account for programs and activities of the fire and rescue department.

Memorial Library Fund - used to account for programs and activities for the memorial library.

COMPONENT UNIT - FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

	General	De	bt Service	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 157,922	\$	78,061	\$ 235,983
Receivables, net	1,632,109		246,964	1,879,073
Prepaid expenditures	141,072		-	141,072
Total assets	\$ 1,931,103	\$	325,025	\$ 2,256,128
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 197,015	\$	-	\$ 197,015
Accrued payroll and benefits	181,407		-	181,407
Total liabilities	378,422		-	 378,422
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - fees	1,063,549		-	1,063,549
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	289,338		179,449	468,787
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,352,887		179,449	1,532,336
FUND BALANCES				
Unavailable	141,072		-	141,072
Restricted	-		145,576	145,576
Unassigned	 58,722			 58,722
Total fund balances	199,794		145,576	345,370
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	 			
resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,931,103	\$	325,025	\$ 2,256,128

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fire and rescue fund balance:	\$ 345,370
Total life and researchand balance.	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds.	9,222,589
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:	
Property taxes and other special assessments EMS fee receivables 468,787 1,063,549	1,532,336
Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension related experience differences, assumption changes, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions 2,640,012 Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits 5,760	2,645,772
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
General obligation bonds (3,850,000)	
Capital leases (1,904,994)	
Compensated absences (321,020)	
Accrued interest (65,354)	
Net pension liability (10,208,863)	
Total other post employment benefits liability (534,871)	(40.00= 400)
	(16,885,102)
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension related differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (258,465)	
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits (55,039)	 (313,504)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,452,539)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMPONENT UNIT - FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	D	ebt Service	Total
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 3,347,342	\$	2,261,003	\$ 5,608,345
Intergovernmental	3,339,392		-	3,339,392
Fines and fees	1,840,197		-	1,840,197
Other income	 2,291		3,122	 5,413
Total revenues	8,529,222		2,264,125	10,793,347
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	9,260,538		193,050	9,453,588
Capital outlay				
Public safety	122,923		-	122,923
Debt service:				
Principal	-		1,232,845	1,232,845
Interest	 -		160,055	 160,055
Total expenditures	 9,383,461		1,585,950	 10,969,411
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 (854,239)		678,175	 (176,064)
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	80,100		-	80,100
Insurance recoveries	44,751		-	44,751
Transfers in	796,930		-	796,930
Transfers out	-		(796,930)	(796,930)
Total other financing sources (uses)	921,781		(796,930)	124,851
Net change in fund balances	67,542		(118,755)	(51,213)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 132,252		264,331	 396,583
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 199,794	\$	145,576	\$ 345,370

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(51,213)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of the	se	
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense (786,639)		(665,563)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) to decrease net position	is	(199,640)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds:	es	
Property taxes and other special assessments \$ 58,43 EMS fees receivable (1,076,94)		(1,018,511)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows:	s,	
Repayment of the principal of long-term debt		1,232,845
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources are therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting:	not	
Pension liability Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt Other post employment benefits liability \$ (551,08) (17,73) 10,63	88) 89	(609,521)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources ar therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	ıd, <u> </u>	(142,801)
	<u>\$</u>	(1,454,404)

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - FIRE AND RESCUE COMMISSION

REVENUES		Original Budgeted Amounts	_	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance
Taxes	\$	E E00 004	ф	E E00 004	\$	E 600 24E	\$	00 524
	Ф	5,508,821 3,109,958	\$	5,508,821	Ф	5,608,345 3,339,392	Ф	99,524 169,987
Intergovernmental Fines and fees		3,109,956 1,677,825		3,169,405 1,667,480		3,339,392 1,840,197		172,717
Other revenues		5,000		83,838		5,413		(78,425)
Total revenues		10,301,604		10,429,544		10,793,347		363,803
Total revenues		10,301,004		10,429,544		10,793,347		303,003
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety		8,744,114		8,930,320		9,453,588		(523,268)
Capital outlay								
Public safety		140,000		269,717		122,923		146,794
Debt service:								
Principal		1,239,583		1,232,845		1,232,845		-
Interest and fiscal charges		153,317		160,055		160,055		<u>-</u> _
Total expenditures		10,277,014		10,592,937		10,969,411		(376,474)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		24,590		(163,393)		(176,064)		(12,671)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		80,000		80,100		100
Insurance proceeds		1,100		83,393		44,751		(38,642)
Transfers in		596,930		596,930		796,930		200,000
Transfers out		(596,930)		(596,930)		(796,930)		(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,100		163,393		124,851		(38,542)
Net change in fund balance		25,690		-		(51,213)		(51,213)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		396,583		396,583		396,583		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	422,273	\$	396,583	\$	345,370	\$	(51,213)

COMPONENT UNIT - MEMORIAL LIBRARY BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

		General		Special enue Fund	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,147	\$	1,434	\$	99,581	
Receivables, net		5,276		-		5,276	
Prepaid expenditures	<u> </u>	9,192		-		9,192	
Total assets	\$	112,615	\$	1,434	\$	114,049	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	2,510	\$	261	\$	2,771	
Accrued payroll and benefits		9,219		_		9,219	
Unearned revenue		23,681		_		23,681	
Total liabilities		35,410		261		35,671	
FUND BALANCES		_	'				
Unavailable		9,192		-		9,192	
Restricted		-		1,173		1,173	
Unassigned		68,013		-		68,013	
Total fund balances		77,205		1,173		78,378	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			-			· ·	
resources, and fund balances	\$	112,615	\$	1,434	\$	114,049	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MEMORIAL LIBRARY JUNE 30, 2018

	\$ 78,378
Total fire and rescue fund balance:	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds.	370,561
Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension related experience differences, assumption changes, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions 154,808	
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits 3,827	158,635
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated absences (22,572)	
Net pension liability (804,833)	
Total other post employment benfits liability (355,417)	(1,182,822)
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension related differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (9,337)	
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits (36,573)	 (45,910)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (621,158)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMPONENT UNIT - MEMORIAL LIBRARY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Special enue Fund	Total		
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 622,614	\$ 75,000	\$	697,614	
Fines and fees	29,424	-		29,424	
Other income	50,605	90		50,695	
Total revenues	702,643	75,090		777,733	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Recreation and culture	651,589	75,017		726,606	
Capital outlay	20,862	-		20,862	
Total expenditures	672,451	75,017		747,468	
Net change in fund balances	30,192	73		30,265	
Fund balances, beginning of year	47,013	1,100		48,113	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 77,205	\$ 1,173	\$	78,378	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MEMORIAL LIBRARY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 30,265
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activations assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	88,311 (99,579)	(11,268)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrue amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting:	-term debt is not	
Pension liability Compensated absences Other post employment benefits liability	\$ (61,437) 395 (34,117)	(95,159)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	al resources and,	 (8,495)
Other post employment benefits liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial	(34,117)	\$ •

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPONENT UNIT - MEMORIAL LIBRARY

REVENUES		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Sudgeted Amounts		Actual	V:	ariance
Intergovernmental	\$	598,837	\$	702,586	\$	697,614	\$	(4,972)
Fines and fees	Ψ	330,037	Ψ	702,300	Ψ	29,424	Ψ	29,424
Other revenues		-		55,772		50,695		(5,077)
Total revenues		598,837		758,358		777,733		19,375
EXPENDITURES								
Recreation and culture		598,837		732,981		726,606		6,375
Capital outlay		-		25,377		20,862		4,515
Total expenditures		598,837		758,358		747,468		10,890
Net change in fund balance		-		-		30,265		30,265
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		48,113		48,113		48,113		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	48,113	\$	48,113	\$	78,378	\$	30,265

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

FOR THE STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE:

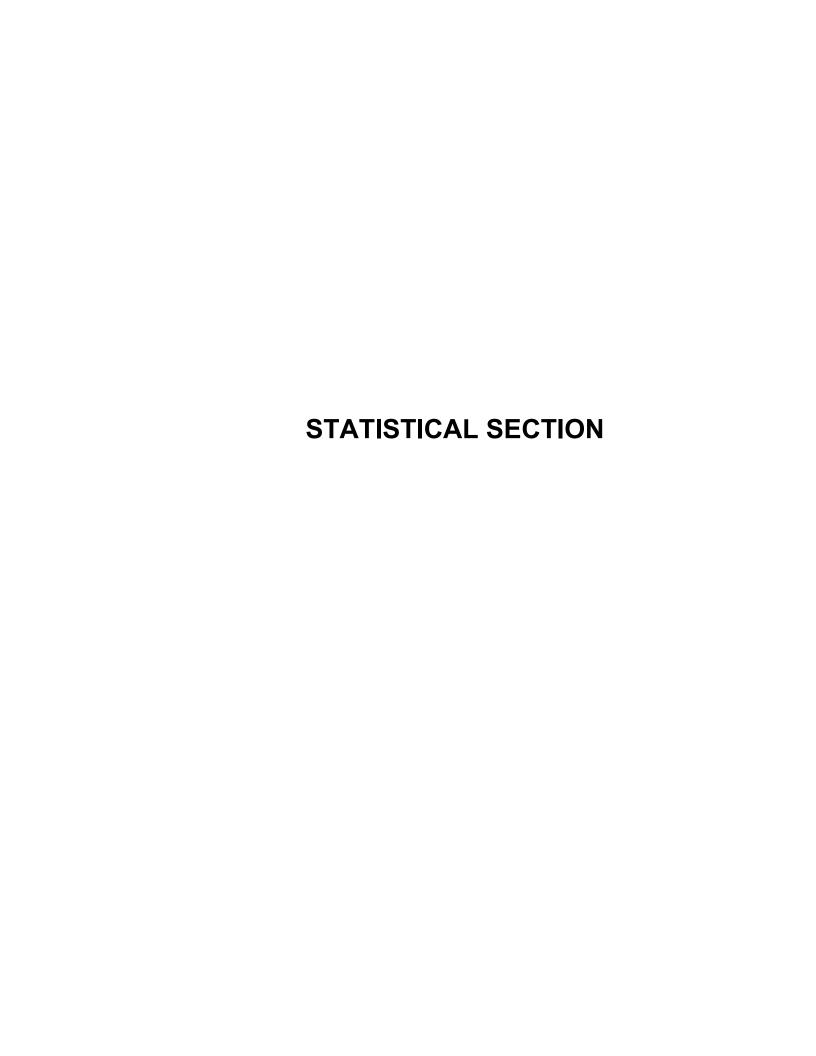
COUNTY / MUNICIPAL FUNDS COLLECTED BY CLERK OF COURT			Magistrate Court				<u>Total</u>
Court Fines and Assessments:							
Court fines and assessments collected	\$	473,082	\$	871,621	N/A	\$	1,344,703
Court fines and assessments remitted to State Treasurer	\$	264,478	\$	445,430	N/A	\$	709,908
Total Court Fines and Assessments retained	\$	208,604	\$	426,191	N/A	\$	634,795
Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services:							
Surcharges collected and retained	\$	14,861	\$	9,600	N/A	\$	24,461
Assessments retained	\$	1,257	\$	32,836	N/A		34,093
Total Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services	\$	16,118	\$	42,436	N/A	\$	58,554

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION (DCVC)

VICTIM SERVICE FUNDS COLLECTED	Municipal	<u>County</u>	<u>Total</u>
Carryforward from Previous Year – Beginning Balance	N/A	\$ 142,602	\$ 142,602
Victim Service Revenue:			
Victim Service Fines Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	-	-
Victim Service Assessments Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	\$ 34,093	\$ 34,093
Victim Service Surcharges Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	\$ 24,461	\$ 24,461
Interest Earned	N/A	\$ 1,095	\$ 1,095
Grant Funds Received			
Grant from:	N/A	-	-
General Funds Transferred to Victim Service Fund	N/A	-	-
Contribution Received from Victim Service Contracts:			
(1) Town of Edisto Beach	N/A	\$ 4,932	\$ 4,932
(2) Town of Cottageville	N/A	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
(3) City of	N/A	-	-
Total Funds Allocated to Victim Service Fund + Beginning Balance (A)	N/A	\$ 217,183	\$ 217,183

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures for Victim Service Program:	<u>Municipal</u>	9	<u>County</u>	<u>Total</u>
Salaries and Benefits	N/A	\$	42,811	\$ 42,811
Operating Expenditures	N/A	\$	24,571	\$ 24,571
Victim Service Contract(s):				
(1) Entity's Name	N/A		-	-
(2) Entity's Name	N/A		-	-
Victim Service Donation(s):				
(1) Domestic Violence Shelter:	N/A		-	-
(2) Rape Crisis Center:	N/A		-	-
(3) Other local direct crime victims service agency:	N/A		-	-
Transferred to General Fund	N/A		-	-
Total Expenditures from Victim Service Fund/Program (B)	N/A	\$	67,382	\$ 67,382
Total Victim Service Funds Retained by Municipal/County Treasurer (A-B)	N/A	\$	149,801	\$ 149,801
Less: Prior Year Fund Deficit Repayment	N/A		-	-
Carryforward Funds – End of Year	N/A	\$	149,801	\$ 149,801



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Colleton County, South Carolina comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Conten	<u>ts</u> <u>Page</u>
Financi	al Trends
Revenu	e Capacity
Debt Ca	apacity
Demog	raphic and Economic Information
Operati	ng Information

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Fisc	al Ye	ear								
	_	2009	 2010	_	2011	_	2012	 2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018
Governmental activities																		
Net investment in capital																		
assets	\$	24,511,294	\$ 26,613,252	\$	30,234,540	\$	28,162,225	\$ 29,208,570	\$	31,257,962	\$	33,464,047	\$	31,778,627	\$	37,187,490	\$	35,243,087
Restricted		7,104,250	8,210,458		8,509,085		10,192,511	8,976,701		10,305,751		9,738,050		17,017,936		12,733,361		14,691,101
Unrestricted		7,260,956	8,282,389		9,942,615		12,627,357	10,997,674		14,202,852		(8,369,151)		(11,885,105)		(9,606,502)		(13,477,153)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	38,876,500	\$ 43,106,099	\$	48,686,240	\$	50,982,093	\$ 49,182,945	\$	55,766,565	\$	34,832,946	\$	36,911,458	\$	40,314,349	\$	36,457,035

Source: County Audit Reports

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

						al Year				
_	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										
Governmental activities: General government	0.040.440	¢ 0.500.000	A 7,000,007	¢ 0.000.400	f 0.470.470	¢ 40.740.447	6 0.044.000	A 0.007.000	¢ 0.040.000	6 0.400.400
+	-,,	\$ 6,593,093	\$ 7,228,887	\$ 8,000,488	\$ 8,178,472	\$ 10,740,147		\$ 9,227,968	\$ 9,810,028	\$ 8,428,469
Judicial Dublic action	2,137,323	1,973,222	5,010,233	4,996,680	4,594,583	4,957,014	5,255,325	5,871,221	6,309,402	6,498,833
Public safety	10,634,142	10,232,152	8,244,482	8,202,681	8,410,210	8,589,140	8,642,672	8,319,638	8,702,190	13,309,631
Roads and bridges Solid waste	2,302,900 2,124,328	1,774,066 1,730,522	2,313,953	2,320,046 2,280,816	2,496,358 2,449,740	4,182,236 2,568,610	4,949,171 2,509,851	6,405,248 2,418,936	2,975,077 2,575,815	3,398,083 3,215,275
Recreation and culture	2,124,326 1,182,007	1,730,522	2,244,813 819,698	1,036,373	1,313,153	1,743,106	2,509,651	2,416,936	2,575,615	3,825,057
Health and human services	1,182,007	1,285,985	1,818,338	1,036,373	1,313,153	1,743,106	2,906,984 1,928,313	2,627,302 1,908,438	2,927,170 1,888,520	2,392,807
Economic development	637,276	259,688	380,812	2,027,728	3,373,628	1,569,363	1,568,862	1,650,684	1,377,821	11,530,791
Intergovernmental	262,917	250,113	3,485,734	3,130,391	3,360,676	3,661,372	3,836,524	5,590,873	9,763,973	704 700
Interest and fiscal changes	740,453	3,422,305	655,432	560,225	500,152	437,611	469,185	895,063	759,085	704,723
Totals expenses	27,840,419	28,605,975	32,202,382	34,228,172	36,466,771	40,373,973	40,878,087	44,915,371	47,089,081	53,303,669
Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	594,443	461,919	434,053	407,482	483,659	568,195	531,064	1,231,180	1,407,234	1,547,365
Judicial	354,456	845,808	3,052,629	2,852,878	2,769,668	1,159,451	1,117,461	1,058,359	1,090,259	1,004,415
Public safety	1,342,620	149,508	512,453	352,108	364,705	357,982	342,051	282,939	296,497	1,234,198
Roads and bridges	762,092	979,340	913,889	964,525	1,015,102	911,965	895,833	934,318	1,071,442	1,031,641
Solid waste	399,346	1,106,419	1,443,781	1,150,138	1,636,460	1,737,436	1,802,512	2,071,414	2,150,225	2,035,603
Recreation and culture	3,570	.,,	160,145	175,987	210,835	330,566	326,236	464,510	500,940	987,145
Health and human services		139,036	708,738	725,761	627,354	633,729	33,107	25,911	40,276	39,191
Economic development	_	295,251	-		-	1,541,360	677,045		-	,
Operating grants and contributions	1,561,311	3,225,446	2,049,525	2,102,187	3,073,637	9,860,851	8,629,703	11,726,799	12,448,200	9,796,813
Capital grants and contributions	440,452	621,186	3,181,056	1,438,292	-,,	-	4,473,000	-	-,,	315,071
General revenues	,	,	-,,	.,,			,,,			2.2,2.
Taxes	23,190,793	22,999,176	23,662,008	24,538,580	22,956,394	21,029,359	21,343,703	27,045,537	28,691,017	29,319,480
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific progra		1,755,788	1,419,929	1,197,122	1,430,665	1,436,657	1,445,663	1,875,873	1,508,783	2,577,176
Interest and investment earnings	132,325	52,452	89,429	79,474	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	47,202	108,356	24,912	311,507	271.784	438,004	428,830	724,951	1,287,099	638,280
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	45,728	95,889	129,976	227,984	66,667	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in (out)	-	-	-	-	(52,796)	90,713	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	31,049,324	32,835,574	37,782,523	36,524,025	34,854,134	40,096,268	42,046,208	47,441,791	50,491,972	50,526,378
Change in net position	3,208,905	4,229,599	5,580,141	2,295,853	(1,612,637)	(277,705)	1,168,121	2,526,420	3,402,891	(2,777,291)
Net position - beginning	35,667,595	38,876,500	43,106,099	48,686,240	50,982,093	49,182,945	55,766,565	34,832,946	36,911,458	40,314,349
Prior period adjustment	,,	,,500	,,		(186,511)	6,861,325	(22,101,740)	(447,908)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1,080,023)
Net position - ending \$	38,876,500	\$ 43,106,099	\$ 48,686,240	\$ 50,982,093	\$ 49,182,945	\$ 55,766,565	\$ 34,832,946	\$ 36,911,458	\$ 40,314,349	\$ 36,457,035

Source: County Audit Reports

Note 1: Net position was restated at June 30, 2015 for GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Note 2: Net position was restated at June 30, 2018 for GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

										Fisca	l Yea	ar								
		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund																				
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,442	\$	6,718	\$	6,076	\$	14,004	\$	10,534	\$	11,570	\$	3,333	\$	258,279
Restricted		7,092		2,592		-		204,307		2,101		362,911		363,272		363,636		364,000		797,00
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		219,674		
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		695,942		893,097		968,193		199,057		
Unassigned		8,947,550		7,433,900		8,735,361		8,975,864		7,921,046		5,981,162		5,746,897		7,085,015		7,739,608		8,158,08
Total General Fund	<u>\$</u>	8,954,642	\$	7,436,492	\$	8,737,803	\$	9,186,889	\$	7,929,223	\$	7,054,019	\$	7,013,800	\$	8,428,414	\$	8,525,672	\$	9,213,37
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND CAPTIAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND																				
Nonspendable	\$	2,737,489	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Total Economic Development and	Ψ	2,737,403	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Captial Improvements Fund	\$	2,737,489	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
		, ,																	-	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND																				
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,700,933	\$	2,922,238	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		5,214,418		4,954,705		10,170,294		4,504,276		5,478,47
Committed		-						-				4,221,199		34,062,547		29,554,382		26,972,788		16,873,10
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,136,550	\$	41,939,490	\$	39,724,676	\$	31,477,064	\$	22,351,57
2005 BOND FUND																				
Nonspendable	\$	1,061	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total 2005 Bond Fund	\$	1,061	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
		<u> </u>																		
ALL OTHER GOVERMENTAL FUNDS																				
Nonspendable	\$	369,375	\$	1,825,429	\$	4,752,641	\$	4,338,743	\$	7,728,952	\$	2,027,489	\$	1,497,835	\$	6,484,006	\$	7,865,085	\$	22,39
Restricted		348,042		356,323		722,624		1,873,050		3,136,266		1,238,084		831,384		573,094		594,006		8,415,62
Committed		-		-		-		-		567,675		38,487		-		-		-		416,43
Assigned		4,925,295		6,346,099		4,896,457		6,193,164		162,302		1,811,461		1,625,160		1,485,895		1,503,575		1,136,94
Total All Other Govermental Funds	\$	5,642,712	\$	8,527,851	\$	10,371,722	\$	12,404,957	\$	11,595,195	\$	5,115,521	\$	3,954,379	\$	8,542,995	\$	9,962,666	\$	9,991,39

Source: County Audit Reports

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						al Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 23,256,592	\$ 23,859,750	\$ 24,966,426	\$ 25,323,266	\$ 23,885,157	\$ 21,090,421	\$ 21,299,184	\$ 27,396,764	\$ 28,629,297	\$ 29,130,415
Licenses and permits	156,842	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and fees	2,839,939	2,223,421	2,474,493	2,021,074	7,107,783	7,212,428	10,075,366	13,602,672	13,956,983	6,465,956
Intergovernmental	3,985,122	4,684,025	6,748,815	6,266,017	4,504,302	11,297,508	5,811,340	6,030,559	6,516,583	13,534,245
Interest	132,442	97,238	89,338	79,470	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	298,610	139,684	124,420	515,179	173,666	300,227	302,635	627,055	1,239,266	1,121,298
Total revenues	30,669,547	31,004,118	34,403,492	34,205,006	35,670,908	39,900,584	37,488,525	47,657,050	50,342,129	50,251,914
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	6,292,313	7,865,398	6,756,544	7,344,982	7,688,345	10,293,376	8,357,765	8,705,075	9,233,056	8,462,845
Judicial	1,695,299	1,962,697	2,344,951	2,122,867	4,157,881	4,456,189	4,658,249	5,275,752	5,679,392	6,007,996
Public safety	9,763,712	9,335,109	7,345,678	7,440,052	7,468,560	7,723,408	7,668,476	7,348,907	7,713,186	8,122,142
Roads and bridges	1,649,944	2,711,965	1,608,064	1,655,724	1,833,460	3,466,507	4,257,082	5,644,622	2,096,123	1,751,263
Solid waste	1,850,461	1,750,312	1,917,542	1,972,315	2,156,449	2,240,650	2,208,389	2,127,950	2,256,218	2,585,498
Recreation and culture	1,179,546	758,729	761,261	872,178	1,055,271	1,300,883	2,462,699	2,038,864	2,329,422	2,163,441
Health and human services	1,320,906	1,109,046	1,002,283	833,863	1,674,861	1,794,798	1,797,883	1,780,141	1,751,754	1,875,826
Economic development	622,021	2,844,242	235,493	1,864,496	3,101,594	1,097,322	1,110,361	1,186,504	902,674	1,986,024
Intergovernmental	218,773	3,227,967	3,441,590	6,006,861	3,360,676	3,661,372	3,836,524	5,590,873	9,763,973	7,560,938
Capital outlay:	2,996,675	63,109	5,424,846	5,315,933	3,082,720	3,332,868	7,569,037	3,178,051	11,689,652	13,281,825
Debt service:	2,330,013	03,103	3,424,040	3,313,333	3,002,720	3,332,000	7,505,057	3,170,031	11,003,032	13,201,020
Principal	1,927,818	1,632,045	2,347,982	5,325,472	2,246,834	2,294,878	2,528,493	2,286,585	4,860,166	4,925,632
Interest	763,115	675,223	676,249	388,136	536,892	466,532	393,567	768,914	854,370	795,505
Total expenditures	30,280,583	33,935,842	33,862,483	41,142,879	38,363,543	42,128,783	46,848,525	45,932,238	59,129,986	59,518,935
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	388,964	(2,931,724)	541,009	(6,937,873)	(2,692,635)	(2,228,199)	(9,360,000)	1,724,812	(8,787,857)	(9,267,021
Other financing sources (uses)	300,304	(2,331,724)	341,003	(0,337,073)	(2,032,033)	(2,220,133)	(3,300,000)	1,724,012	(0,707,037)	(3,207,02
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	18,492	9,441	39,330	53,082	66,667	90,713	46,578	184,544	_	143,459
Issuance of debt	10,492	1,462,500	2,452,446	6,519,794	00,007	90,713	33,362,384	5,395,000	2,000,000	582,353
Donation of capital asset	-	1,402,500	2,432,440	0,519,794	-	-	4,473,000	5,395,000	2,000,000	362,333
•	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,473,000 7,411	-	-	
Legal settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,411	- 	-	
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,278	-	
Payment to refund bond escrow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,710,000)	-	
Gain/loss on sale of asset	-	-	-	477.040	-	407.777	70.000	5,295	-	100.05
Insurance proceeds	31,343	87,372	112,399	177,318	98,118	137,777	72,206	137,487	57,074	132,25
Transfers in	4,263,137	7,601,471	6,420,790	9,559,323	4,251,121	6,220,775	4,255,156	8,423,212	6,530,977	6,401,391
Transfers out	(4,263,137)	(7,600,621)	(6,420,789)	(9,559,323)	(4,303,917)	(6,220,775)	(4,255,156)	(8,423,212)	(6,530,977)	(6,401,39
Total other financing sources	49,835	1,560,163	2,604,176	6,750,194	111,989	228,490	37,961,579	2,063,604	2,057,074	858,063
Net change in fund balances	438,799	(1,371,561)	3,145,185	(187,679)	(2,580,646)	(1,999,709)	28,601,579	3,788,416	(6,730,783)	(8,408,958
Other changes in fund balance	-	-	-	2,669,997	513,218	6,781,381	-	-	-	
Fund balances, beginning	16,897,105	17,335,904	15,964,343	19,109,528	21,591,846	19,524,418	24,306,090	52,907,669	56,696,085	49,965,302
Fund balances, Ending	\$ 17,335,904	\$ 15,964,343	\$ 19,109,528	\$ 21,591,846	\$ 19,524,418	\$ 24,306,090	\$ 52,907,669	\$ 56,696,085	\$ 49,965,302	\$ 41,556,344
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	9.9%	6.8%	10.6%	15.9%	7.9%	7.1%	7.4%	7.1%	12.0%	12.49
or noncapital experiolities	9.9%	0.8%	10.6%	15.9%	1.9%	1.1%	1.4%	1.1%	12.0%	12.49

Source: County Audit Reports

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Ass	essed Value			_			Total				
Fiscal Year	ear Property Pr		Personal Property		Total	Real Otal Property			Personal Property		Total	_	Direct Tax Rate	
2009	\$	129,036,420	\$	40,735,379	\$	169,771,799	\$	1,965,699,616	\$	607,984,487	\$	2,573,684,103		116.20
2010		123,603,434		41,435,519		165,038,953		2,977,709,647	**	608,617,821	**	3,586,327,468 *	*	116.20
2011		135,718,521	*	43,267,945	*	178,986,466	*	4,946,871,251		640,058,358		5,586,929,609		113.27
2012		127,313,207		44,104,392		171,417,599		3,677,625,787		561,477,710		4,239,103,497		115.86
2013		124,529,285		45,681,967		170,211,252		3,677,288,314		577,742,213		4,255,030,527		115.86
2014		124,290,470		46,322,848		170,613,318		3,675,411,178		542,309,703		4,217,720,881		115.86
2015		124,833,360		38,508,140		163,341,500		3,743,314,532		459,532,616		4,202,847,148		115.86
2016		125,463,400		41,403,580		166,866,980		3,792,357,210		512,687,036		4,305,044,246		125.05
2017		126,695,930		44,408,120		171,104,050		3,848,082,492		548,235,970		4,396,318,462		125.05
2018		130,485,880		45,527,140		176,013,020		3,997,547,588		562,409,403		4,559,956,991		125.05

^{*} Reassessment Year.

Source: County Auditor

^{**} Computer error generated values in excess of actual values.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		County Direct Rates				Overlapp	ing Rates		
Fiscal Year	County Operations	County Debt	Total Direct Rate	School Operations	School Debt Service	County Fire Protection	County Fire Debt Service	Town of Edisto Beach	City of Walterboro
2009	104.20	12.00	116.20	104.38	46.50	29.84	20.50	18.00	83.00
2010	107.50	8.70	116.20	104.38	46.50	29.84	20.50	18.81	83.00
2011	105.86	7.41	113.27	101.83	46.50	29.61	20.69	18.65	77.00
2012	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	30.54	20.69	19.53	79.00
2013	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	33.56	17.67	19.53	79.46
2014	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	33.56	17.67	20.23	88.00
2015	108.45	7.41	115.86	104.31	46.50	33.56	17.67	20.23	88.00
2016	114.81	10.24	125.05	110.42	46.50	33.56	22.66	20.23	88.00
2017	114.81	10.24	125.05	110.42	49.50	33.36	22.66	20.71	88.00
2018	114.81	10.24	125.05	110.42	49.50	33.56	22.66	23.44	86.40

Source: County Auditor

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2018				2009	
Customer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	,	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
South Carolina Electric and Gas	\$ 8,954,160	1	5.23%	\$	N/A	-	N/A
Coastal Electric Coop	2,915,730	2	1.70%		N/A	-	N/A
Walterboro Community Hospital	1,006,880	3	0.59%		N/A	-	N/A
CSX Transportation, Inc.	917,350	4	0.54%		N/A	-	N/A
Central Electric Power Coop	827,660	5	0.48%		N/A	-	N/A
Walmart Real Estate Business Trust	735,000	6	0.43%		N/A	-	N/A
Cherokee Plantation Owners, Inc	569,676	7	0.33%		N/A	-	N/A
JH Hiers Construction, LLC	441,480	8	0.26%		N/A	-	N/A
Dayco Products, LLC	434,200	9	0.25%		N/A	-	N/A
Walterboro/SAV LLC	391,800	10	0.23%		N/A	-	N/A
	\$ 17,193,936		10.05%	\$	-		-

Source: County Auditor

N/A - Information is not available

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS **LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

84.55%

96.23%

92.85%

93.34%

94.48%

86.25%

	ed within the ar of the Levy				
	-	C	Collections	Total Collection	ons to Date
Amount	rcentage of Levy	in :	Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
39,783,212	\$ 87.74%	\$	1,284,317	\$ 41,067,529	90.57%
42,885,742	97.29%		1,157,894	44,043,636	99.92%
40,532,303	86.74%		1,582,450	42,114,753	90.13%
44,705,792	94.88%		2,270,821	46,976,613	99.70%

45,803,266

47,070,764

14,613,659

16,222,118

17,179,334

17,430,046

87.91%

98.06%

98.80%

98.42%

86.25%

101.63%

1,751,253

878,584

880,013

836,779

1,208,496

N/A

Source: Delinquent Tax Collector, County Finance Office, County Auditor, County Treasurer.

Amount

44,052,013

46,192,180

13,733,646

15,385,339

15,970,838

17,430,046

\$

Note 1 - All figures up to 2014 unclude County, Fire & Rescue, and School District.

Taxes Levied

for the

Fiscal Year

45,342,652

44,078,603

46,726,207

47,115,937

52,100,048

48,000,778

14,791,090

16,482,359

16,903,737

20,208,055

\$

Note 2 - County only in 2015

Fiscal

Year

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

^{*} Reassessment year.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bond	Notes Payable	 Leases Payable	 Special Revenue Bond	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Capital er Capita
2009	\$ 7,958,135	\$ 1,117,283	\$ 854,433	\$ 5,008,967	\$ 14,938,818	14.00%	\$ 384.39
2010	7,006,936	976,468	1,751,957	4,546,844	14,282,205	12.99%	367.23
2011	5,985,601	829,807	3,555,466	4,063,349	14,434,223	12.75%	375.61
2012	8,206,240	677,062	2,109,152	5,033,701	16,026,155	13.80%	420.05
2013	7,280,000	517,977	1,526,344	4,455,000	13,779,321	11.57%	361.16
2014	6,110,000	352,290	932,153	4,090,000	11,484,443	9.44%	295.29
2015	35,012,627	1,059,759	2,535,947	3,710,000	42,318,333	33.86%	1,120.39
2016	38,989,949	880,032	1,854,089	-	41,724,070	33.39%	1,105.83
2017	35,440,618	880,032	2,473,965	-	38,794,615	31.18%	1,022.98
2018	31,897,356	880,032	1,603,291	-	34,380,679	2.66%	914.11

Source: County Audit Report, US Census Bureau

Note 1: Details of the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note 2: The ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year. See Schedule 14 for personal income and population.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED BEDT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	A	ss Amounts vailable in ebt Service Funds	_	Total	Percentage of Estimated Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2009	\$ 7,958,135	\$	1,228,570	\$	6,729,565	4.0%	\$ 173
2010	7,006,936		1,449,169		5,557,767	3.4%	143
2011	5,985,601		1,424,537		4,561,064	2.5%	119
2012	8,206,240		800,657		7,405,583	4.3%	194
2013	7,280,000		1,031,180		6,248,820	3.7%	164
2014	6,110,000		919,745		5,190,255	3.0%	133
2015	35,012,627		411,973		34,600,654	21.2%	916
2016	38,989,949		5,496,753		33,493,196	20.1%	888
2017	35,440,618		6,325,794		29,114,824	17.0%	768
2018	31,897,356		7,010,933		24,886,423	14.1%	662

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Colleton County School District	\$ 80,191,607	100.00%	\$ 80,191,607
Fire and Rescue Commission	5,748,353	100.00%	5,748,353
City of Walterboro	2,108,633	100.00%	2,108,633
Town of Edisto Beach	2,262,000	100.00%	2,262,000
Subtotal overlapping debt	90,310,593		90,310,593
County direct debt	34,380,679	100.00%	34,380,679
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 124,691,272		\$ 124,691,272

Source: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentage provided by Colleton County Auditor.

Note: Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year ^a							
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Debt limit	\$ 13,581,744	\$ 13,203,116	\$ 9,855,492	\$ 10,068,526	\$ 10,536,276	\$ 13,649,065	\$ 13,067,320 \$	13,349,358	\$ 13,688,324	\$ 14,081,042
Total net debt applicable to limit	7,958,135	7,006,936	5,985,601	8,206,240	7,280,000	6,110,000	4,740,000 *	8,758,832	8,301,301	8,416,034
Legal debt margin	\$ 5,623,609	\$ 6,196,180	\$ 3,869,891	\$ 1,862,286	\$ 3,256,276	\$ 7,539,065	\$ 8,327,320	4,590,526	\$ 5,387,023	\$ 5,665,008
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	58.59%	53.07%	60.73%	81.50%	69.09%	44.76%	36.27%	65.61%	60.65%	59.77%
		Legal Debt Ma Total assessed	rgin Calculation for value	Fiscal Year 2017						\$ 176,013,020
		Debt limit (8% o	of assessed value)							14,081,042
		Debt applicable	e to limit:							8,416,034
		Legal debt mar	gin							\$ 5,665,008

Note: Under State finance law, the County's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 8 percent of the total assessed property value.

Source: County Audit Reports, County Auditor

^{*} Excludes \$29,700,000 Bond Series 2015 because voter approval was obtained for the issuance of the bonds.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Debt Service Collections	!	Principal	 Interest	Coverage
2009	\$ 743,473	\$	451,800	\$ 286,474	1.01
2010	1,201,376		462,124	276,150	1.63
2011	1,225,389 *		483,495 *	254,779 *	1.66
2012	1,287,061		302,537	22,783	3.96
2013	1,361,755		578,701	218,444	1.71
2014	1,266,976		365,000	186,708	2.30
2015	1,253,752		1,370,000	172,260	0.81
2016	5,487,307		1,425,000	573,371	2.75
2017	6,003,018		3,480,000	801,890	1.40
2018	6,159,788		4,055,000	740,378	1.28

Source: County Auditor

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	•	Personal Income thousands of dollars)	 Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate Percentage
2009	38,864	\$	1,067,388	\$ 27,465	N/A	5,968	14.40%
2010	38,892		1,099,299	28,251	40.7	5,991	13.40%
2011	38,429		1,131,725	29,311	41.3	5,872	13.90%
2012	38,153		1,161,213	30,436	41.7	5,885	12.20%
2013	38,153		1,190,505	31,505	N/A	5,830	10.80%
2014	38,892		1,216,892	31,289	40.7	5,763	7.70%
2015	37,771		1,249,641	33,120	40.0	5,713	7.50%
2016	37,731		1,249,641	33,120	41.5	6,545	6.10%
2017	37,923		1,244,027	32,804	43.0	6,889	4.80%
2018	37,611		1,292,389	34,362	42.5	6,799	4.20%

Source: (1) US Census Bureau

(2) S.C. Department of Employment and Workforce

(3) S.C. Department of Education N/A - Information is not available

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2009				
Employer	FTE Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	FTE Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Colleton County School District	900	1	5.5%	N/A	-	N/A
Colleton County Government	522	2	3.2%	N/A	-	N/A
Colleton Medical Center	420	3	2.6%	N/A	-	N/A
Walmart	300	4	1.8%	N/A	-	N/A
City of Walterboro	115	5	0.7%	N/A	-	N/A
Cracker Barrel	107	6	0.7%	N/A	-	N/A
Carolina Visuals, LLC	90	7	0.6%	N/A	-	N/A
Rockford Manufacturing	75	8	0.5%	N/A	-	N/A
Palmetto Rural Telephone Cooperative	70	9	0.4%	N/A	-	N/A
Crescent Dairy and Beverages, LLC	60	10	0.4%	N/A	-	N/A
Total of Top Ten Employees	2,659		16.3%			

Source: County Economic Development Department.

N/A - Information is not available.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General Government	88.5	81.5	87.5	85.5	93.0	77.0	76.5	84.0	79.0	78.0
Judical	20.0	19.5	20.0	20.0	18.5	58.0	55.0	78.0	80.5	74.0
Public Safety	135.0	134.5	132.5	133.0	132.0	116.0	103.0	135.0	144.5	115.0
Roads and Bridges	28.5	28.5	28.5	27.5	27.5	17.0	15.0	25.0	24.0	23.0
Solid Waste	14.5	14.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	12.0	23.5	44.0	31.2	14.5
Recreation and Culture	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	9.0	13.0	15.0	28.0	23.0	19.0
Health and Human Services	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	6.0	17.0	6.5	5.0
Economic Development	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Alcohol and Drug	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	9.0	8.5	11.0	8.0	9.0
Library	1.5	1.5	2.5	4.0	5.0	10.0	12.5	16.0	12.8	10.0
Fire and Rescue	69.0	69.0	77.0	75.5	77.5	76.0	77.5	82.0	78.0	83.0
Total	380.00	372.00	386.50	385.00	392.00	392.00	394.50	522.00	489.50	432.50

Source: County Human Resource Department.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							0040		
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government	N/A									
Judicial	N/A									
Public Safety EMS Transports	N/A 4,325	N/A 5,823	N/A 5,725	N/A 6,170	N/A 6,137	N/A 6,542	N/A 6,749	N/A 7,358	N/A 7,416	N/A 7,523
Roads and Bridges	N/A									
Solid Waste	N/A									
Recreation and Culture	N/A									
Health and Human Services	N/A									
Economic Development	N/A									

N/A - Information is not available. Schedule is currently a work in progress and will be updated in subsequent years as information becomes available.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal `	Year				
Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Recreation and Culture										
Communty Centers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	13	13	13	13	14
Recreation Complex	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Cource	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	1	1	1	1
Emergency Services										
Number of Fire Stations	30	30	30	30	33	34	34	34	34	34
Number of Fire Trucks	106	105	108	109	119	106	106	115	103	119
Number of Ambulances	10	10	10	11	12	12	12	16	11	14
Streets and Highways										
Miles of Roads	N/A	347.8	347.8	347.8	347.8	362.7	362.7	362.7	362.7	352.7
Colletion Sites	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	15	15
Sheriff										
Patrol Units	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	92	96	88
Health, Education and Welfare										
County Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3
Book Mobiles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Sources: County Engineering, Fleet, and Facilities

N/A - Information is not available.



COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 AR20260 \$ 6.534 \$	Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Sub-Recipient	
Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 AR20260 \$6.534 \$ Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 AR20260 191.230	U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Child and Adult Care Food Program	Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services					
Passed through S.C. Department of Education Office of Health & Nutrition Children	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	AR20260	\$ 6,534	\$ -	
Passed through S.C. Department of Education Office of Health & Nutrition Child Nutrition Cluster Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 SF-6388 154.108 Total 10.559 SF-6388 154.108 SECONDAIN OF SF-6388	Child and Adult Care Food Program		AR20260			
Child Nutrition Cluster Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 SF-8388 336.665		Total 10.558		191,230	<u> </u>	
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 SF-6388 154.108 - Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 682.003 -	·					
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	SF-6388	336,665	-	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	SF-6388	154,108		
Direct Economic Development Cluster EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance 11.307 04-79-07083 737,559 -		Total 10.559		490,773	<u> </u>	
Direct Economic Development Cluster EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance 11.307	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			682,003		
Economic Development Cluster	U.S. Department of Commerce:					
EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance	Direct					
Total U.S. Department of Commerce 737,5589 -	Economic Development Cluster					
Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments 93.563 C70015C-4 14.270 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Sheriff's Department 93.563 C70061C-3 7,326 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 93.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 205,212 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.2193.563 C70015C-3 205,212 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70.0193.563 C70015C-3 70.2193.563 70.2193.563 70.2193.563 70.2193.563 70.2193.563 70.2193.	EDA Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	04-79-07083	737,559	-	
Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments 93.563 C70015C-4 14,270 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Sheriffs Department 93.563 C70061C-3 7,326 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 93.563 C70015C-3 183.616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70tal 93.563 C70015C-3 183.616 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 70tal 93.563 C70015C-3 C70	Total U.S. Department of Commerce			737,559		
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments 93.563 C70015C-4 14,270 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Sheriff's Department 93.563 C70061C-3 7,326 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 93.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Total 93.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Total 93.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - Total 93.563 C70015C-3	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Sheriff's Department 93.563 C70061C-3 7,326 - Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 93.563 C70015C-3 183,616 - C70015C-3 C70015C-	Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services					
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court 93.563 C70015C-3 183.616 - 1 - 205,212 - 2	Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments	93.563	C70015C-4	14,270	-	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 205,212 -	Child Support Enforcement IV-D Sheriff's Department				-	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 205,212 -	Child Support Enforcement IV-D Family Court		C70015C-3		-	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 97.036 029-99029-00 724,853 - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 97.036 029-99029-00 66,368 - Total 97.036 791,221 - Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 17EMPG01 41,922 - Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 16EMPG01 7,495 - Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 840,638 - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grants 14,228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14,228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 - Total 14,228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 -		Total 93.563		205,212	<u>-</u>	
Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 97.036 029-99029-00 724,853 - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 97.036 029-99029-00 66,368 - Total 97.036 791,221 - Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 17EMPG01 41,922 - Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 16EMPG01 7,495 - Total 97.042 49,417 - Total 97.042 49,417 - Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 -	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			205,212		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 97.036 029-99029-00 724,853 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	U.S. Department of Homeland Security:					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 97.036 29-99029-00 66,368 -	Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency					
Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	029-99029-00	724,853	-	
Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency 97.042 17EMPG01 41,922 - Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 16EMPG01 7,495 - Total 97.042 49,417 - Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 840,638 - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 7,073 -	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	029-99029-00	66,368		
Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 17EMPG01 41,922 -		Total 97.036		791,221		
Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 17EMPG01 41,922 -	Passed through S.C. Emergency Management Agency					
Total 97.042 49,417 - Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 840,638 - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-CI-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 27,073 -	Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	17EMPG01	41,922	-	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-CI-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 27,073 -	Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	16EMPG01	7,495		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 Total 14.228 27,073 -		Total 97.042		49,417		
Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce: 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-CI-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 7-073 -	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			840,638		
Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-NR-16-002 12,000 - Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-Cl-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 27,073 -	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:					
Community Development Block Grants 14.228 4-CI-15-009 15,073 - Total 14.228 27,073 -	Passed through S. C. Department of Commerce:					
Total 14.228 27,073 -	Community Development Block Grants		4-NR-16-002	12,000	-	
	Community Development Block Grants		4-CI-15-009			
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development 27,073 -		Total 14.228		27,073	-	
	Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			27,073	<u>-</u>	

COLLETON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through Entity			
Pass-through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Federal		
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Sub-Recipient	
U.S. Department of Justice:					
Direct	40.000	N1/A	4 000 000		
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	\$ 260,323	\$ -	
	Total 16.922		260,323		
Passed through S.C. Department of Public Safety					
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	1K16035	83,500	_	
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	1K17005	98,536	_	
Tooloo Figuro Tooloo Figuro	Total 16.588		182,036	-	
Direct					
Direct State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2016-AP-BX-0378	916	-	
State Criminal Files Free Free Free Free Free Free Free Fr	Total 16.606	2010711 271 0010	916		
Direct					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	4,919		
	Total 16.607		4,919		
Total U.S. Department of Justice			448,194		
U. S. Department of Transportation:					
Direct					
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-45-0057-016-2017	27,239	27,239	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-45-0057-015-2016	384,610	384,610	
	Total 20.106		411,849	411,849	
Passed through S.C. Department of Public Safety					
Highway Safety Cluster					
State and Community Highway Safety Grant	20.600	PT-2018-HS-34-18	107,533	-	
State and Community Highway Safety Grant	20.600	PT-2017-HS-34-17	27,773	-	
State and Seminarity ringiniary salety Static	Total 20.600	20	135,306		
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			547,155	411,849	
U.S. Institute of Museum Library Services					
•					
Passed through S. C. State Library Grants to States	45.310	HHC-18-05	5,028	_	
C.a.i.o to States	Total 45.310	1110 10 00	5,028		
Total U.S. Institute of Museum Library Services			5,028		
•					
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,492,862	\$ 411,849	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Measurement Focus

The determination of when an award is expended is based on when the activity related to the award occurred.

Program Type Determination

Type A programs are defined as federal programs with federal expenditures exceeding the larger of \$750,000 or three percent of total federal expenditures. The threshold of \$750,000 was used in distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs.

Method of Major Program Selection

The risk based approach was used in the selection of federal programs to be tested as major programs. The County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

De-Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the County did not use the de-Minimis indirect cost rate.

Subrecipients

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the County passed through funds received from the U.S Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Grant to the Colleton County Airport Commission that were used to layout and plan for apron design and repair study.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Colleton County Council of Colleton County Walterboro, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Colleton County**, **South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Colleton County, South Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Colleton County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. Our report also includes a reference to the change in accounting principles resulting from the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as of July 1, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Columbia, South Carolina December 17, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Colleton County Council of Colleton County Walterboro, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Colleton County**, **South Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Columbia, South Carolina December 17, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued		Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	X No			
Significant deficiencies identified not						
considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	X None Reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	_X_No			
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	X No			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be n	naterial weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	programs	Unmodified	i			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be repo	orted in					
accordance with the Uniform Guidance?		Yes	_X_No			
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Progr	am or Cluste	<u>er</u>			
97.036	U.S. Department of Ho	meland Sec	curity – Passed Through			
11.307	• •	•	gency – Disaster Grant e – EDA Economic			
	Adjustment Assistand	ce				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and	d Type B programs:	\$750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	X No			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SECTION III
FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SECTION IV
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None reported.